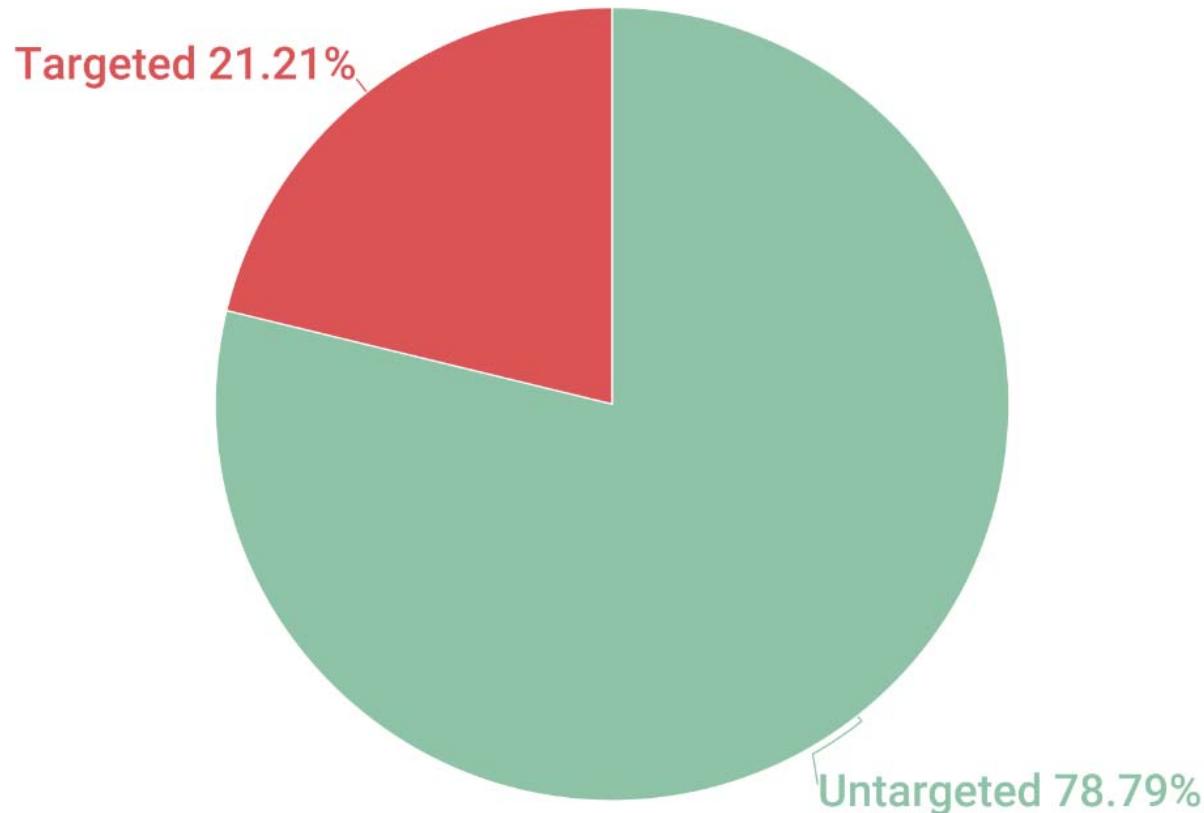


Thermo Fisher
SCIENTIFIC

Metabolomica e Lipidomica Untarget,

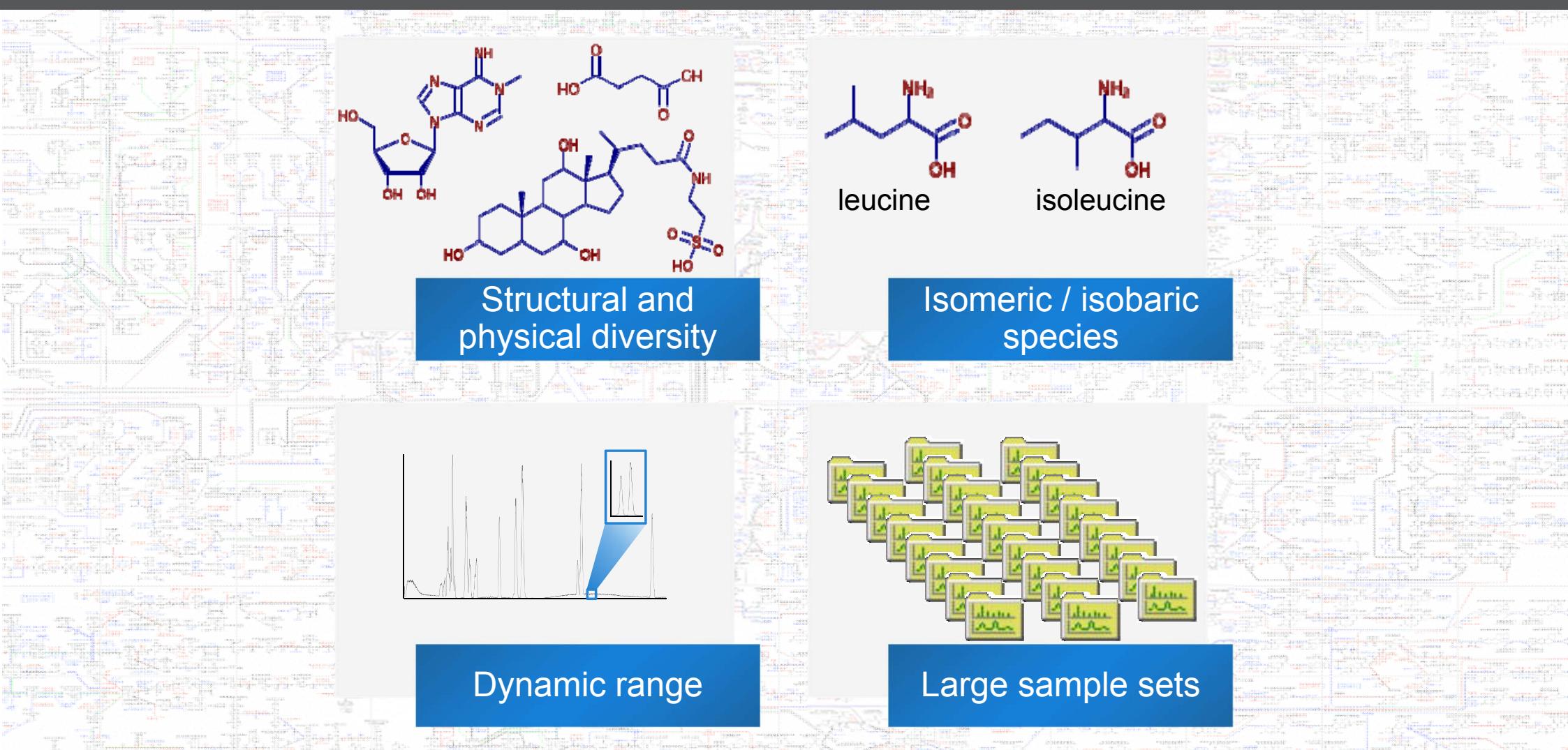
The world leader in serving science

Untargeted Metabolomics Takes the Lead



Thermo Scientific™ MS instruments included: Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ MS, Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ Plus MS, Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ HF MS, Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap™ Fusion Tribrid MS, Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap™ Fusion Tribrid MS, Thermo Scientific™ TSQ Quantiva™ Quadrupole MS

Untargeted Metabolomics: Challenges



High Quality Data for High Quality Results

- Complex matrix
- Differentiate similar masses
- Fine isotopic pattern

High
Resolution

- Identification of unknowns
- Narrow mass tolerance
- Mass stability from peak to peak and run to run

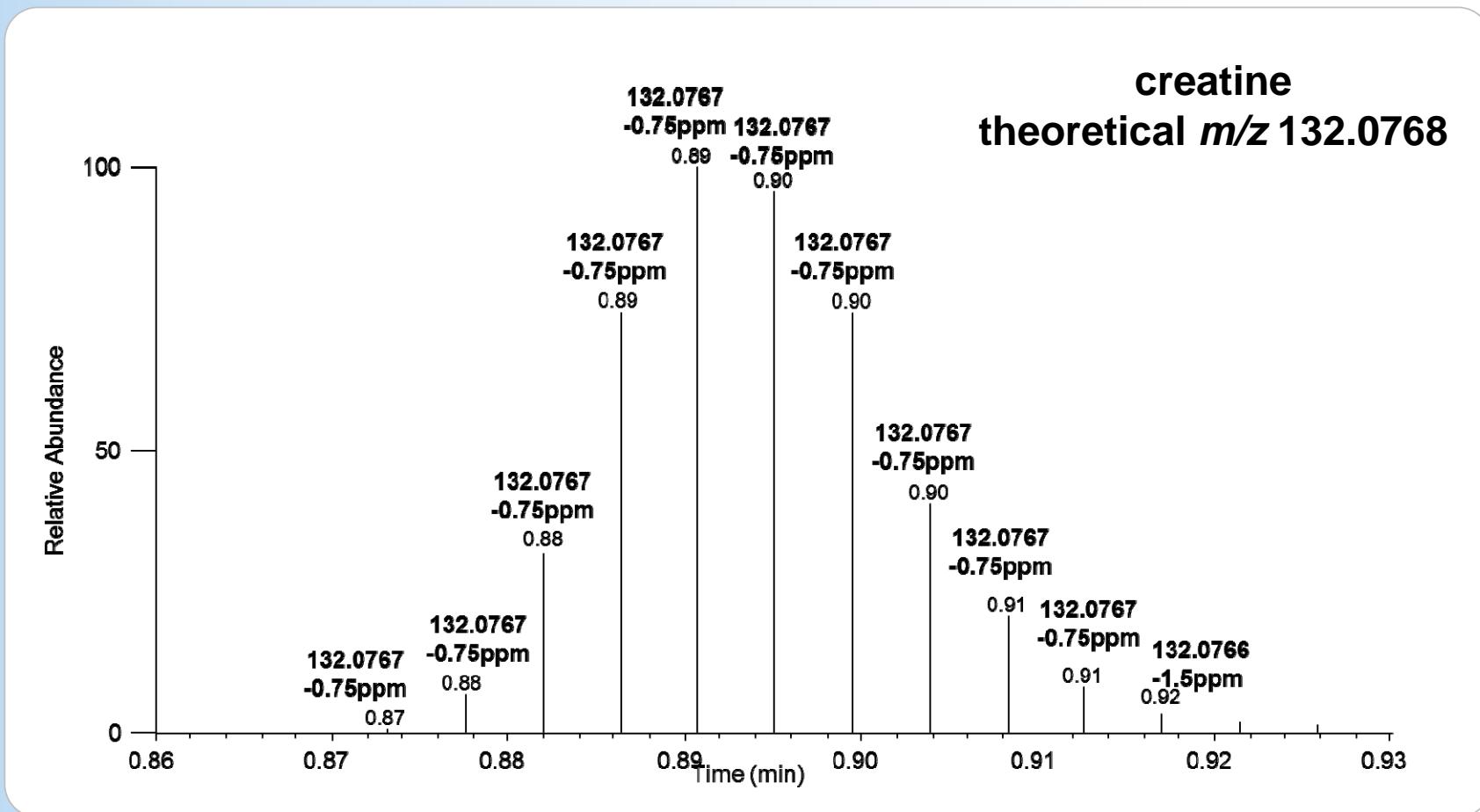
Mass
Accuracy

- Scan-to-scan consistency
- Injection-to-injection reproducibility
- Robustness over extended time periods

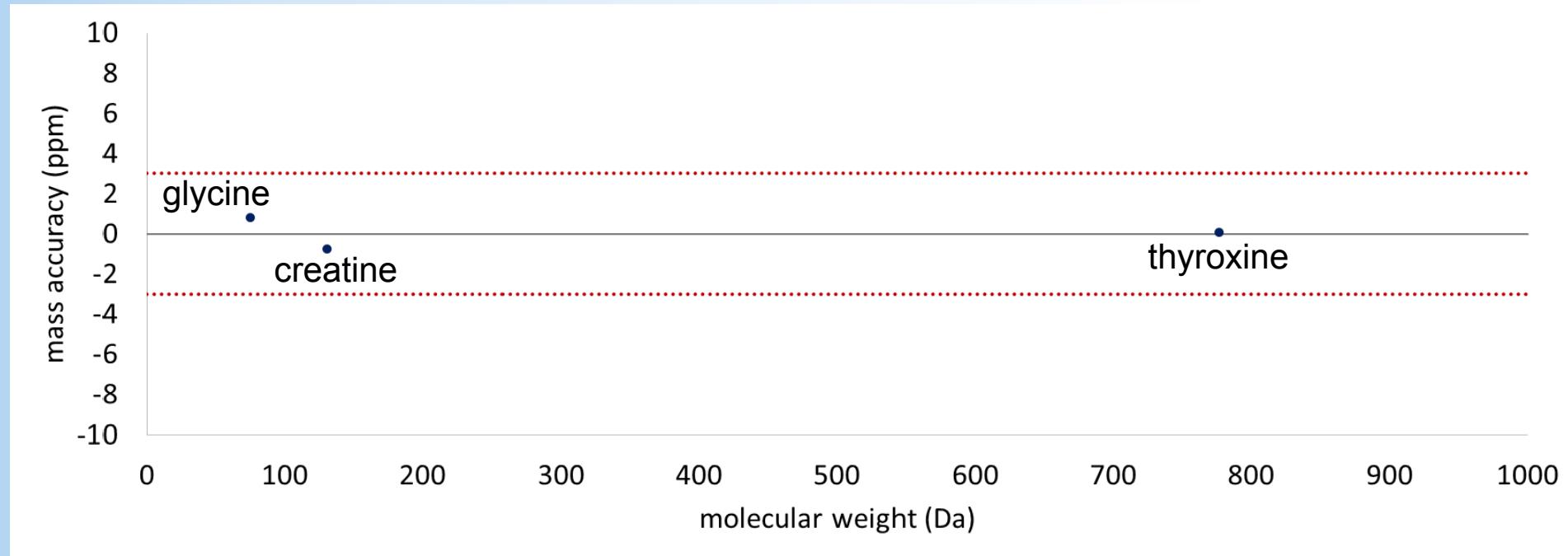
Instrument
Performance

Stable Mass Accuracy from Scan to Scan Across the Peak

Orbitrap MS provides confidence in peak detection



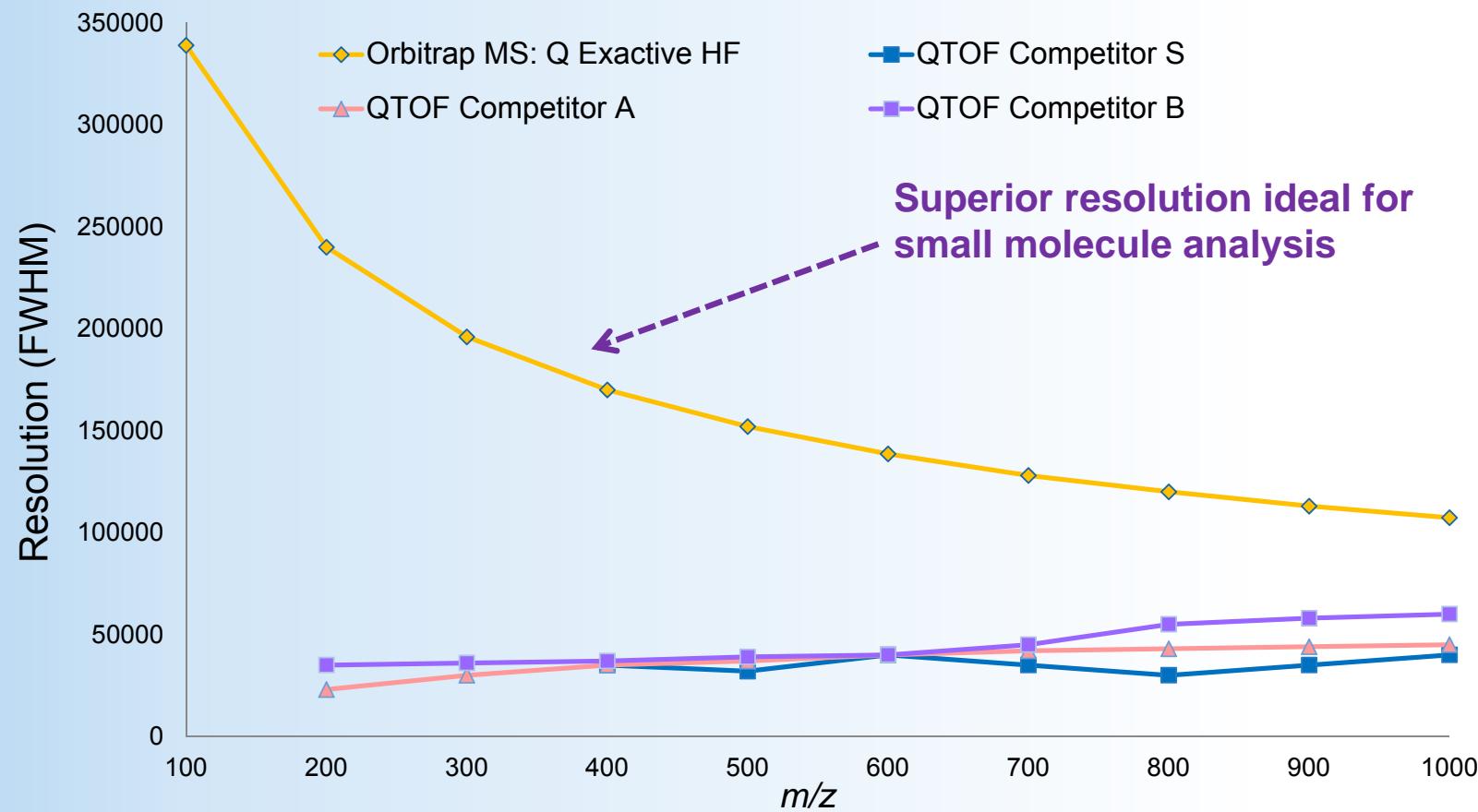
Excellent Mass Accuracy Across the Molecular Weight Range



Metabolites identified from human plasma and verified against an authentic standard

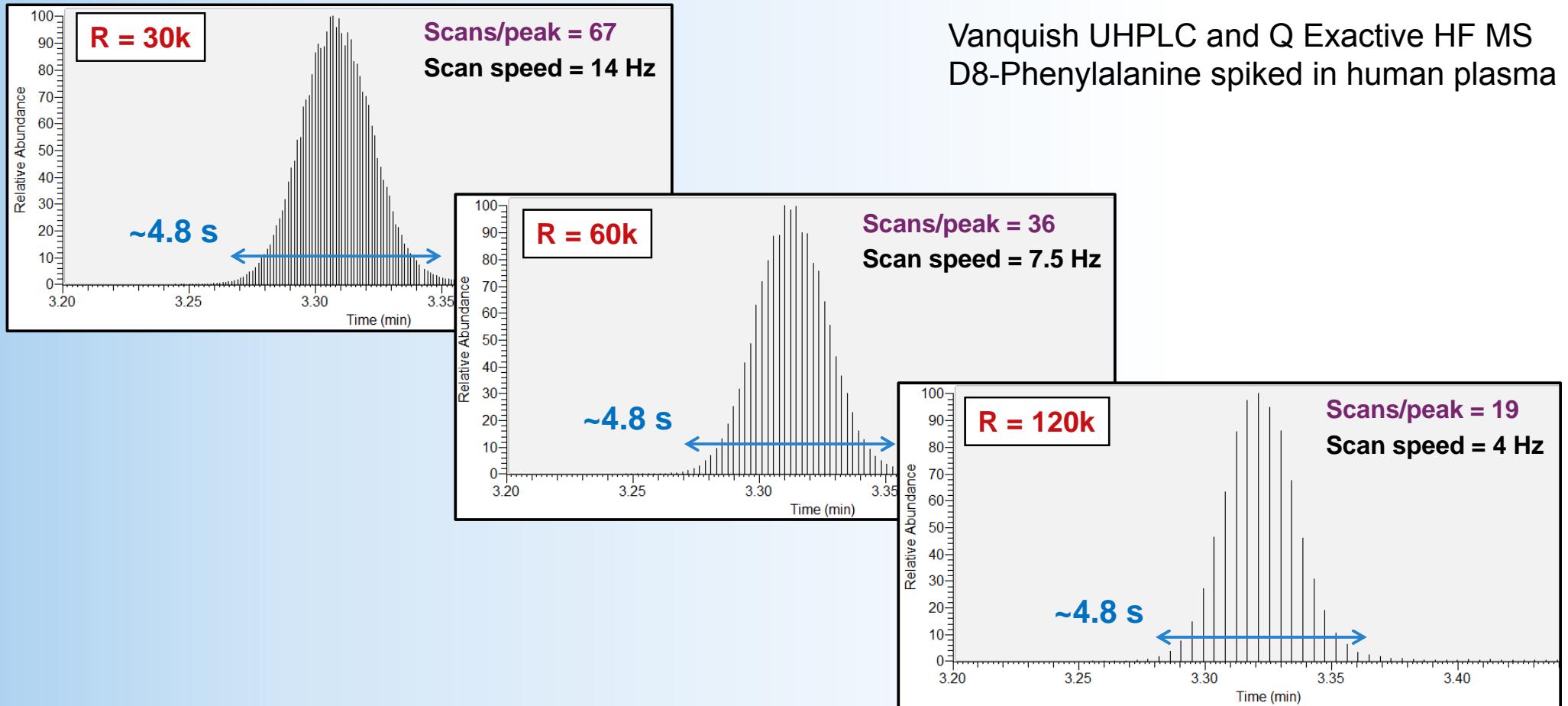
Orbitrap MS delivers accurate mass measurements for all metabolites

Orbitrap MS: Unmatched Resolution

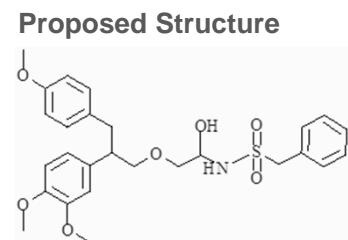
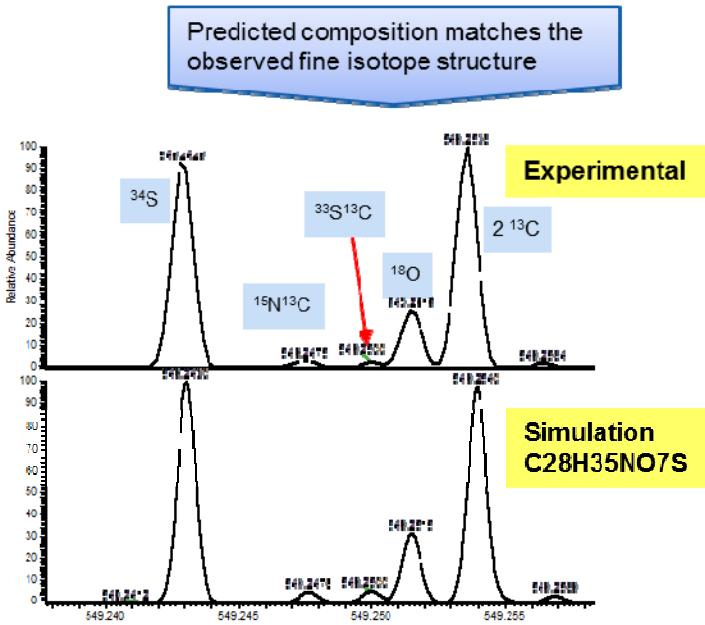
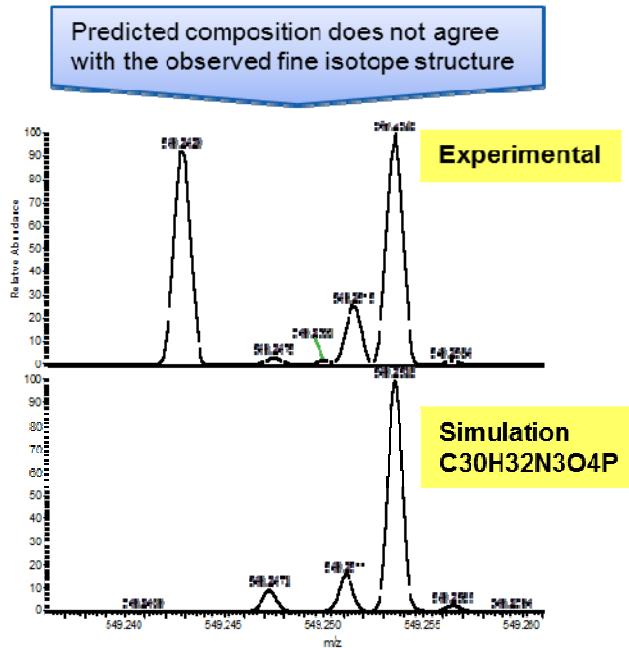


High Orbitrap MS resolving power for correct identification of isomeric and isobaric species

Mass Resolution and Scan Speed



Higher Confidence For Unknown Extractable & Leachable Analysis



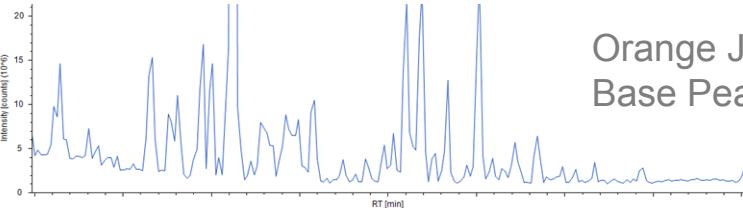
Experiment vs. Theory for M+2

- Fine isotope structure data was compared with simulated spectrum for the predicted elemental compositions
- Only one out of the 6 predicted elemental compositions for M0 also matched M+2 fine isotope structure with the data
- The selected composition along with MS/MS fragment analysis allowed structure elucidation for this unknown extractable.

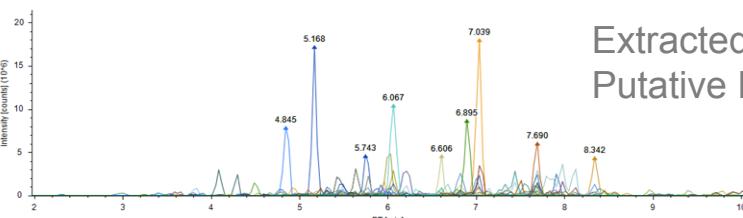


ThP 362, Comstock et al.

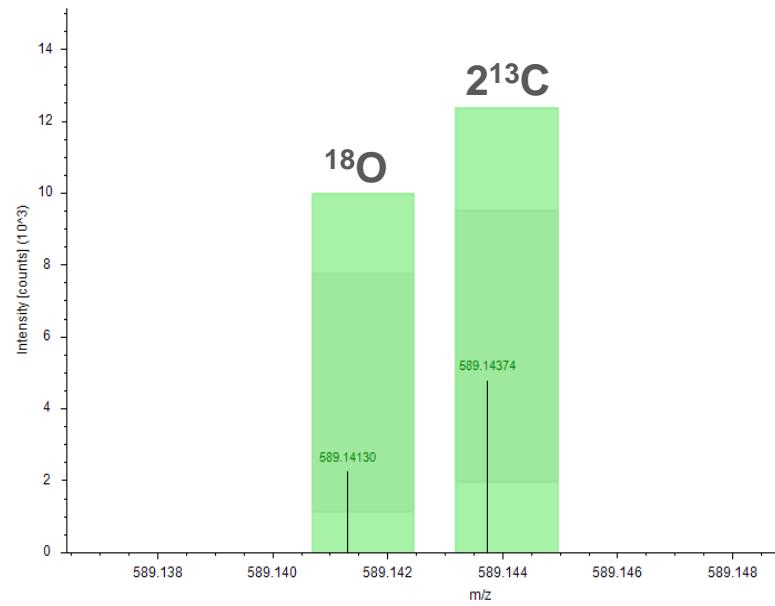
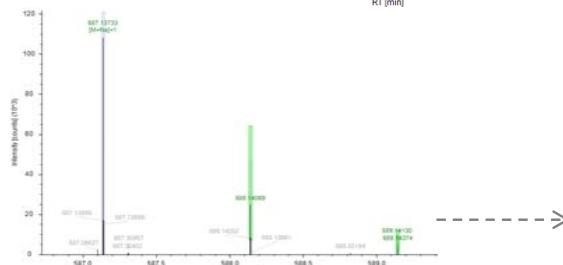
Selective Component Identification In Complex Matrices



Orange Juice Matrix
Base Peak Chromatogram

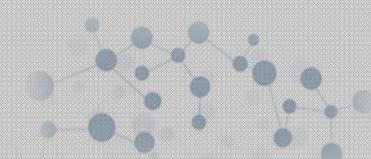


Extracted Ion Chromatogram for
Putative Flavonoid Conjugates



LC-MS Analysis Of Flavonoid Conjugates In Orange Juice

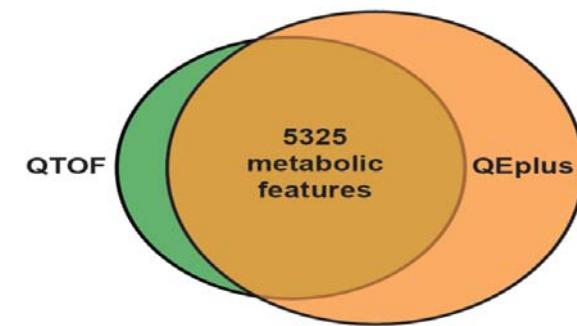
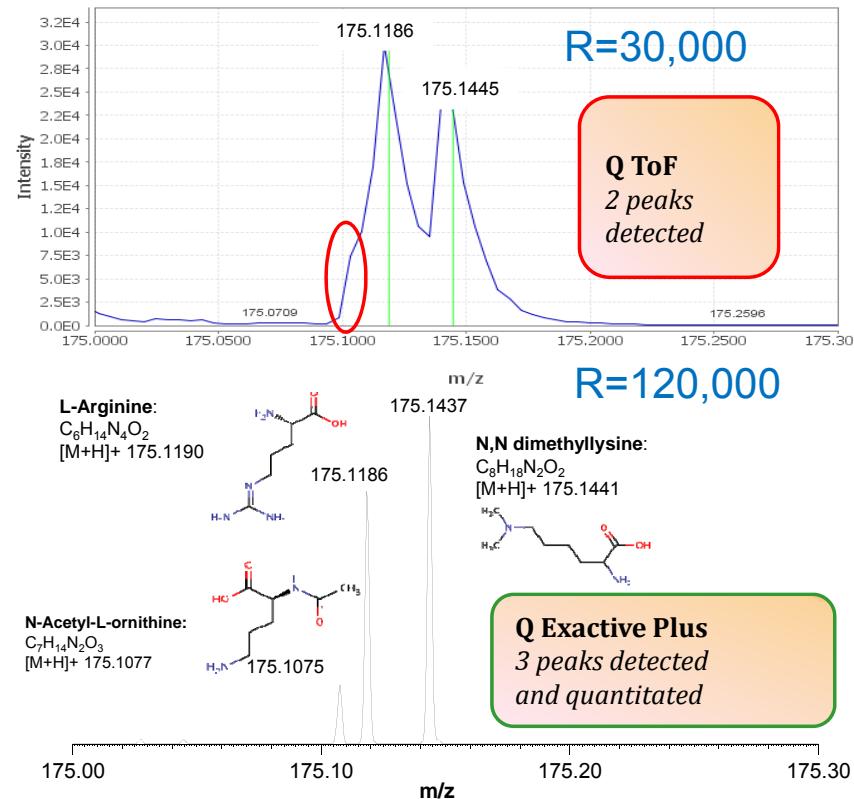
- The fine isotope structure obtained was utilized as a fingerprint for selecting compounds having C/O ratio between 1.5 and 3.
- The detected peak lists were exported as an inclusion list for subsequent MSⁿ characterization.
- 128 putative flavonoid conjugates were detected in orange juice matrix containing over 4,000 compounds.



WP 457, T. Stratton

Why Orbitrap Is Naturally A Better Tool

Higher resolution can view more metabolic peaks



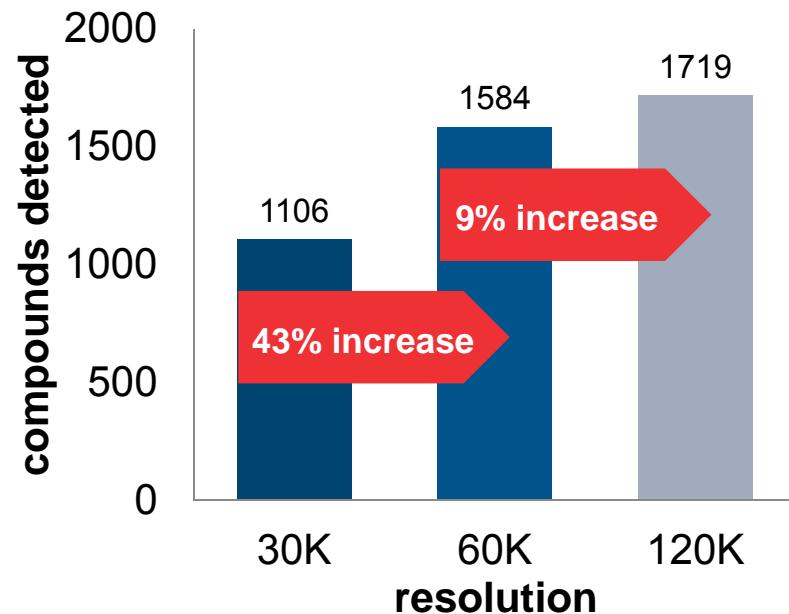
Q TOF: 6294 features

Q E Plus: 8960 features → >42% more

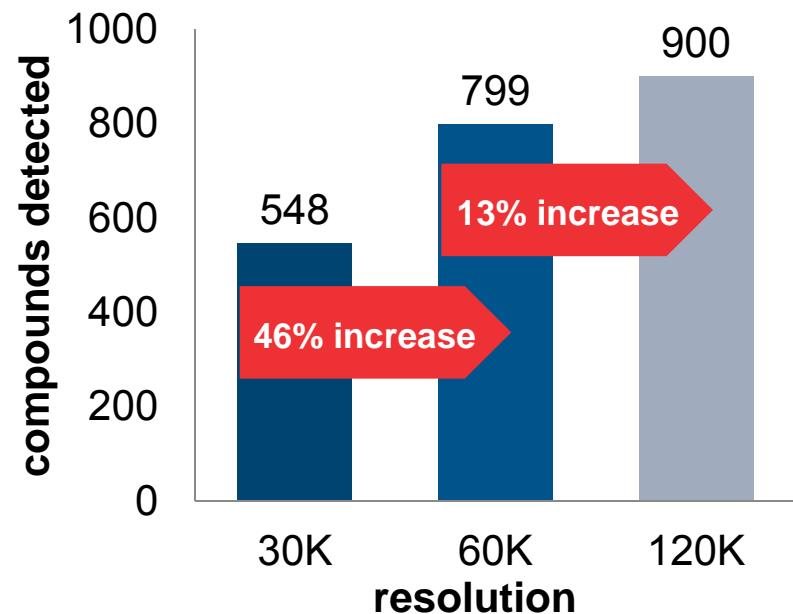
Data courtesy Stanford University

High Resolving Power Increases Metabolome Coverage

**Human plasma metabolites
(positive mode)**

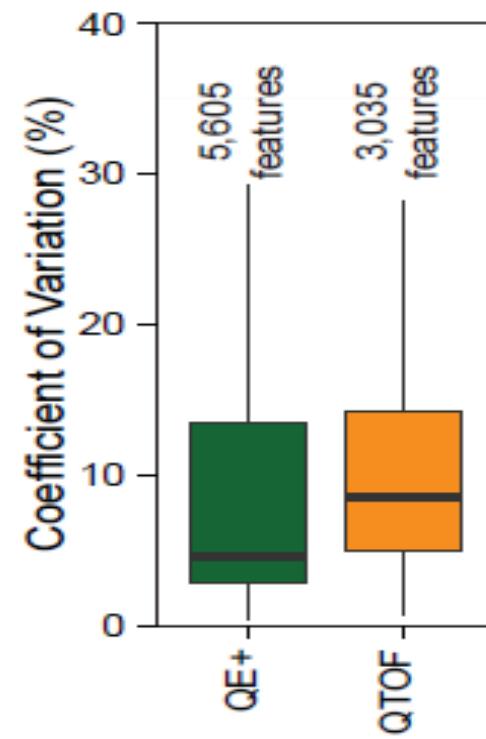
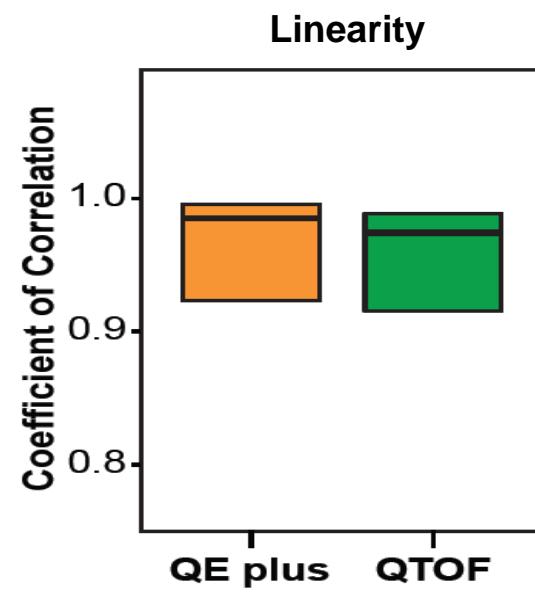
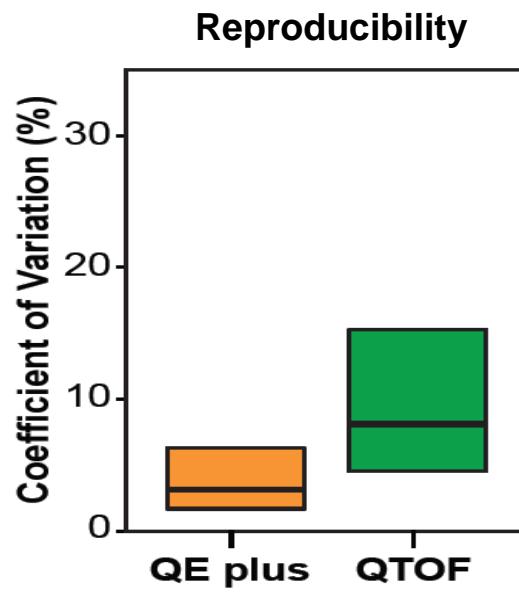


**Human plasma metabolites
(negative mode)**



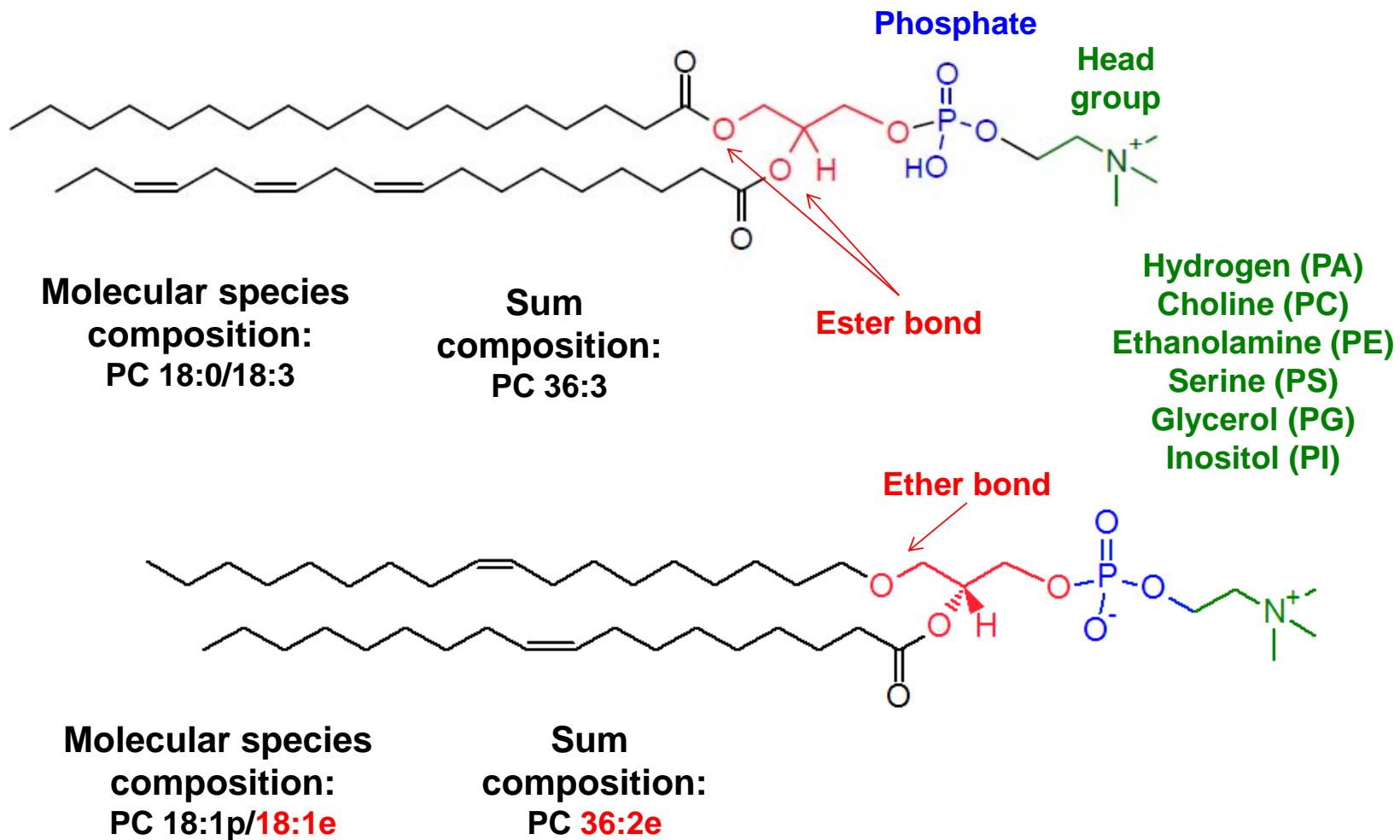
Why Orbitrap Is Naturally A Better Tool (5)

Great reliability and linearity is a must for quantitation



Data courtesy Stanford University

Lipid Nomenclature: Glycerophospholipids



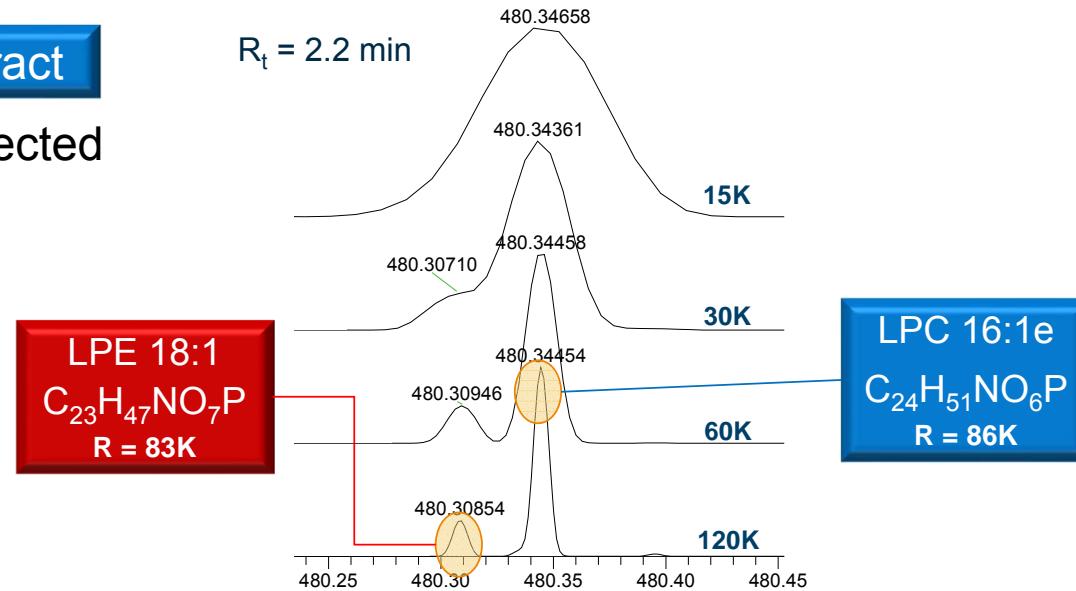
Resolving Isobaric Species Improves ID and Quan

Bovine Heart Extract

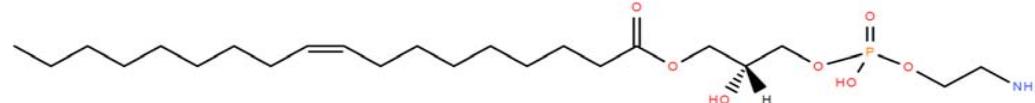
500ng/ μ L x 2 μ L injected

30min LC-MS run

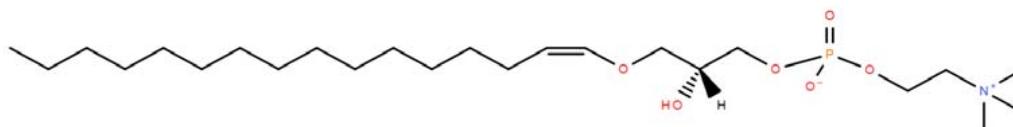
Q Exactive HF



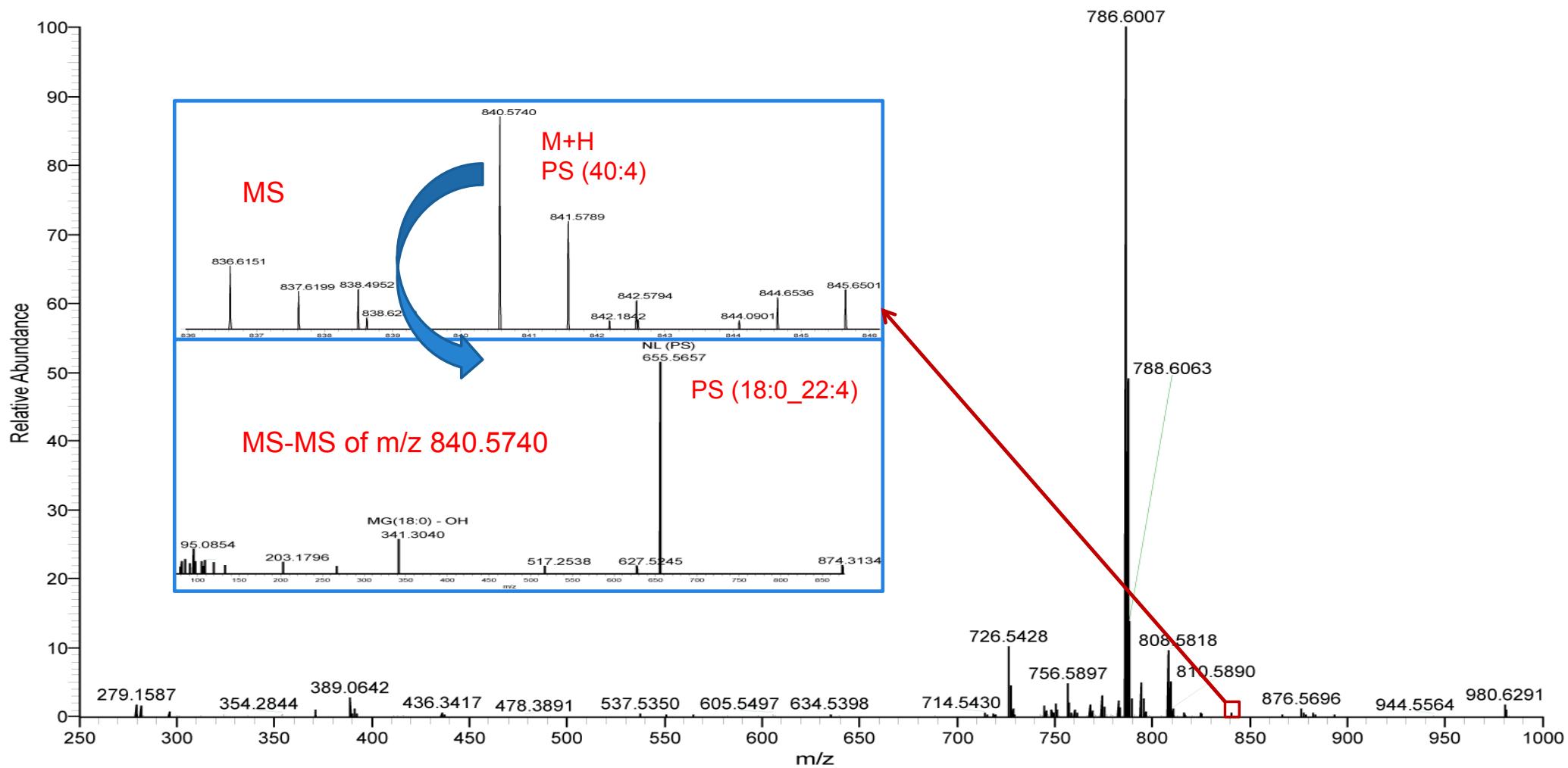
Lyso PE 18:1



LPC 16:1e/16:0p

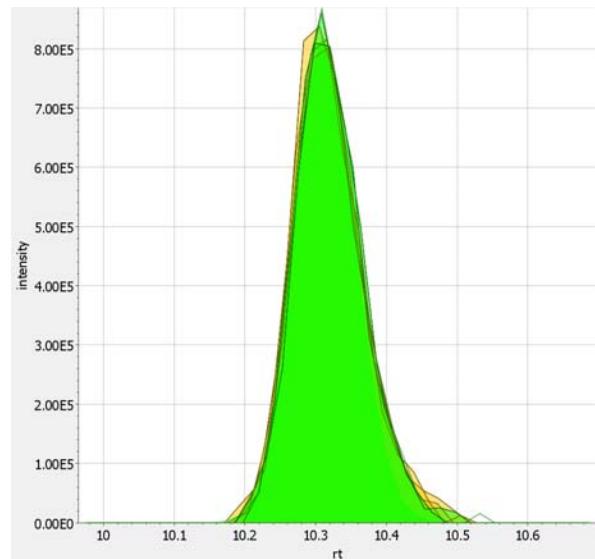


Confident Identification of Low Abundant PS Species

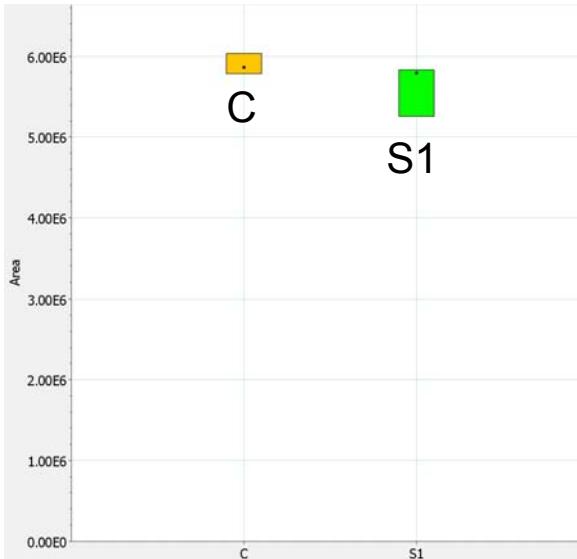


LipidSearch Batch Data Processing and Quantitation

d₇-18:1/15:0 PE, 830 ng/mL



Control vs. Diabetic

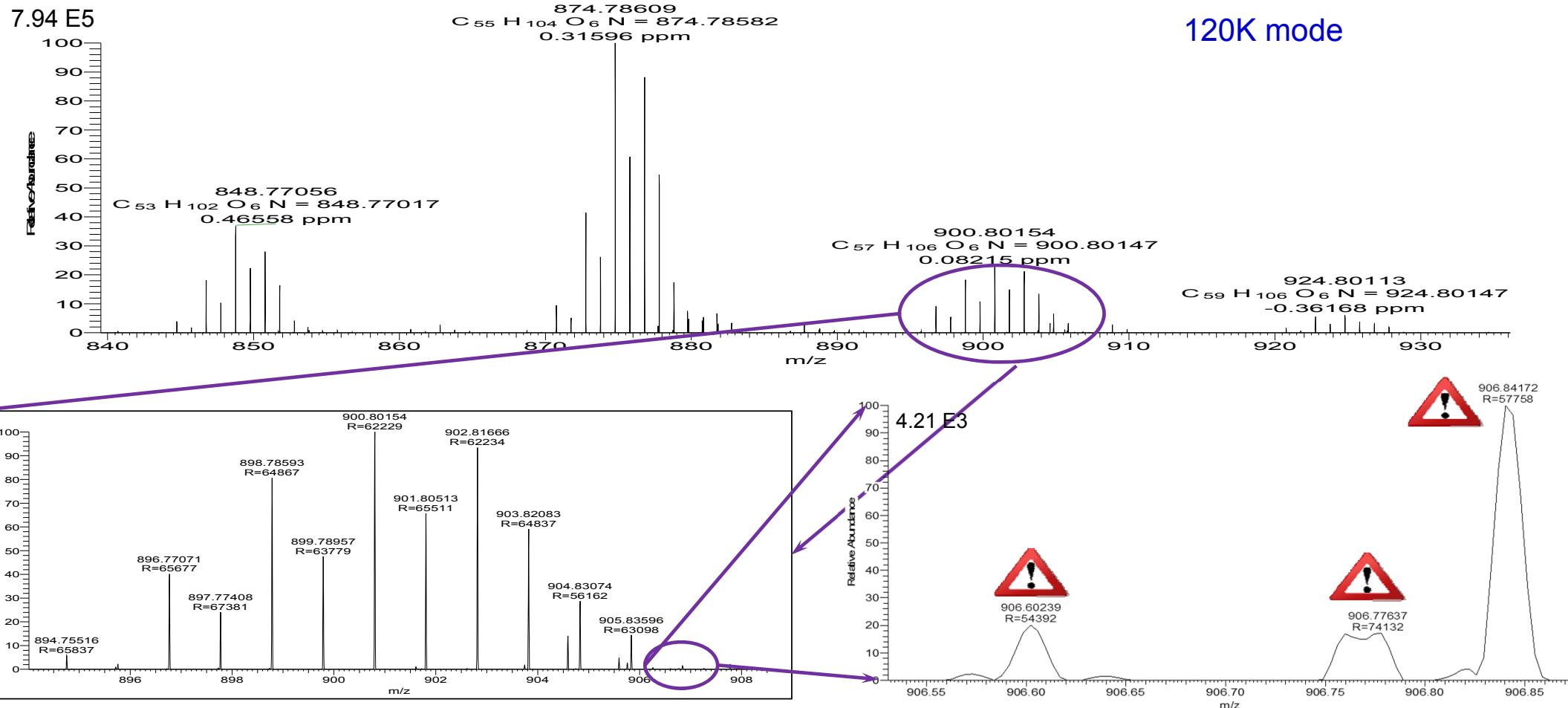


Lipid Molec key	Ion key	Grade	Polarity	BaseRt	Obs Mz	Delta(m/z)	Delta(ppm)	Ion Formula	Area	Area RSD
PE(18:1D7/15:0)	+H	A	N	10.3064	709.5532	0.0013	1.8211	C38 H66 O8 N1 P1 D7	5.629E06	5.753E0
PE(18:1D7/15:0)	+H	A	N	10.3064	709.5537	0.0018	2.5224	C38 H66 O8 N1 P1 D7	5.894E06	2.177E0
PE(18:1D7/15:0)	+H	B	P	10.3064	711.5661	-0.0003	-0.4384	C38 H68 O8 N1 P1 D7	2.599E07	3.960E0
PE(18:1D7/15:0)	+H	C	P	10.3064	711.5655	-0.0010	-1.3456	C38 H68 O8 N1 P1 D7	2.429E07	4.482E0

Processing Steps:

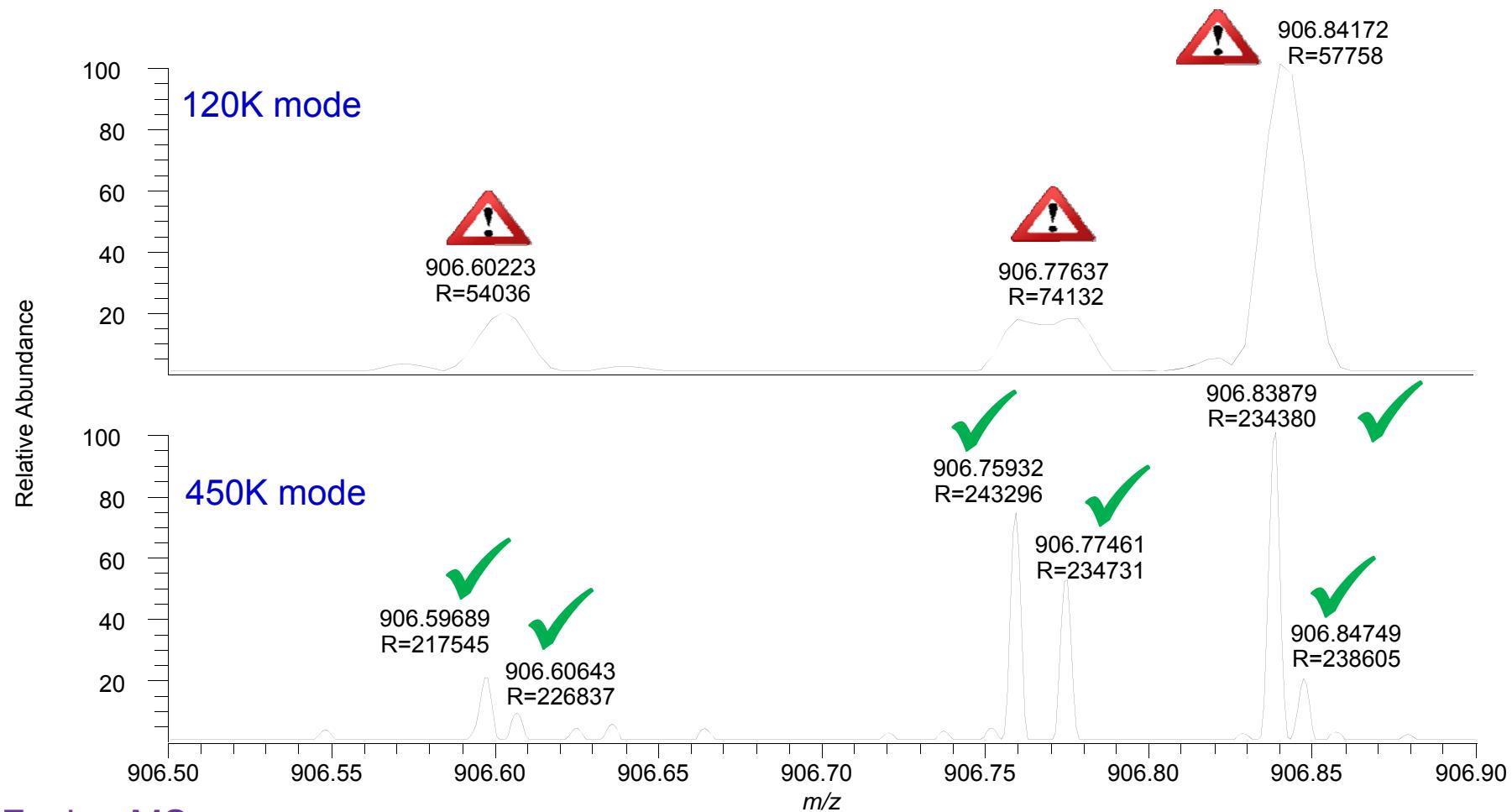
1. Search each data file
2. Merge the search results
Pos. and Neg. ion
3. Report includes ID's
 - a) Estimated Quan (IS) or
 - b) Rel. Amounts (no IS)

Triacylglycerol Lipids in Control Non-Diabetic Human Serum – Orbitrap Fusion MS



Data courtesy of Prof. Gavin Reid, Michigan State University

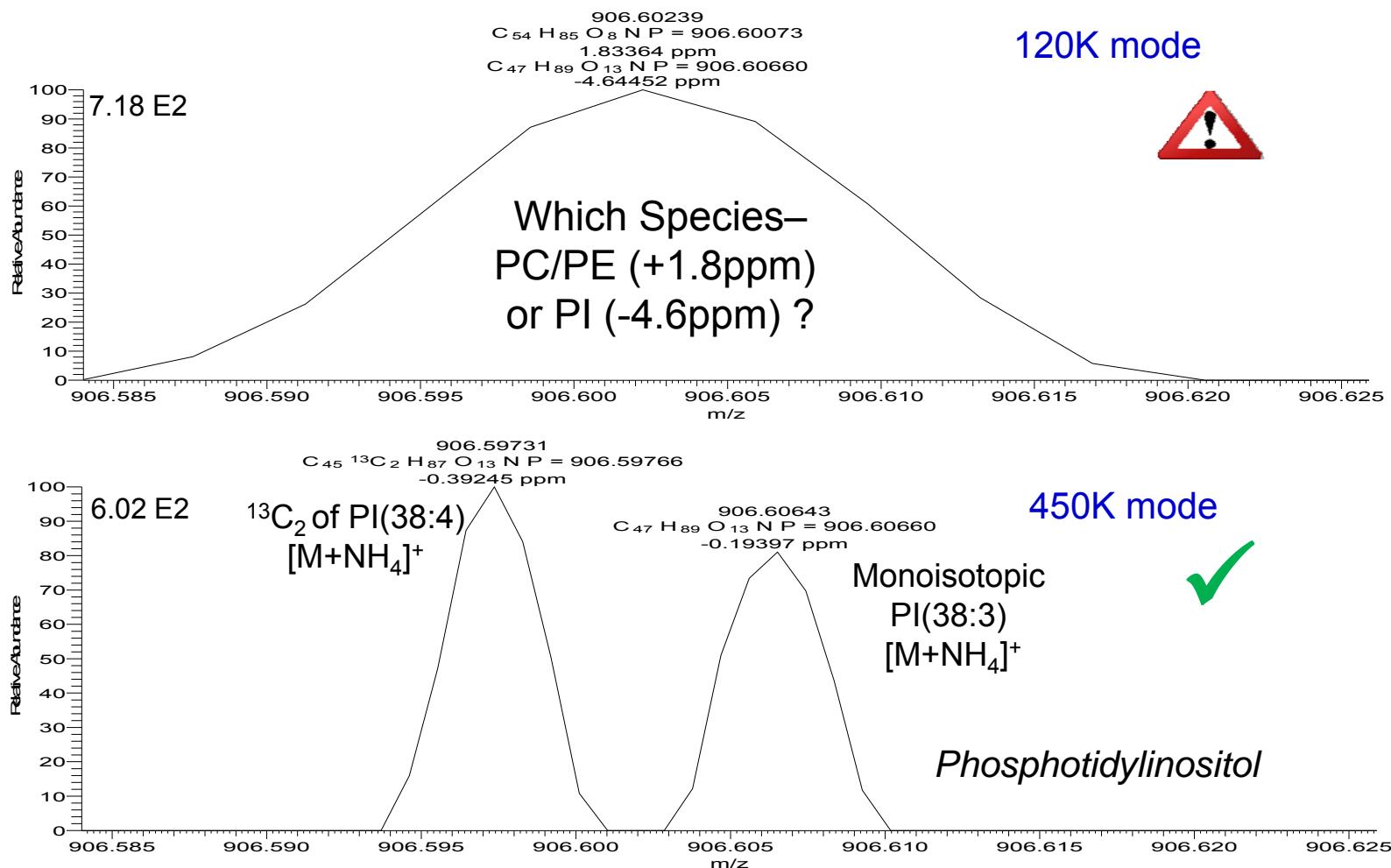
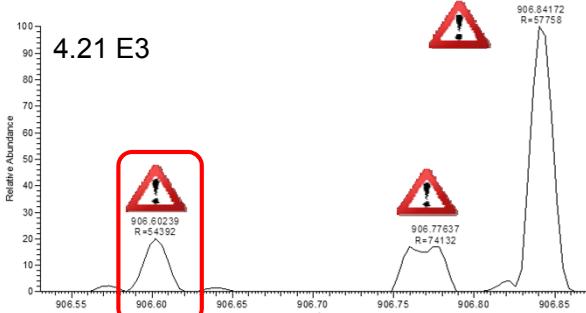
Resolving Isobaric TAGs with Ultra-high Resolution



Orbitrap Fusion MS

Data courtesy of Prof. Gavin Reid, Michigan State University

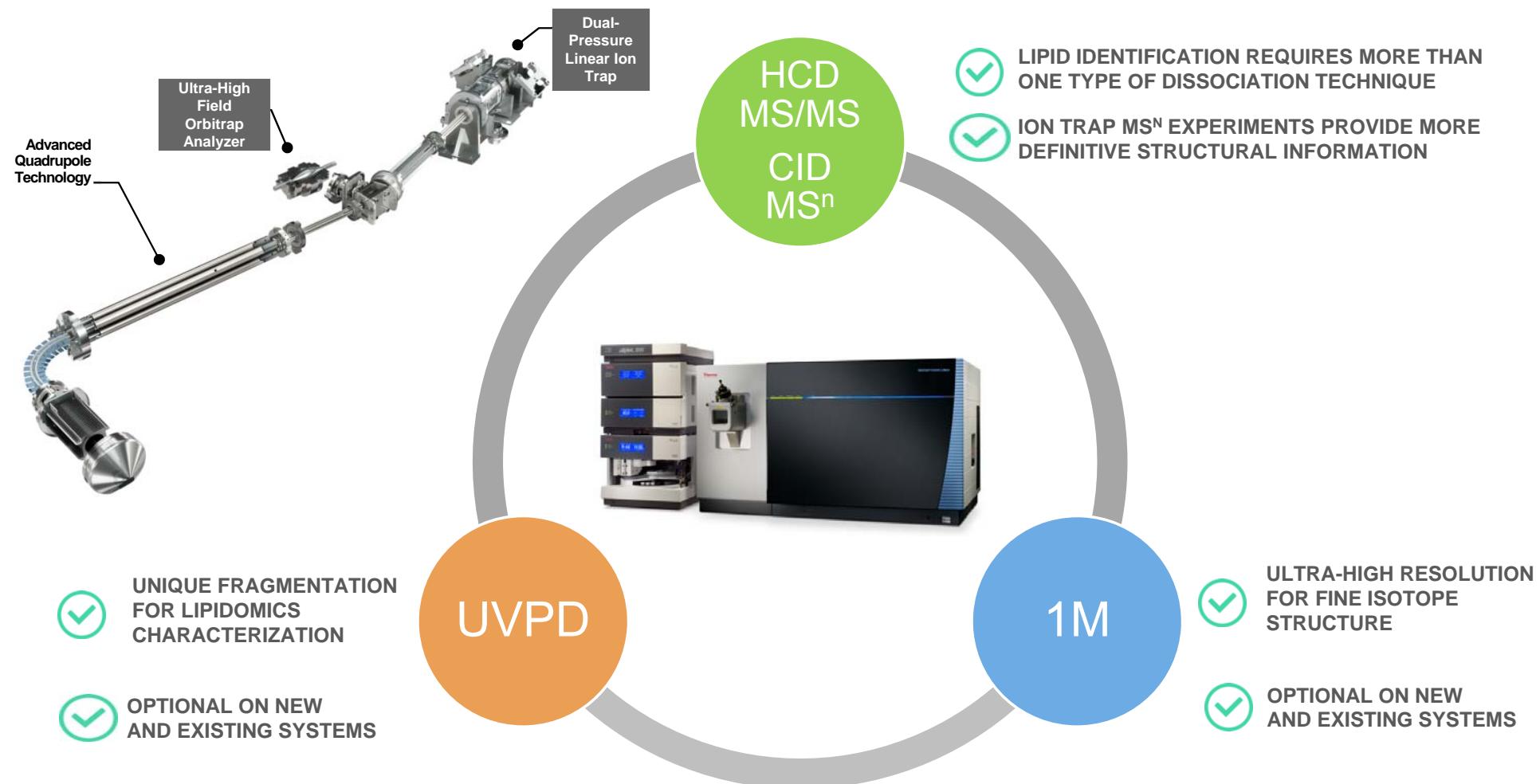
Accurate ID and Quan Made Possible by Ultra-high Resolution



Data courtesy of Prof. Gavin Reid, Michigan State University

Unique Features of Orbitrap Fusion Lumos MS – A Tribrid Orbitrap Mass Spectrometer

new



UVPD Implementation (Class 1 Laser System)

new



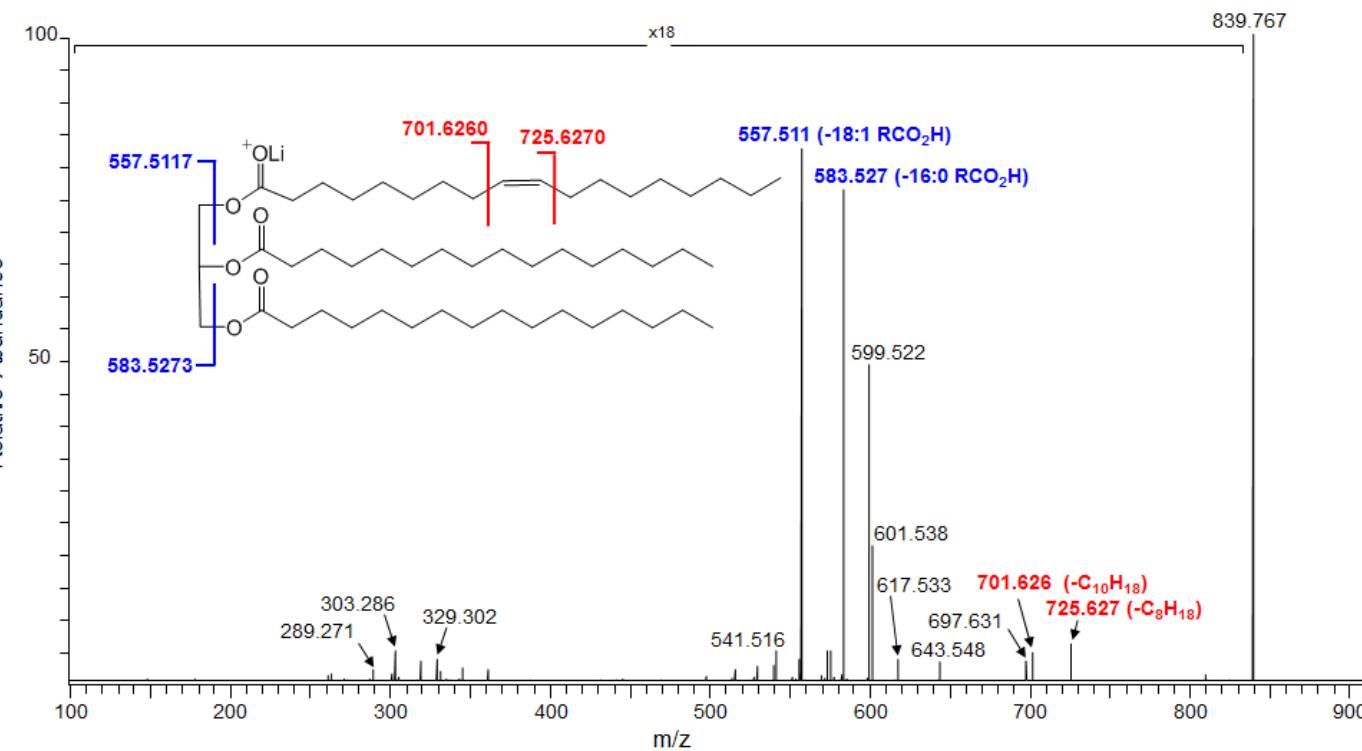
UVPD Source

The UVPD MSⁿ fragments are generated in the linear ion trap and can be detected by either the ion trap or Orbitrap

Compact Footprint

- UVPD source is embedded inside the instrument, directly connected to the dual-pressure linear ion trap
- UVPD source employs a 213 nm laser with 2.5 kHz repetition rate delivering >1.2 μJ/pulse
- UVPD is a field upgradable option

UV-VPD For Comprehensive Lipid Characterization



Locating Double Bonds

- HRAM UV-VPD MS² spectrum of [M+Li]⁺ precursor ions of TG 16:0/16:0/18:1
- Fragments identify acyl chains
- UVPD unique fragments identify location of double bonds within the acyl chains

ASMS 2017, WOD 03:10 pm : Reid G.et.al.



Questions?



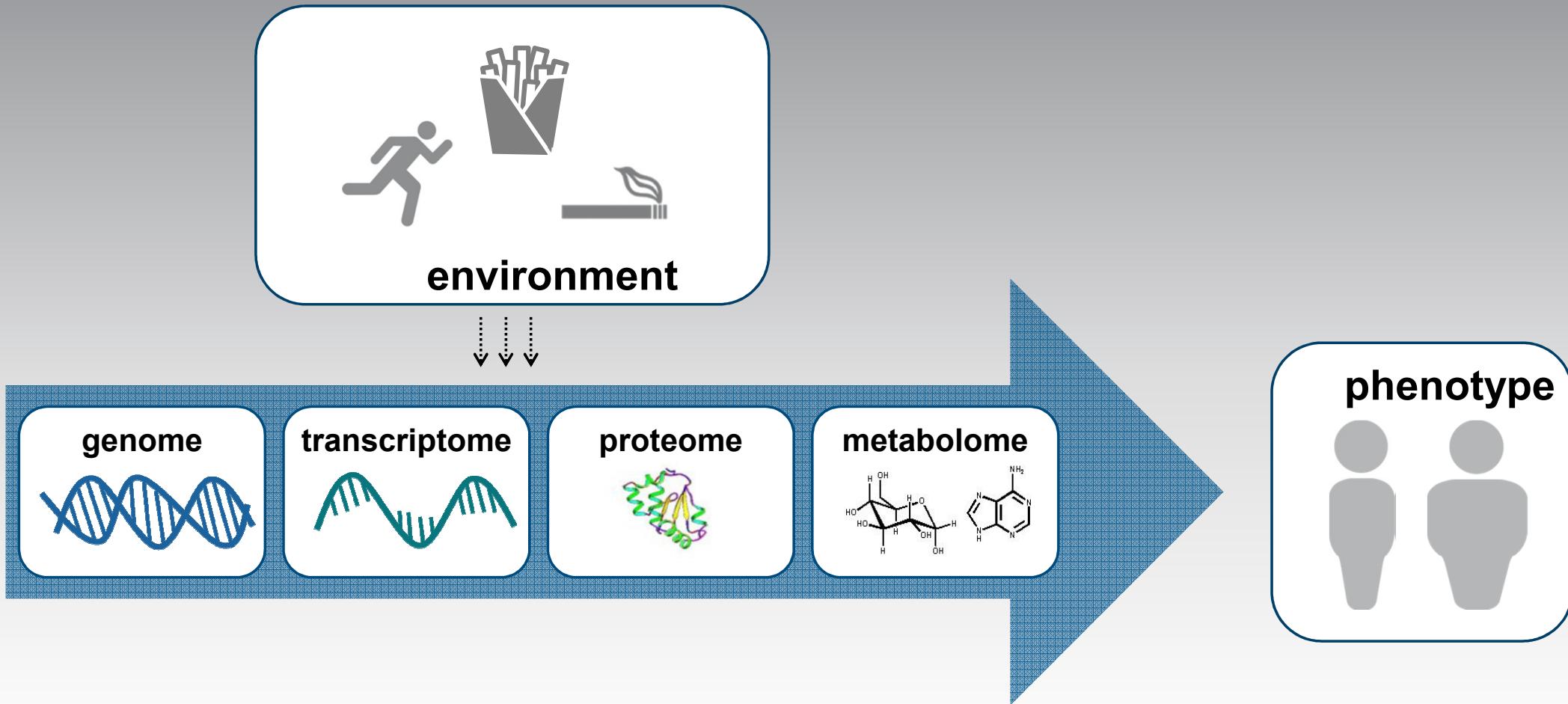
Thermo Fisher
SCIENTIFIC

Proteomics Analysis with Orbitrap

Leopoldo Dimiziani
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Verona 12/12/2017

The world leader in serving science

Omics Studies – the Link between Genotype and Phenotype



Proteomics is Not Genomics

- Proteomics is not genomics where a single, whole genome sequencing experiment provides a relatively accurate picture of the genomic aspects of biology
- Proteomics is (was?) complicated, expensive and time-consuming, we have been forced to limit the number of samples we process and restrict ourselves to a static view of biology
- We have been looking at *snapshots*, when we really want to see *dynamics* as biology changes over time, across many samples
- We want to see the important differences between closely related biological states, such as the stages of cellular development and differentiation or the cellular response to therapeutic intervention at a protein, PTM, or even proteoform level. And we want to quantify them



What Are Biologists Researching?

- Molecular changes in the life cycle of plants and animals
- Comparison of normal and diseased tissues in animal and plants
- Study of molecular changes associated with particular genotypes
- Understanding the impact of the environment on species separated by, or located in, different geographies
- Understanding the evolution of species

All of these require the ability to measure multiple conditions or in other words measure over a time

What Are Biologists Researching?



Taking molecular snapshots does not provide the answers

What Are Biologists Researching?



- Requires 100 quantitative protein comparisons (10 development stages x 2 mutants x 5 biological replicates/flies)
- Observing 3500 proteins quantitatively using label-free technique requires: 100 injections with 180 min gradients = **13 days instrument time**
- Results: 350,000 protein detection events with 80% reproducibility between runs results in an overlap of <<2000 proteins that are reproducibly observed

High Quality Data for High Quality Results

- Complex matrix
- Differentiate similar masses
- Isobaric species
- Fine isotopic pattern

High Resolution

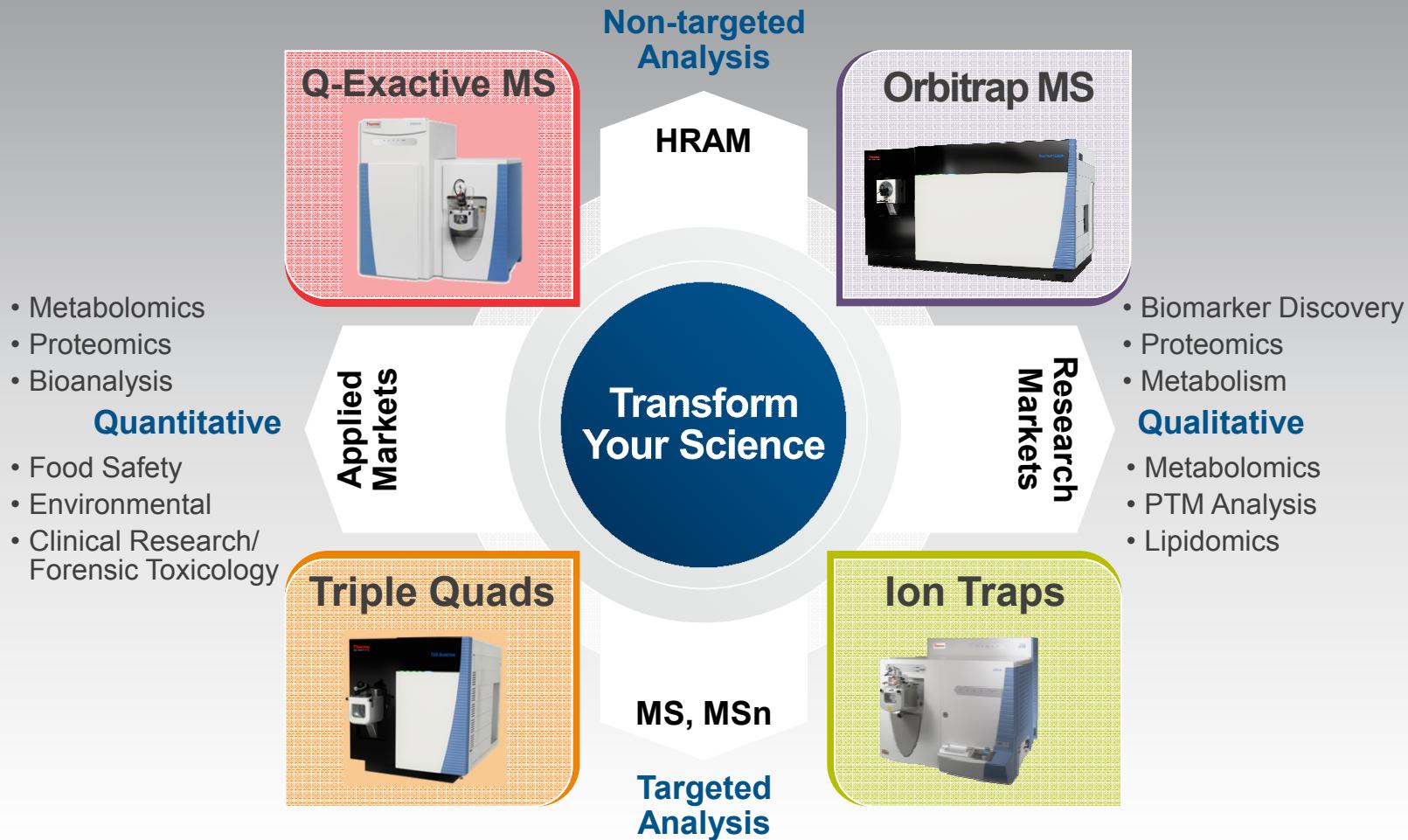
- Identification of unknowns
- Narrow mass tolerance
- Mass stability from peak to peak and run to run

Mass Accuracy

- Scan-to-scan consistency
- Injection-to-injection reproducibility
- Robustness over extended time periods

Instrument Performance

The Industry's Leading Portfolio of MS Solutions



Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ Series Portfolio for Proteomics

PERFORMANCE



Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ MS

- Orbitrap analyzer
- Mass Range m/z 50 - 6000
- Mass Accuracy <1ppm
- Max. Mass Resolution >140,000
- Scan speed up to 12Hz
- Spectral Multiplexing
- Polarity switching <1 sec



Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ Plus MS

- Orbitrap analyzer
- Mass Range m/z 50 - 6000
- Mass Accuracy <1ppm
- Max. Mass Resolution >140,000
- Scan speed up to 12Hz
- Spectral multiplexing
- Polarity switching <1 sec
- Advanced Quadrupole Technology (AQT)
- Advanced Active Beam Guide (AABG)
- Opt. Enh Res.Mode (280k)



Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ HF MS

- Ultra High Field Orbitrap analyzer
- Mass Range m/z 50 - 6000
- Mass Accuracy <1ppm
- Max. Mass Resolution >240,000
- Scan speed up to 40Hz
- High capacity transfer tube
- Electrodynamic ion funnel
- Advanced Quadrupole Technology (AQT)
- Advanced Active Beam Guide (AABG)
- Spectral Multiplexing
- Polarity switching <1 sec

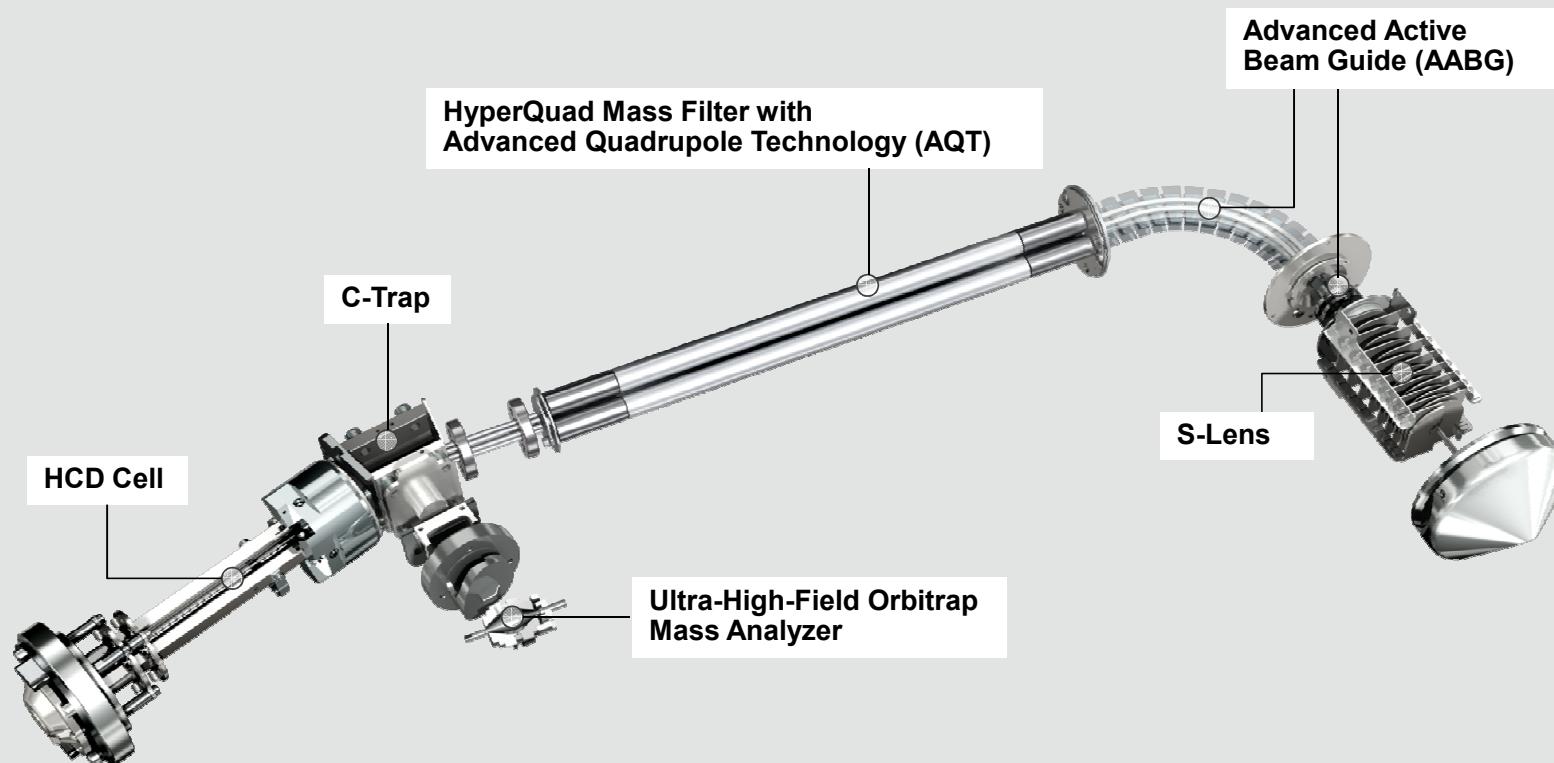


Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive™ HF-X MS

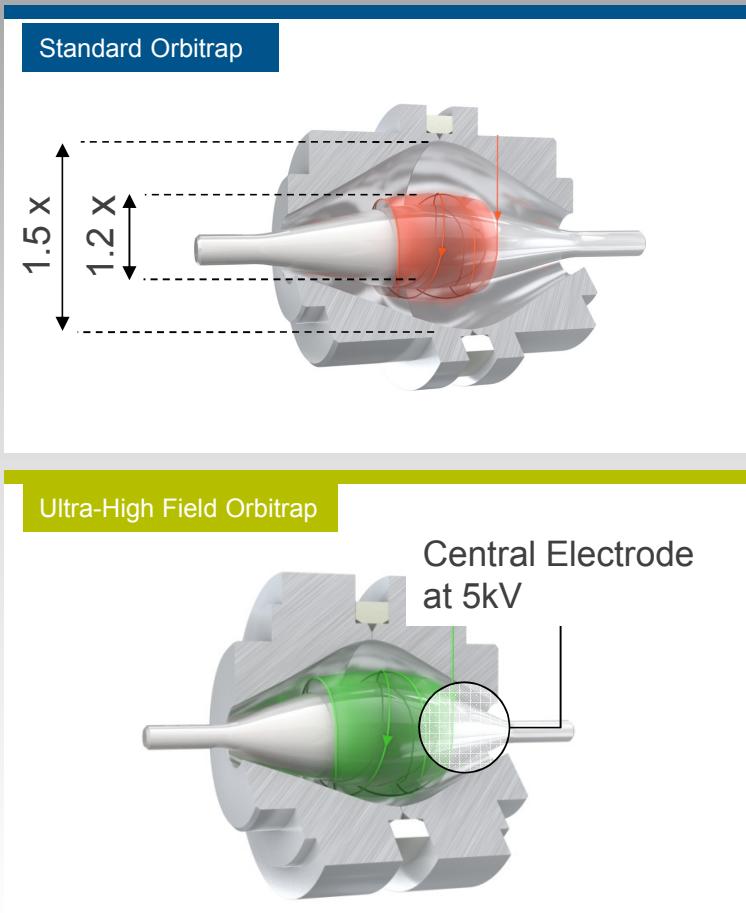
- Ultra High Field Orbitrap analyzer
- Mass Range m/z 50 - 6000
- Mass Accuracy <1ppm
- Max. Mass Resolution >240,000
- Scan speed up to 40Hz
- High capacity transfer tube
- Electrodynamic ion funnel
- Advanced Quadrupole Technology (AQT)
- Advanced Active Beam Guide (AABG)
- Spectral Multiplexing
- Polarity switching <1 sec
- Advanced ddHCD algorithm

VALUE

Q Exactive Plus/HF Mass Spectrometer



Key Technologies of Q Exactive HF MS



Q Exactive HF MS

Key Technologies

- Ultra-High-Field Orbitrap
 - Up to 18 Hz and standard 240k resolution
- Smaller Size
 - 1.8x frequency at the same voltage
 - 1.8x higher resolution over standard Orbitrap
 - New lenses for focusing ions in to the Orbitrap entrance
- 32 msec transient for fastest MS/MS data and max scan speed

Standard Orbitrap Analyzer & Ultra-High-Field Orbitrap Analyzer- Real Size Cutaways

STANDARD Orbitrap™ Analyzer

Thermo Scientific™ LTQ Orbitrap
Classic/XL/ Discovery /Velos (Pro) MS

Thermo Scientific™(Q)Exactive Plus™ MS

Thermo Scientific™ Exactive Plus EMR MS

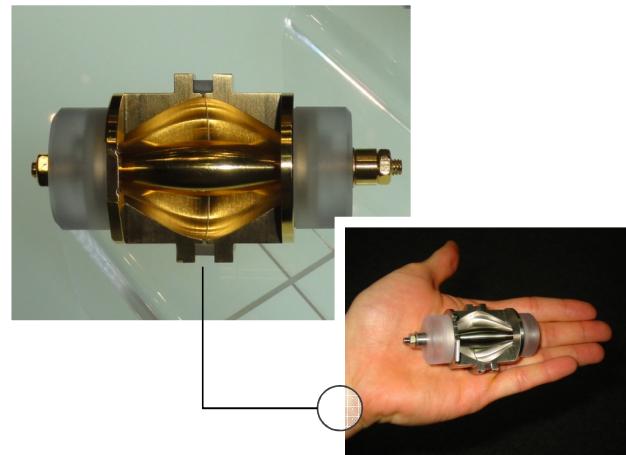
HIGH FIELD Orbitrap Analyzer

Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap Elite™ MS

ULTRA-HIGH-FIELD Orbitrap Analyzer

Thermo Scientific™ Orbitrap
Fusion™/Lumos™ MS

Thermo Scientific™ Q Exactive HF™/HF-X™ MS



Q Exactive Plus MS: Specifications



Scan rate	12 Hz
Max resolution	140K at m/z 200 (280k optional)
Quad isolation	Step-less from full mass range down to 0.4 amu
Mass Accuracy	3 ppm external, 1 ppm internal
Dissociation	Source CID, HCD
Multiplexing	Up to 10 precursor ions
Detectors	Orbitrap
Polarity Switching	1 sec cycle time (@ RES 35k) FS: Full Scan, AIF: All Ion Fragmentation, SIM: Selected Ion Monitoring, PRM: Parallel Reactin Monitoring, DIA: Data Independent Acquisition, ddHCD: data dependent HCD
Scan Functions	Intact Protein Mode Enhanced resolution
Options	

Q Exactive HF MS: Specification



The image shows the Thermo Q Exactive HF mass spectrometer. It consists of a tall, light-colored central column with a blue base and a smaller, more compact front section containing the ion source and interface.

Mass Range	50 < m/z < 6,000
Resolution @ m/z 200	15,000 at 18Hz 30,000 at 12 Hz 60,000 at 7 Hz 120,000 at 3 Hz 240,000 at 1.5 Hz
Mass Accuracy	< 1ppm RMS, Internal Calibration < 3ppm RMS, External Calibration
Polarity Switching	one full cycle in <1 sec (one full positive mode scan and one full negative mode scan at a resolution setting of 60,000)

Unmatched Analytical Performance

240,000 Resolution for best selectivity

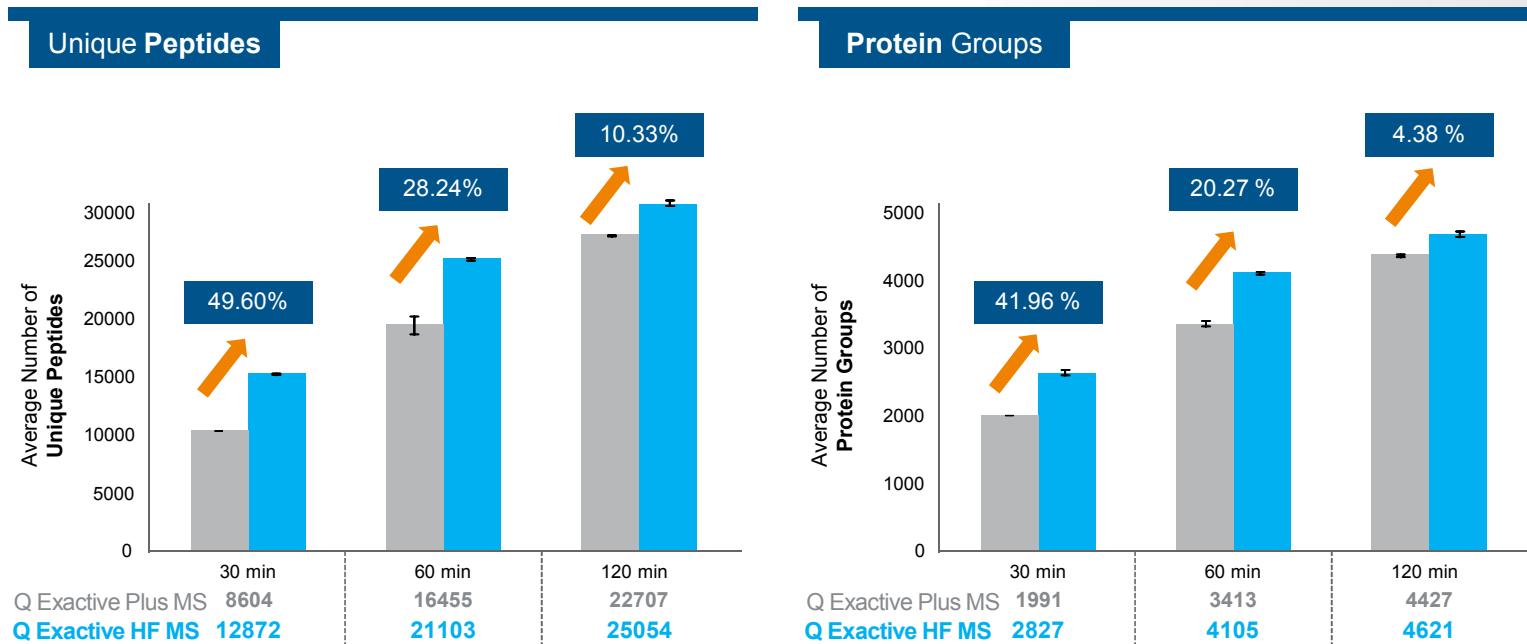
18 Hz for maximum MS/MS scan speed

Intact Protein Mode for best S/N of intact proteins

Comparison of Q Exactive Plus MS and Q Exactive HF MS

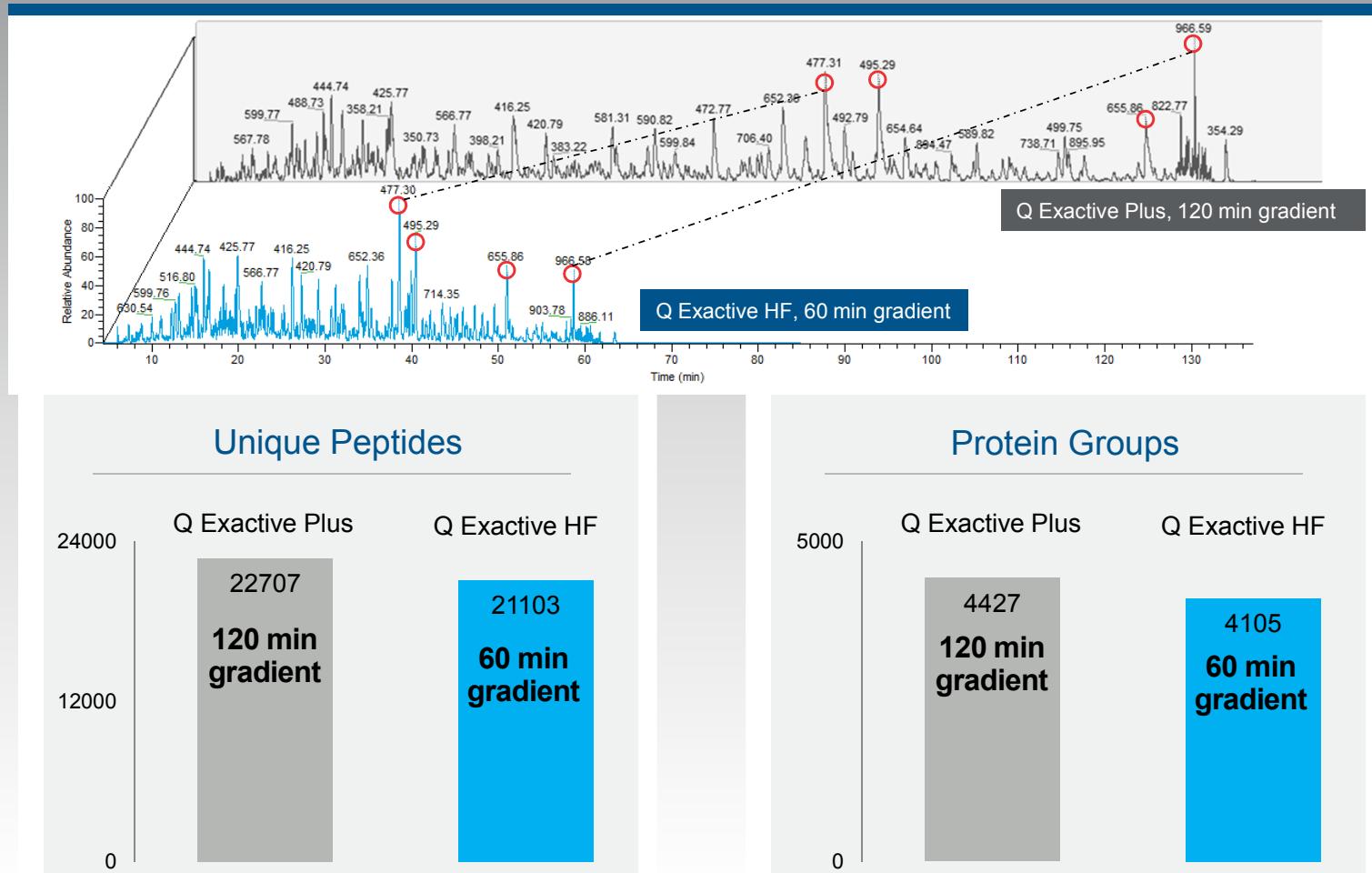
ASMS 2014
Poster M186
Tabiwang Arrey

HeLa – 1 µg sample load



More IDs with shorter Gradients

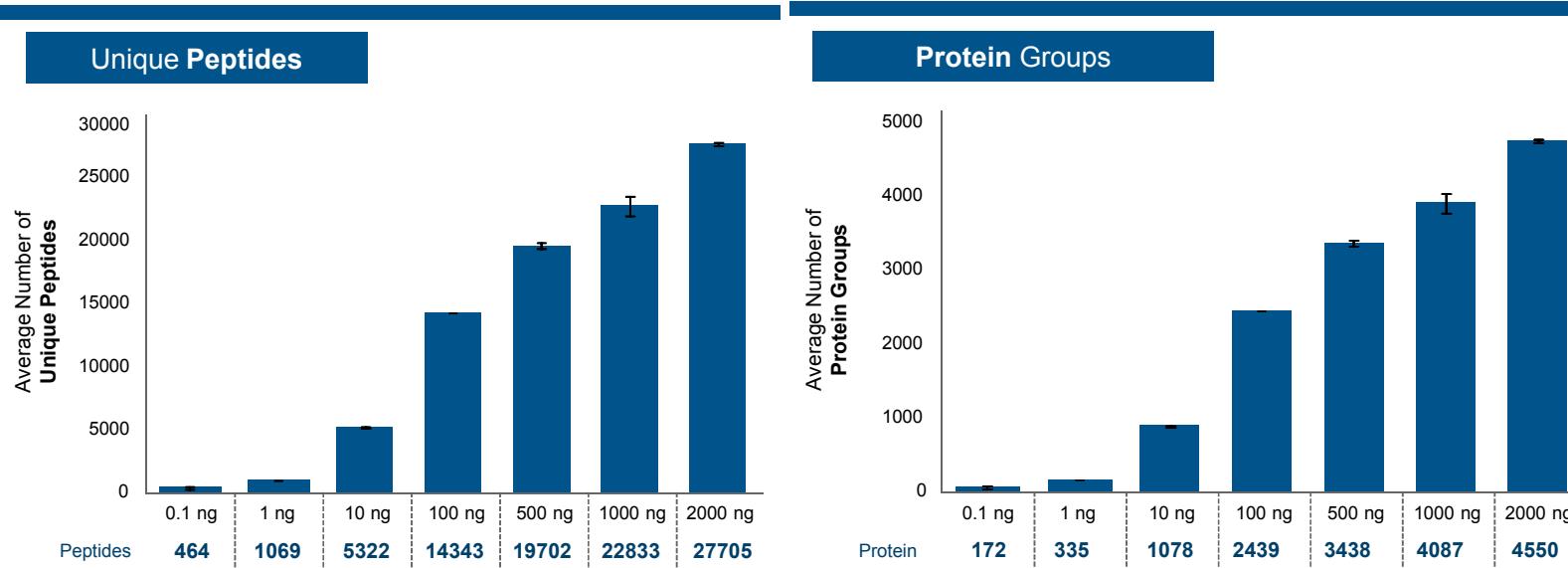
Same Identifications with Half the Time



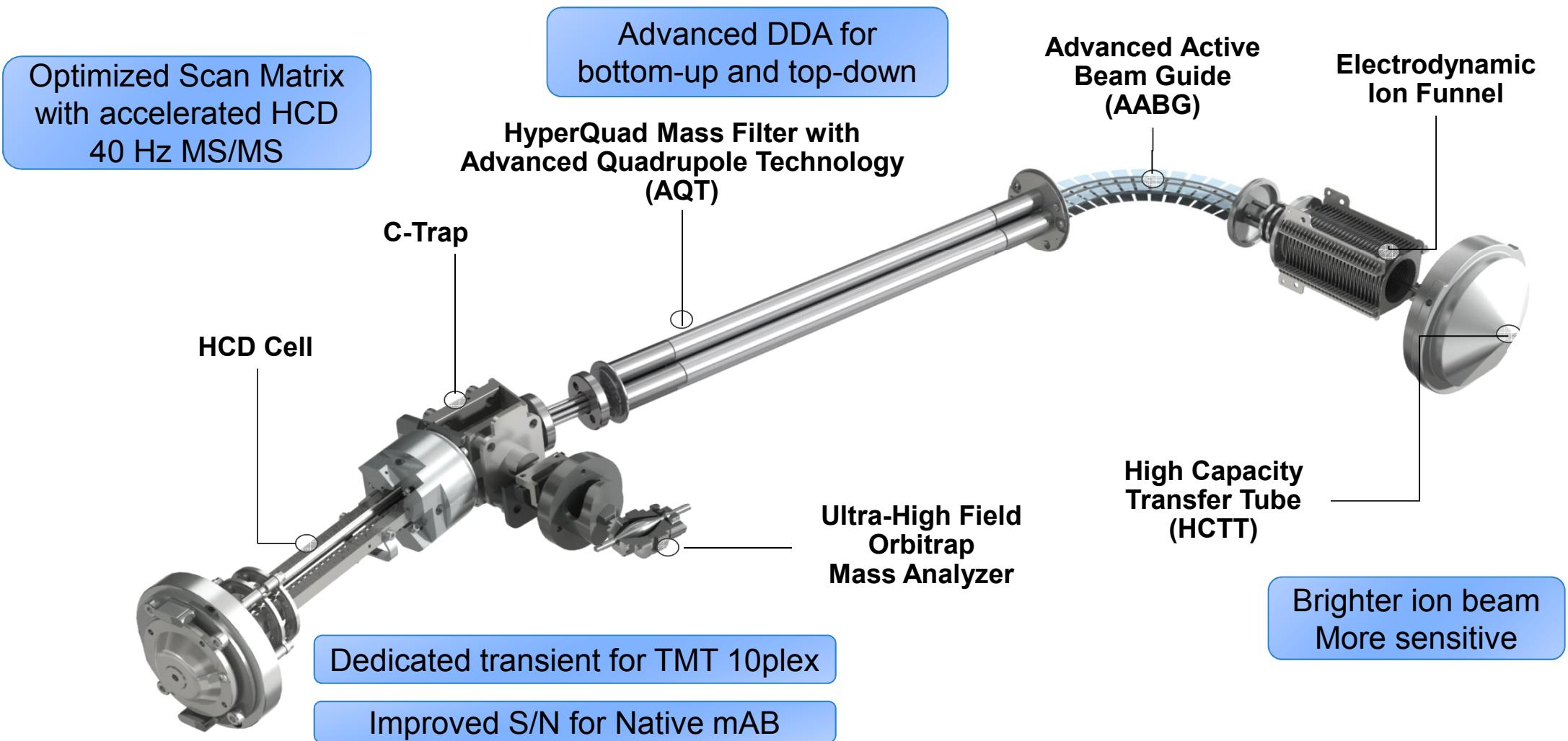
More Identifications with Less Sample

What if I am sample limited?

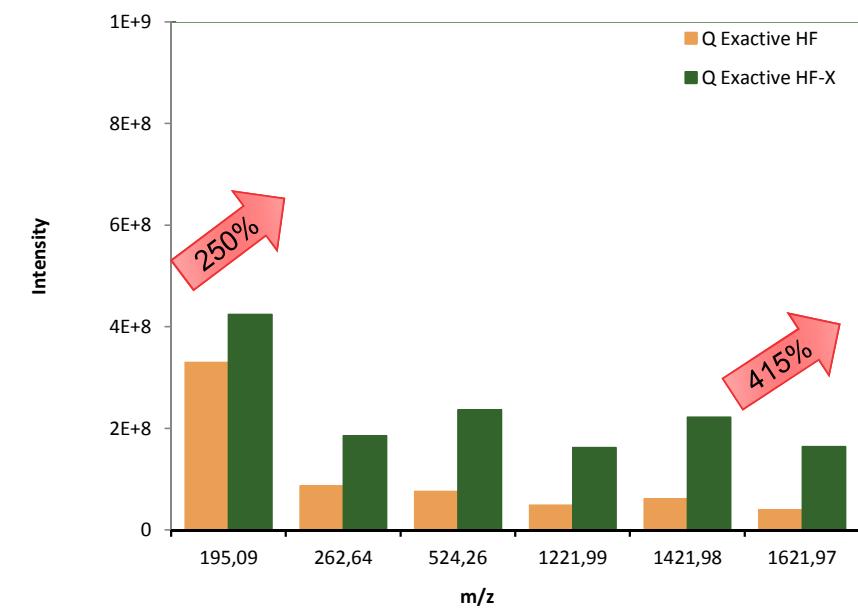
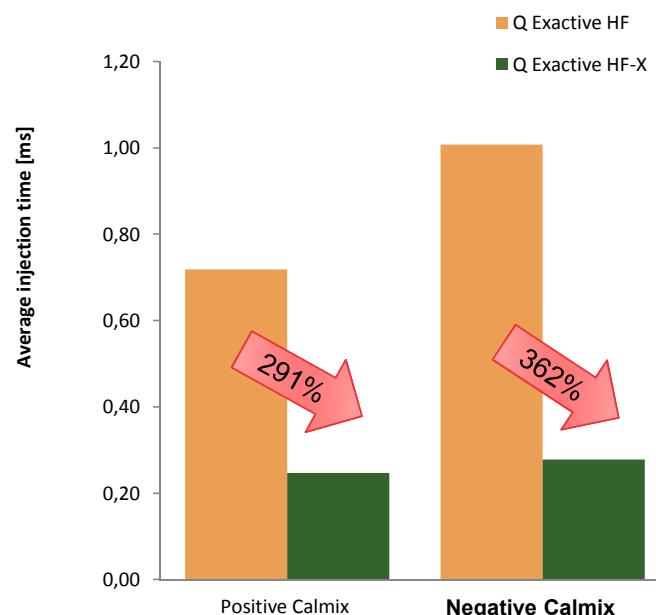
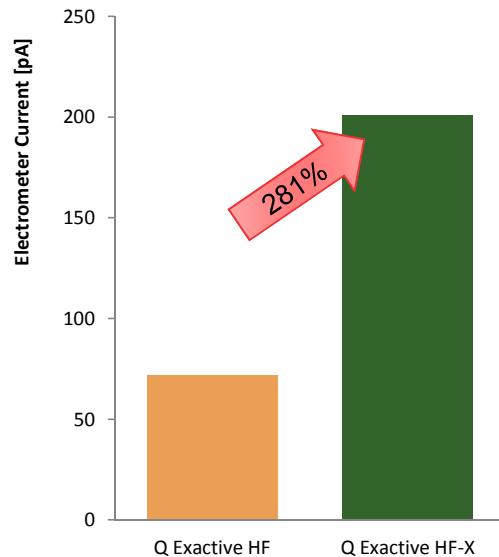
Q Exactive HF™ 60 min gradient



Q Exactive HF-X – new architecture



Improvement of sensitivity – direct infusion

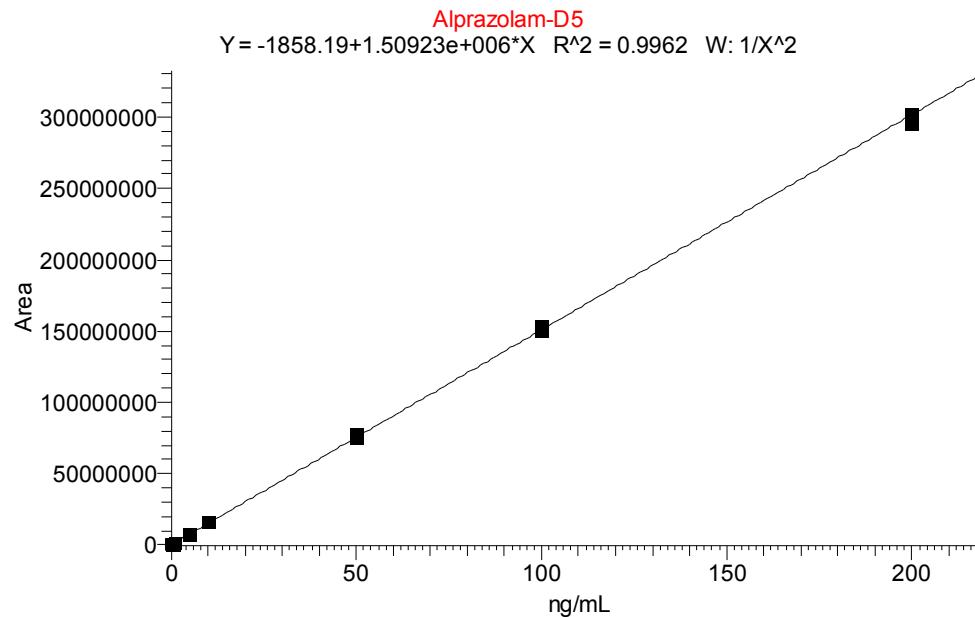


Electrometer current

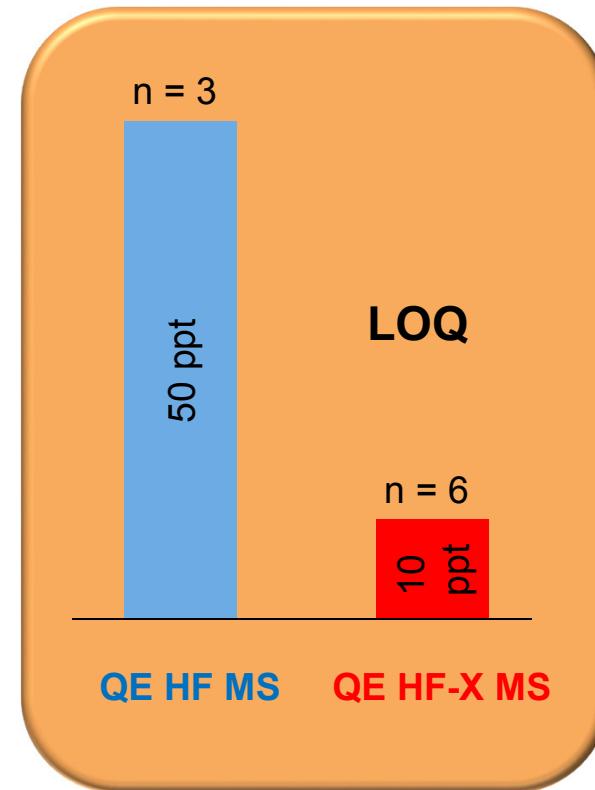
Ion intensities

ASMS'17: TP 389, T.N. Arrey et al. New innovations implemented on the Q Exactive HF mass spectrometer.

Sensitivity and Linear Dynamic Range in Quantitation



- tSIM, Resolution 60K, maxIT 119ms, Iso 8 amu
- 3 replicates
- Sample: **Alprazolam** spiked into crashed plasma
- LOQ = $10 \text{ fg}/\mu\text{L} = 10 \text{ ppt}$
- Range = $10 - 200,000 \text{ pg/mL}$

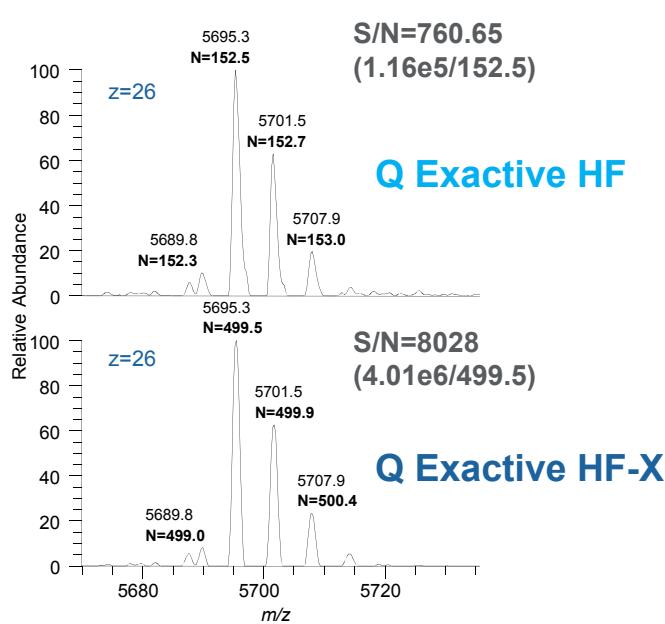
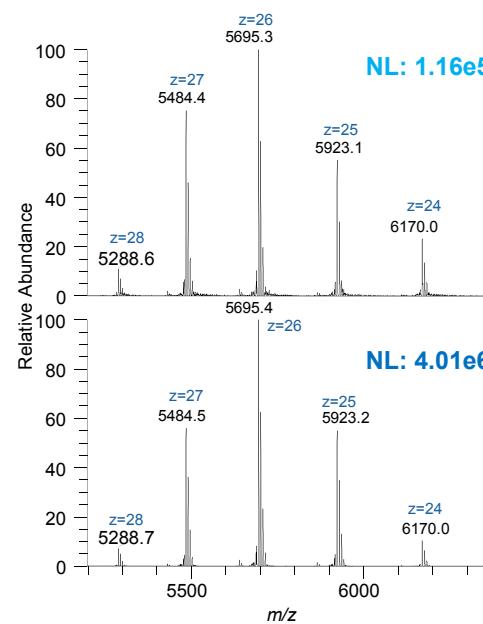


>10⁴ linear dynamic range - LOQ at low ppt level

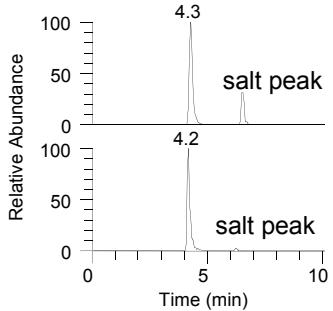
ASMS'17: TP 389, T.N. Arrey et al. New innovations implemented on the Q Exactive HF mass spectrometer.

Analysis of Intact Trastuzumab under Native Conditions in HMR Mode

Improved S/N ratio on the Q Exactive HF-X by a factor of ~5-10.



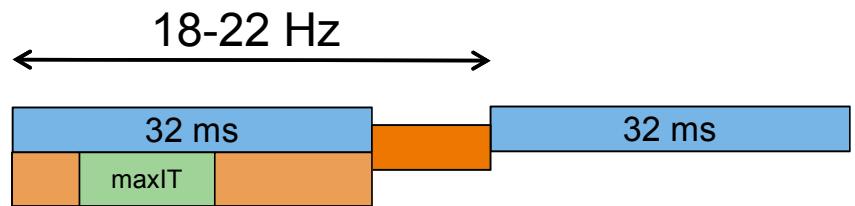
TIC, size exclusion chromatography using Acclaim SEC column



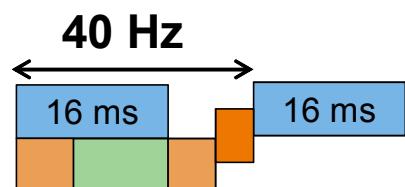
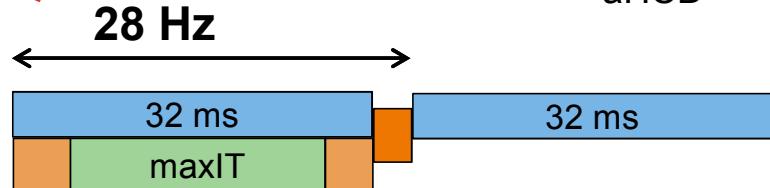
SEC-LC/MS analysis of intact Trastuzumab monoclonal antibody using Acclaim SEC column, 4.6 x 300 mm, 300 μ l/min flow rate, 50 mM ammonium acetate. Full MS, HMR mode, m/z 2500–8000, resolution setting 30k, 10 μ scans. Spectra show an average of 3 scans (10 μ scans each).

Optimized Scan Matrix

Q Exactive HF MS/MS



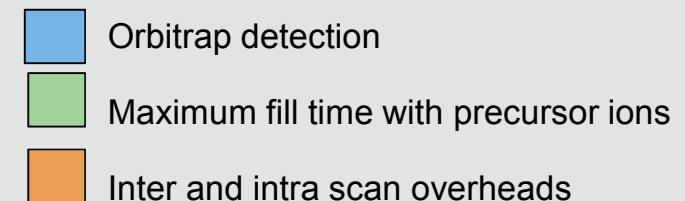
Q Exactive HF-X



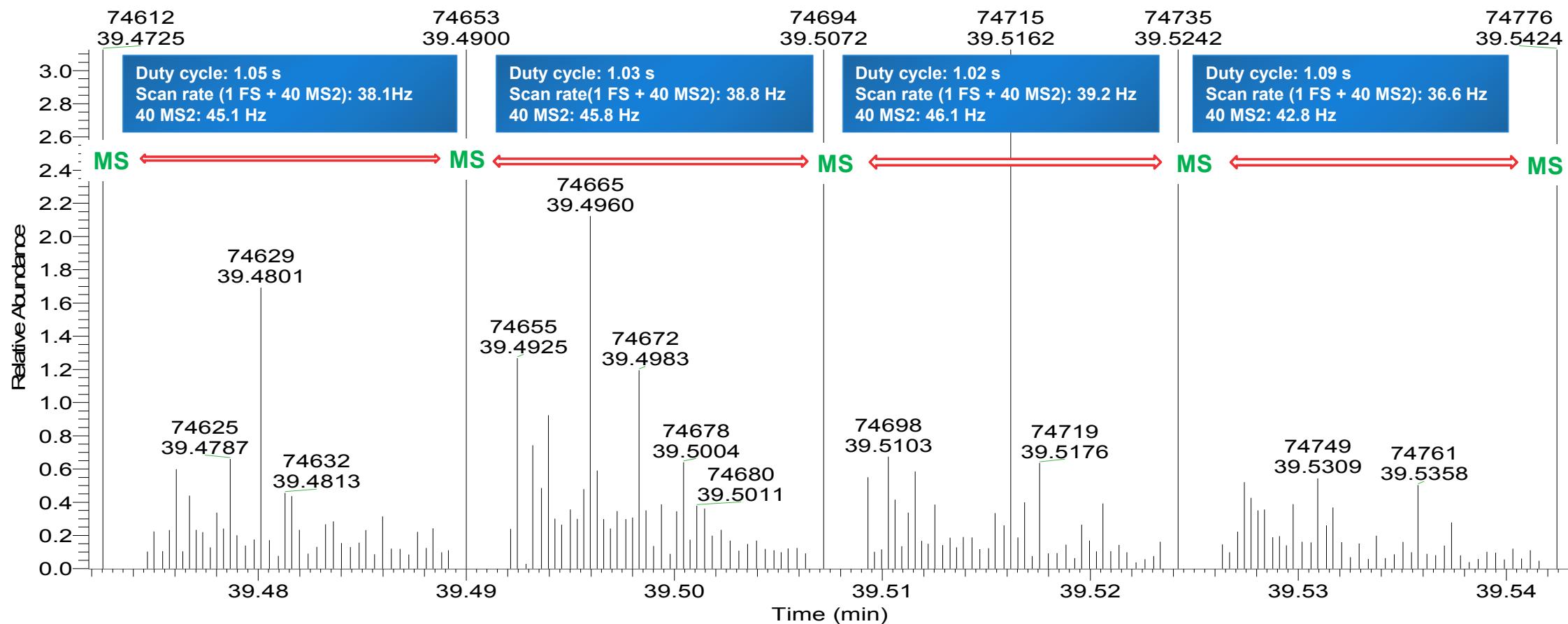
Longer fill time
Reduced scan overhead
aHCD

Comparable fill time
Reduced scan overhead
aHDC

- Brighter ion beam, reduced scan overhead, and accelerated HCD (aHCD) is boosting acquisition speed
- Advantage for both MS and MS/MS mode
- Fast and high quality MS/MS acquisition up the 40 Hz with new 16 msec transient (7,500 resolution setting)



Ultra Fast MS/MS Scan Speed > 40 Hz

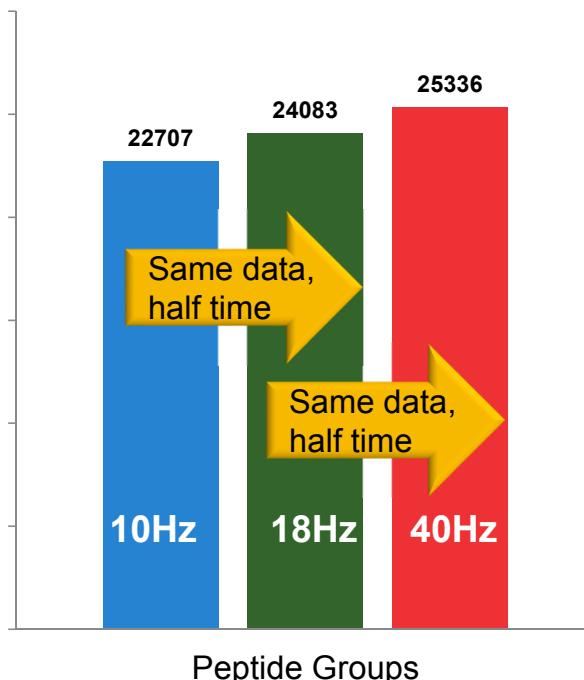


1 full scan (60,000 @ m/z 200) and 40 MS² scans 7,500@ m/z 200) at LC time scale in 1 second.
30 min gradient, MS2 max IT: 11 ms

ASMS'17: TP 389, T.N. Arrey et al. New innovations implemented on the Q Exactive HF mass spectrometer.

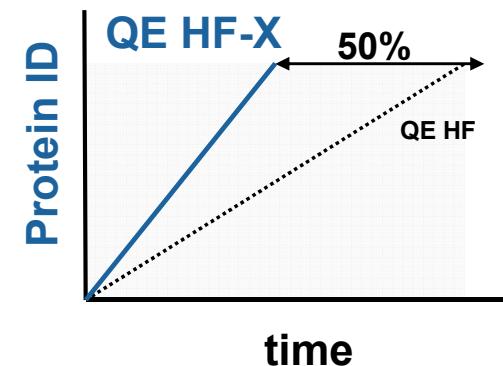
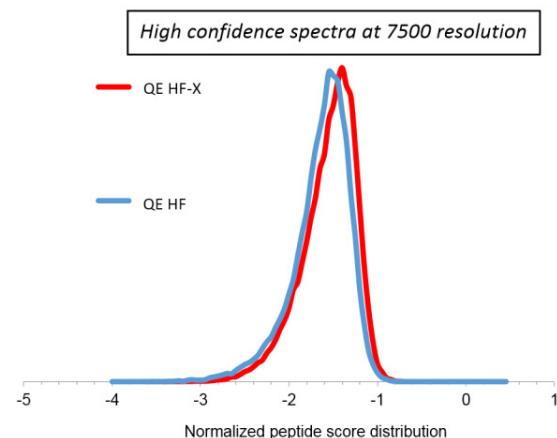
Protein identification faster than ever

- Q Exactive Plus MS 120 min
- Q Exactive HF MS 60 min
- Q Exactive HF-X MS 30 min



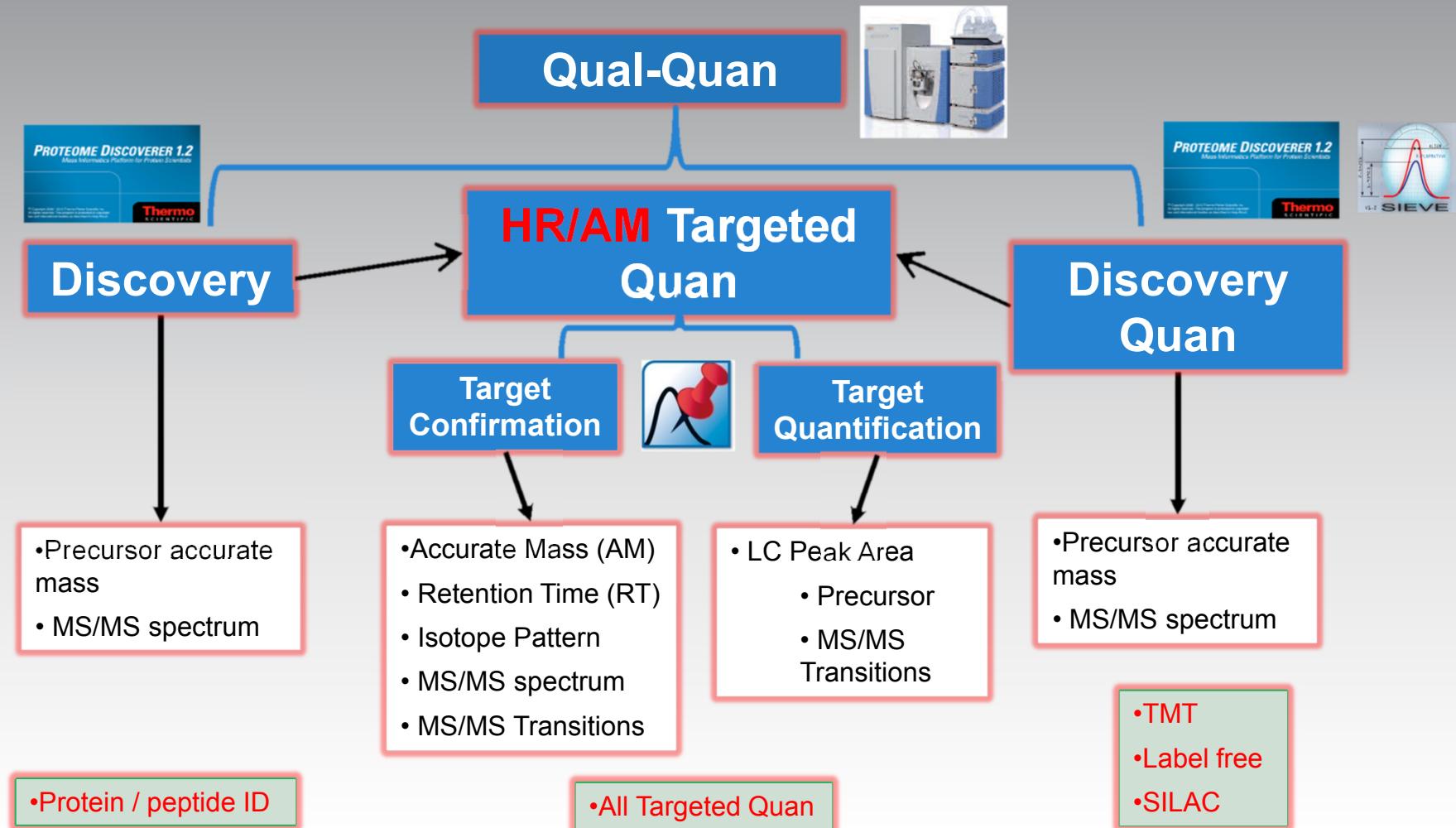
Sample: 1 ug Pierce HeLa digest

- Maximizing protein identifications
- Same protein identifications in half the analysis time
- Faster, with same high quality results

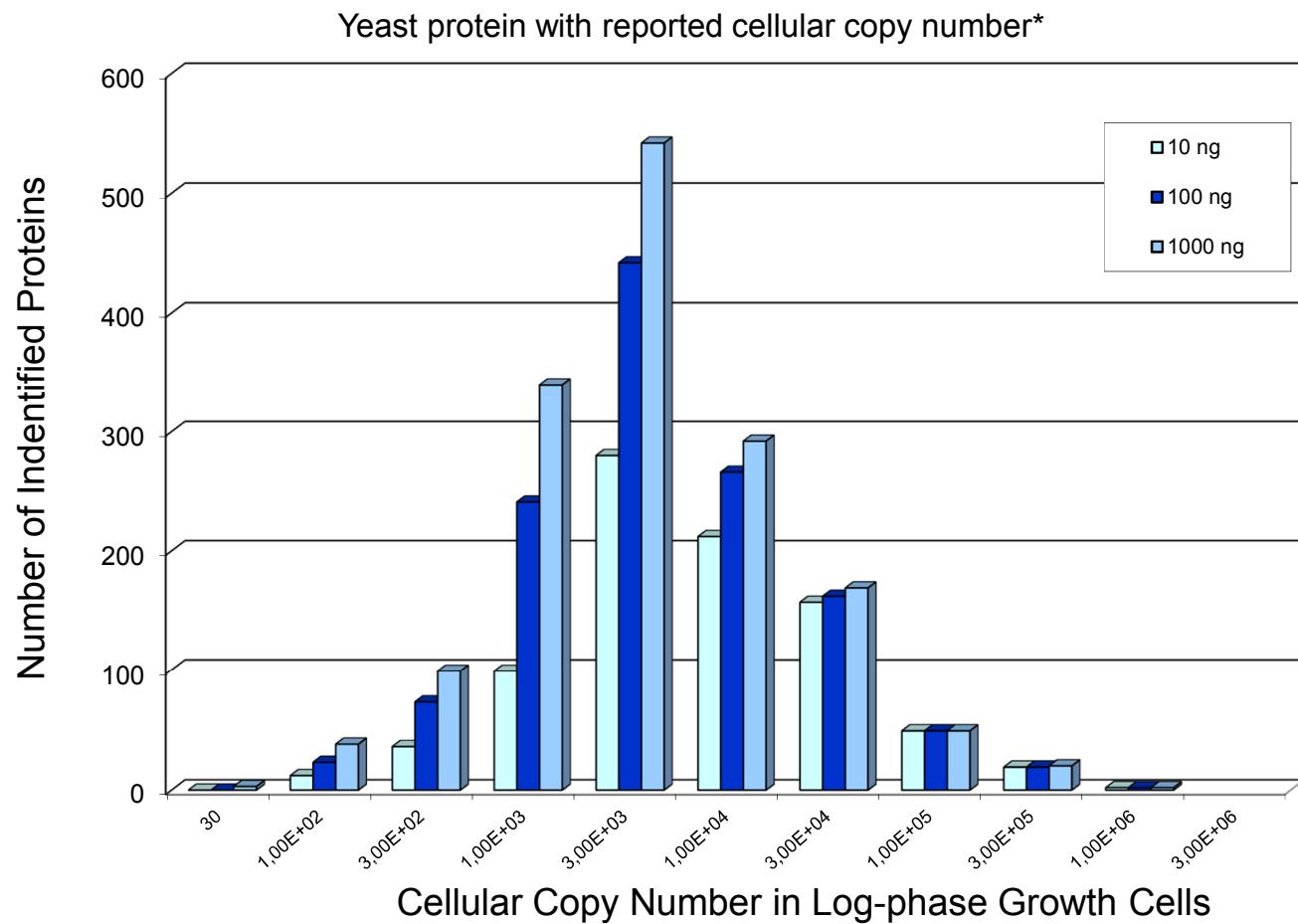


ASMS'17: TP 389, T.N. Arrey et al. New innovations implemented on the Q Exactive HF mass spectrometer.

From Discovery to Quantification - do it all with a Q Exactive



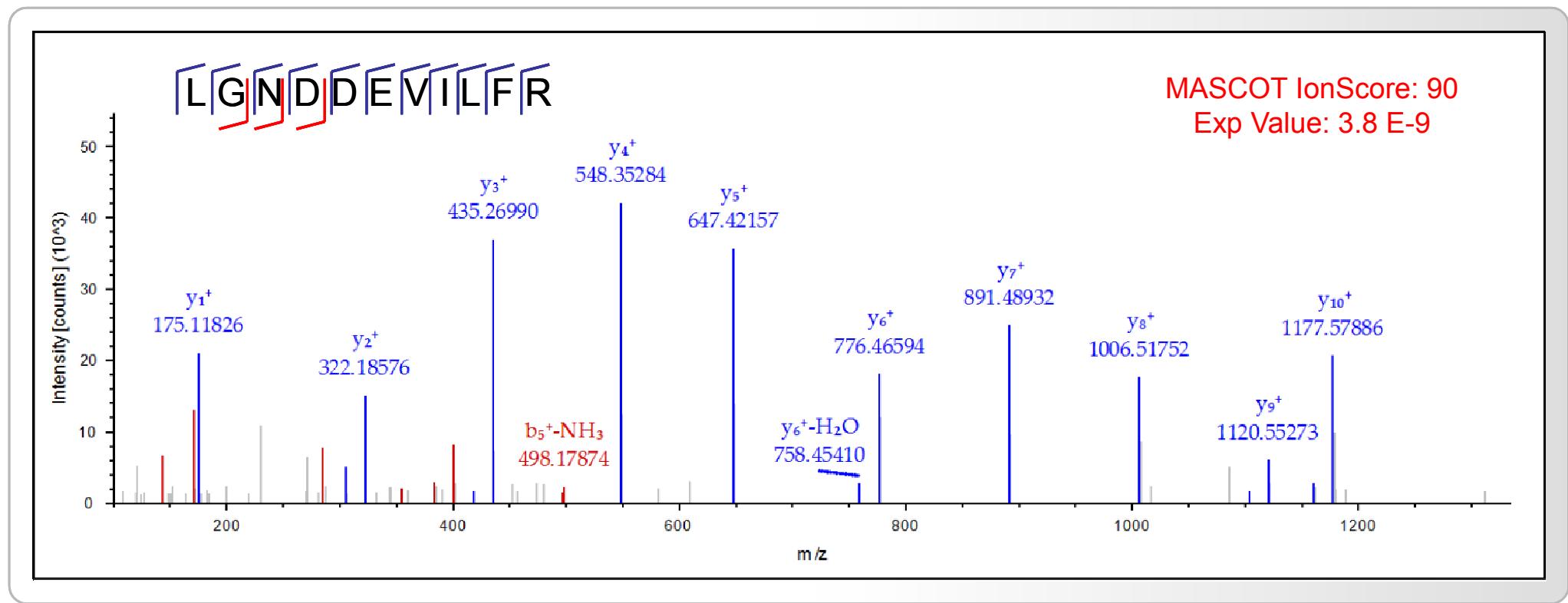
The Power of Q Exactive to Access the Low-abundant Proteins



*Yeast cellular protein copy numbers are from Weissman and co-workers, Nature, 2003, 16, 737-41.

Low-abundant Protein Identified from Low Sample Load

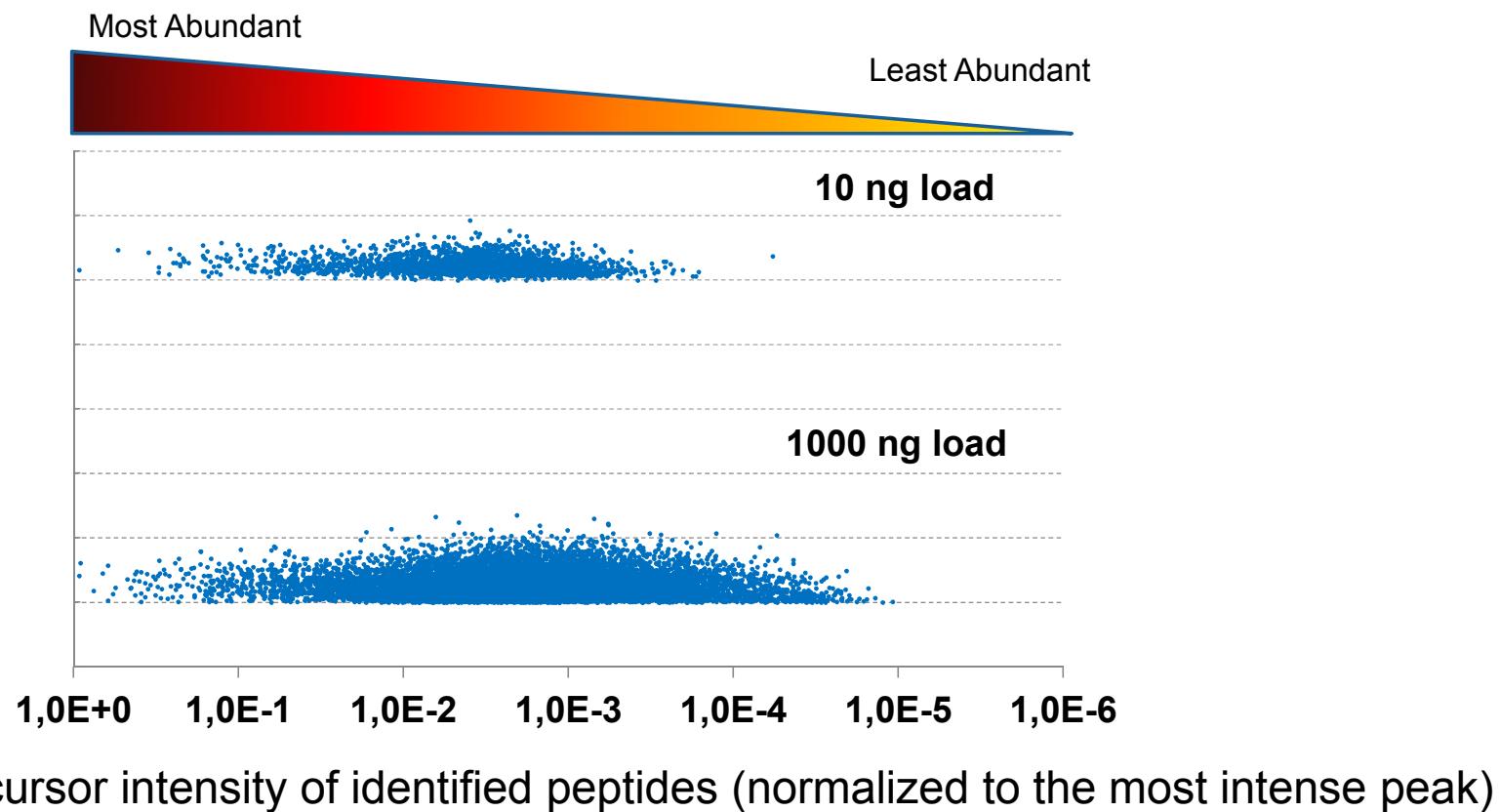
High confidence identification from 10 ng of Yeast Digest



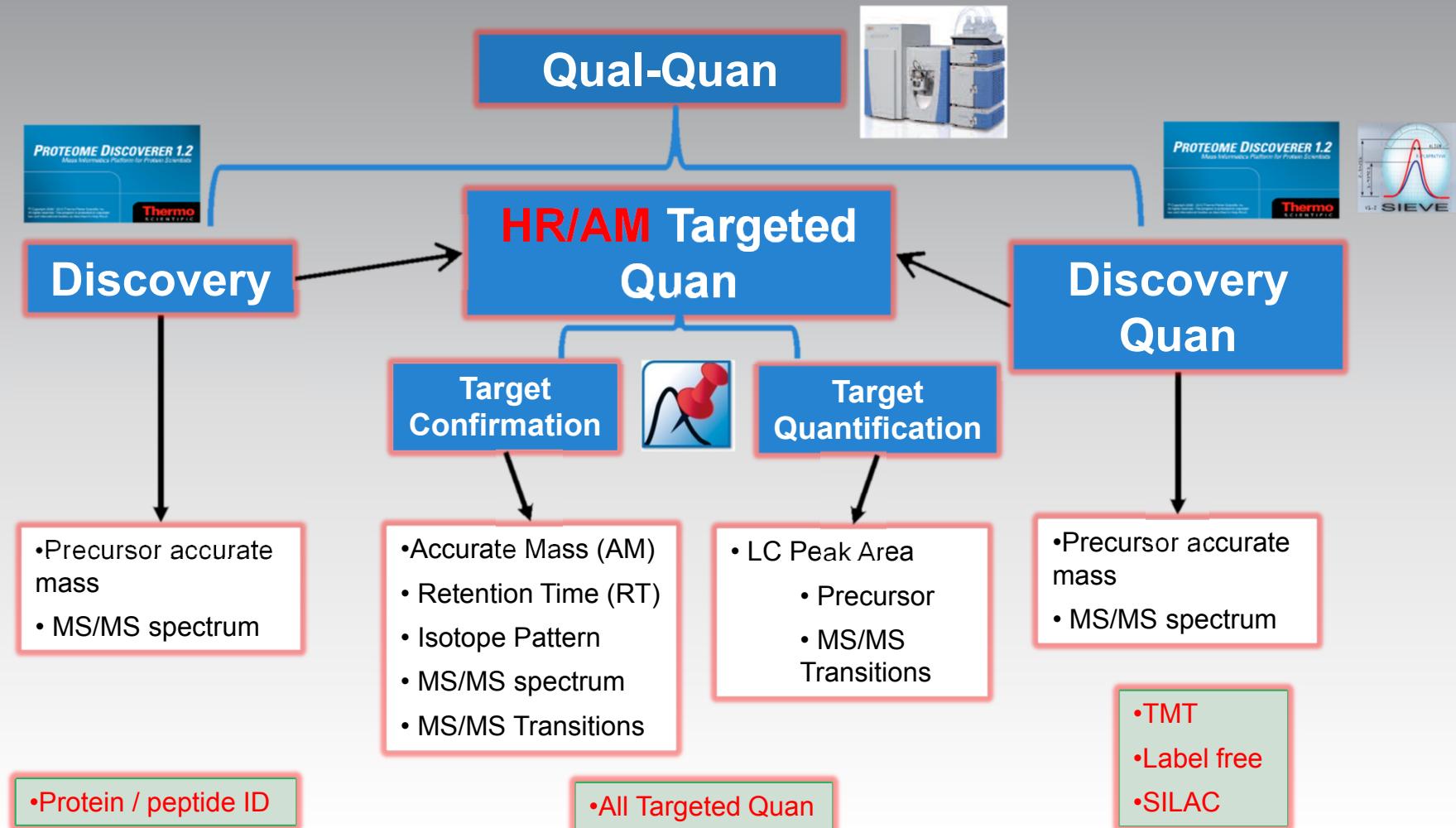
Peptide of YOR020C, **149** copy number, identified from **10 ng** yeast digest

Larger dynamic range leads to deeper sequencing

Q Exactive raises the challenge in discovery proteomics to the next level – identifying the proteins that matter.

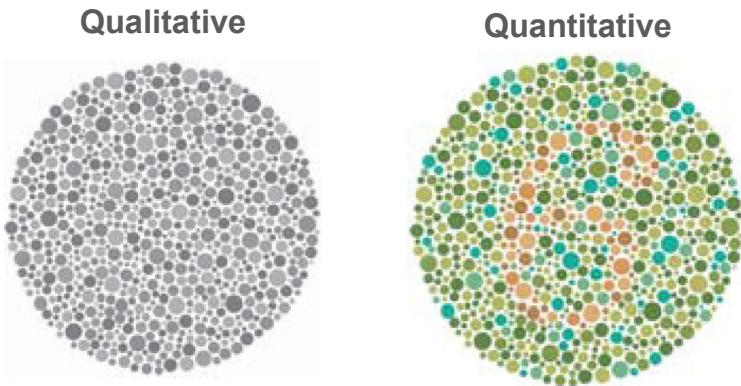


From Discovery to Quantification - do it all with a Q Exactive



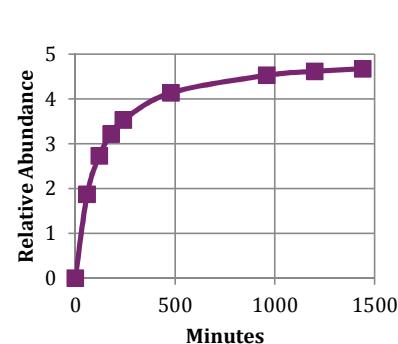
Moving Beyond Qualitative Proteomics

Problem: Quantitative information about expression level of a protein is essential to understanding its biological role in response to change or disease.

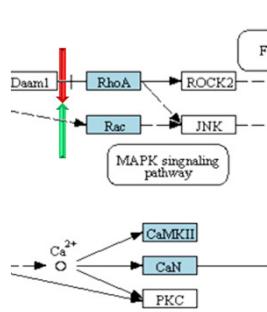


Add another dimension to any experiment by determining the relative abundance of each identified protein

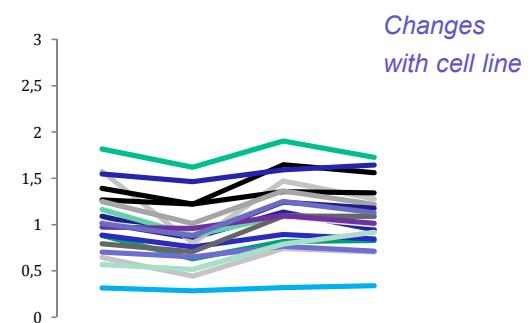
Alterations in expression can reveal a meaningful biological pattern not apparent in a pure identification experiment, which provides only a list of detected proteins



Changes
with time



Changes
with treatment

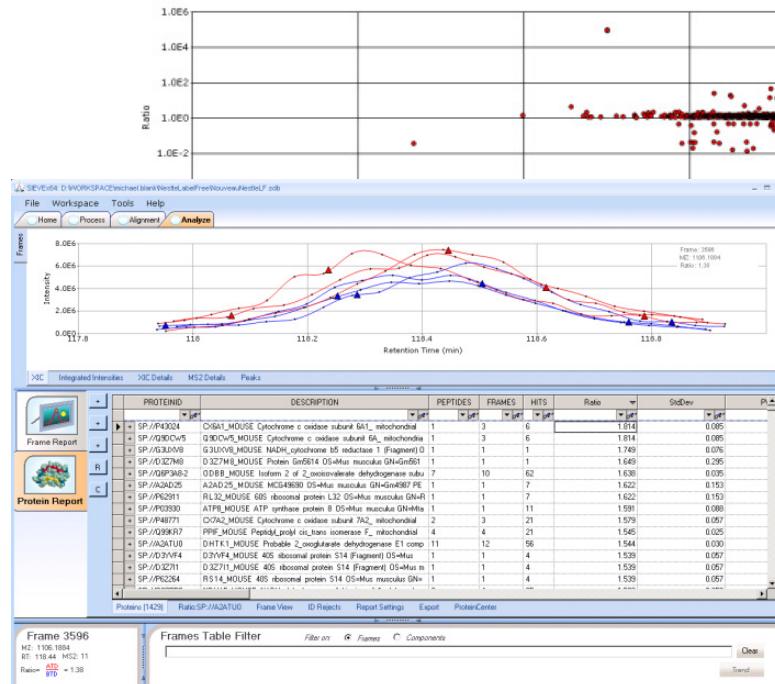


Changes
with cell line

Label Free Quantitation

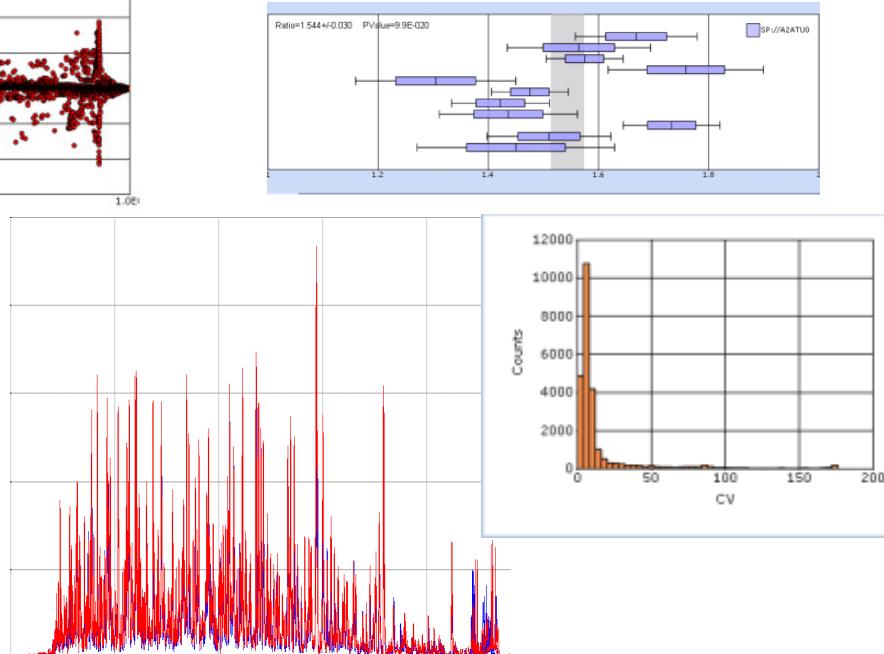
Several well established pipelines for the quantitation of label-free data from a data dependent (or DDA informed DIA experiment) exist. Among these:

SIEVE 2.2



Label Free

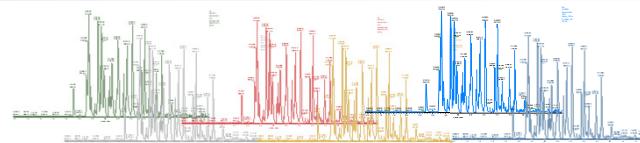
- Multiple LC/MS Runs
- Compare a few conditions
- Requires replicate sample material



Label Free Quantitation

Problem: Requires multiple LC/MS analyses and is thus sample intensive

A differential analysis of 2 biological conditions with 3 technical replicates each would require **six** LC/MS injections and analyses:



Problem: Substantial instrument time to compare only a few conditions simultaneously

Comparing just two conditions with a two hour gradient would take more than 14 hours of instrument time



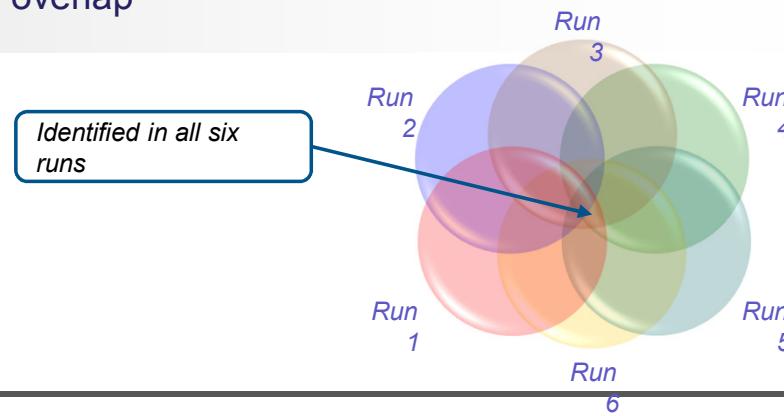
Problem: Irreproducibility due to less than 100% sample overlap

Even with 85% overlap run to run

AND

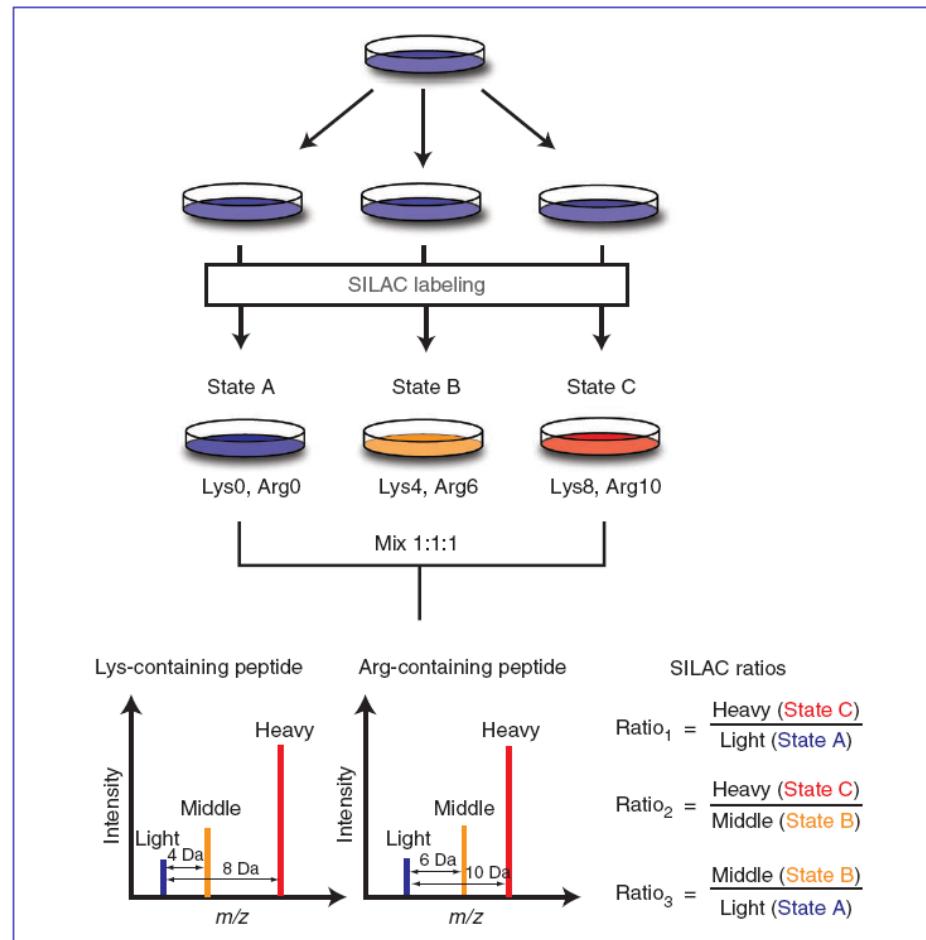
4000 proteins identified in each run

...less than 2500 common proteins



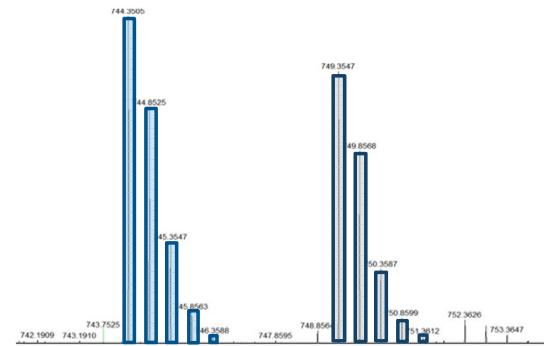
Improving Quantitation Throughput: SILAC

SILAC Workflow



Geiger T., et al, Nature protocols(2011):147-157

SILAC MS1 Quantitation



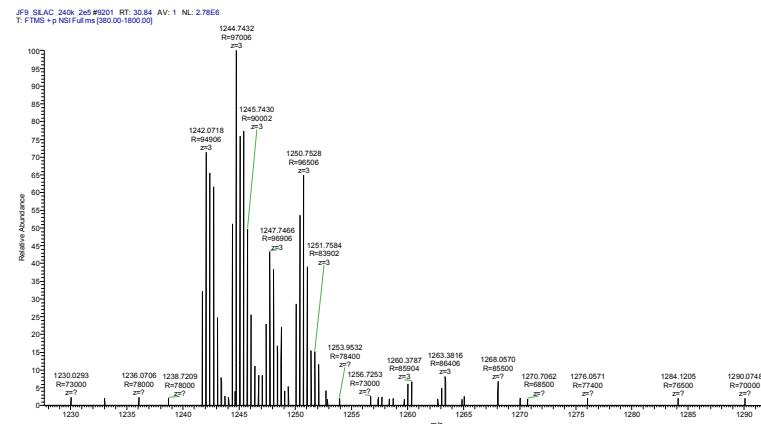
Stable Isotope Labeling by Amino Acids in Cell Culture (SILAC)

- Low variation between samples
- Requires Hi-Res Mass Spectrometry
- Compare up to 3 conditions
- Applicable to cell culture
- Peptide ID not required

SILAC Quantitation

Problem: Increases MS1 Spectral Complexity

High resolution and intelligent precursor selection (i.e. selection of only one SILAC labeled peptide per pair or triad) is required for best quantitative results



Problem: Requires cell labeling in culture

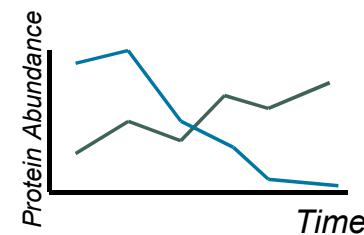
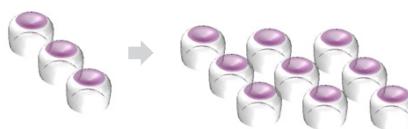
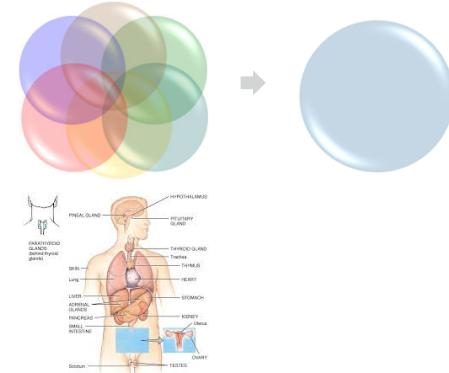
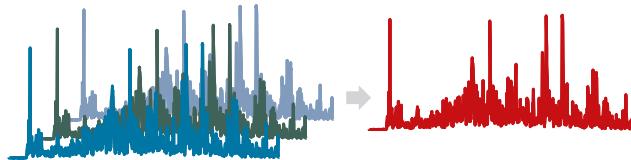
Proteins must be able to be metabolically labelled and thus is not suitable for all organisms/conditions



With SILAC began a trend towards increased multiplexing...

A Better Multiplexing Method—Isobaric Mass Tagging

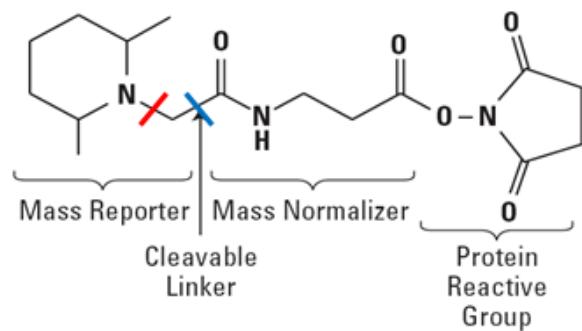
- Less MS1 Complexity
- Increased Throughput
 - Concurrent MS analysis of multiple samples
 - Less consumed samples and less instrument time
- Fewer Missing Values
 - Identification and quantification achieved in a single run
 - No worries about irreproducibility
- Sample Origin Flexibility
 - Samples can be derived from cells, tissues or biological fluids
- Increased Multiplexing
 - Compare more than 3 conditions
- Multiple Comparisons and Improved Statistics
 - Incorporate replicates with multiple conditions: dose-response, time-course, multiple tissues, subcellular fractions, etc



Thermo Scientific Tandem Mass Tag (TMT) Isobaric Tag Family

TMT⁰

Method Development & SRM



- 13C and 15N labeled reporter
- Isotopes balanced between linker region and reporter region keeping all tags exactly isobaric
- Fragments by ETD or HCD
- Up to 10 different tags
- Other reactive tags :Iodo TMT and Aminoxy TMT

TMT

Duplex Quantitation

TMT

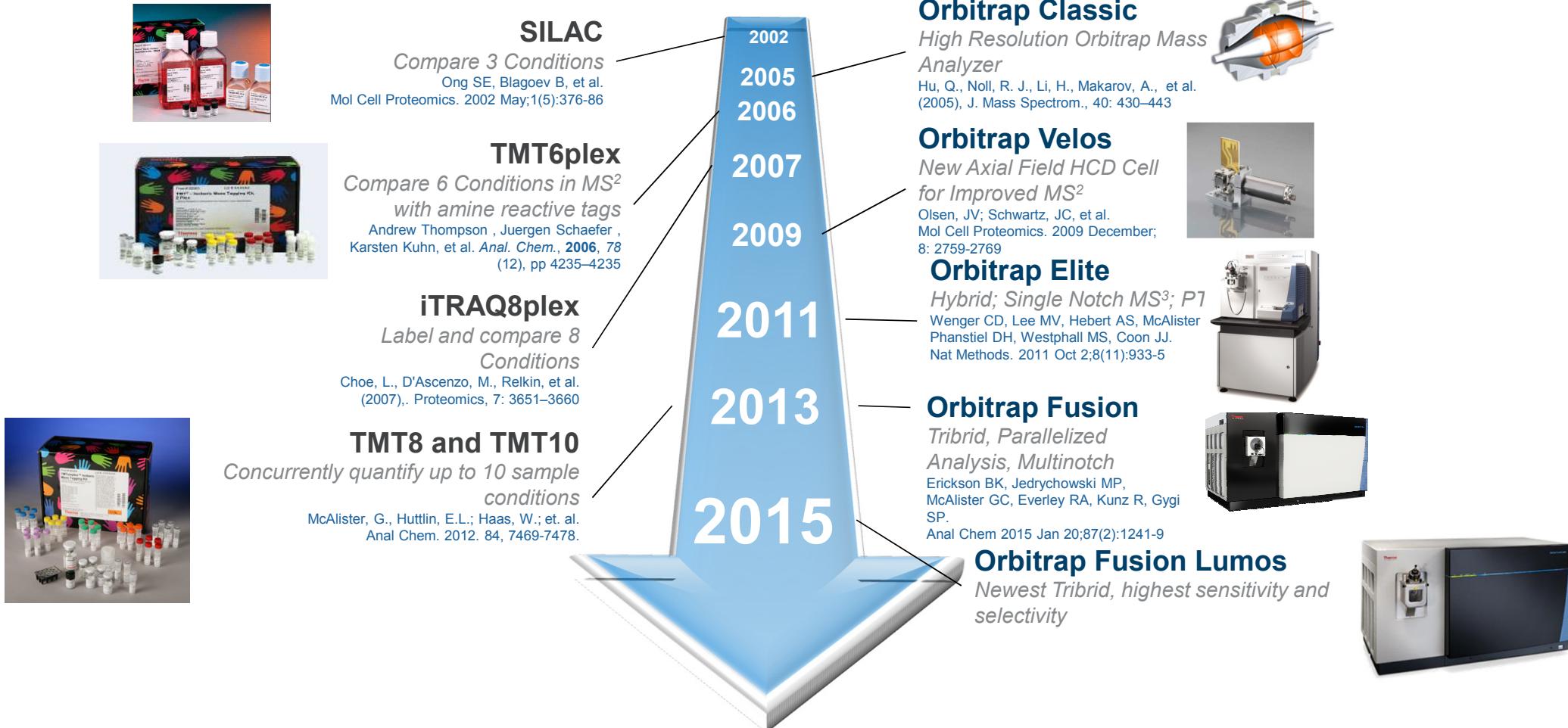
Six Plex Quantitation

TMT

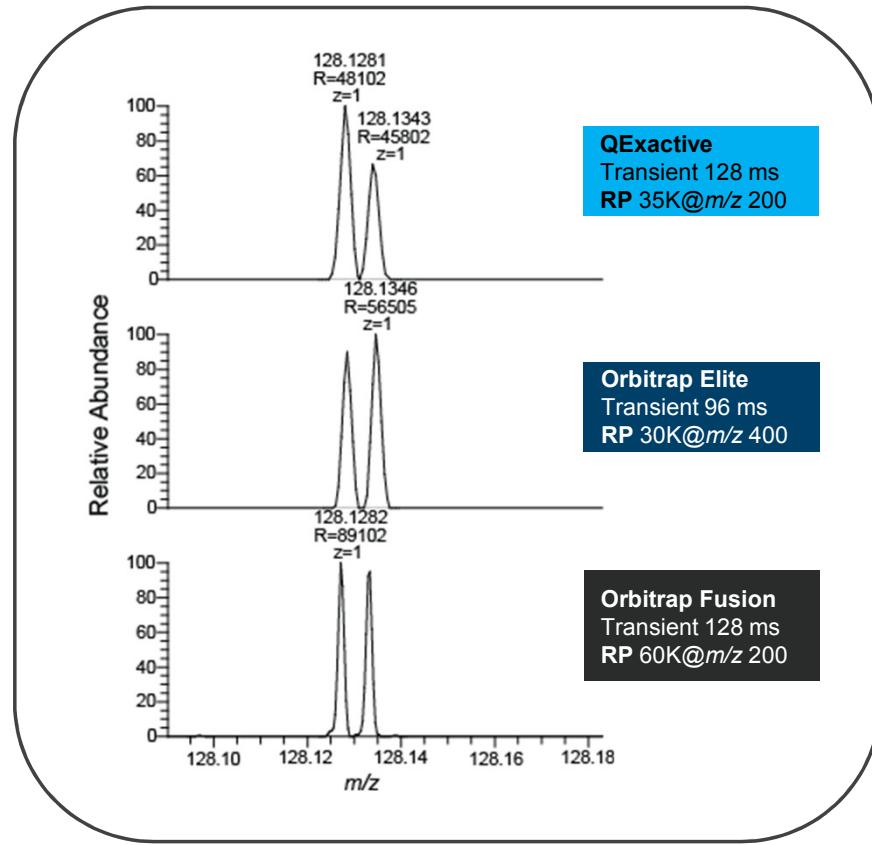
10plex Quantitation

	TMT10-126		
126.1277261			
127.1247610			127.1310809
128.1281158			128.1344357
129.1314706			129.1377905
130.1348254			130.1411453
131.1381802			
		ETD cleavage site	
		HCD cleavage site	

The Multiplexing Revolution –Not Only Consumables...



High Performance Depends Upon High Resolution Instruments



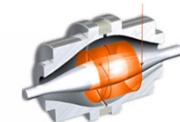
QExactive
Transient 128 ms
RP 35K@m/z 200

Orbitrap Elite
Transient 96 ms
RP 30K@m/z 400

Orbitrap Fusion
Transient 128 ms
RP 60K@m/z 200

HIGH RESOLVING POWER IS
ESSENTIAL FOR ACCURATE
QUANTIFICATION OF THE
TMT10PLEX REAGENTS

Result: Get accurate quantitation using the high resolution of **Orbitrap Mass Analyzer**



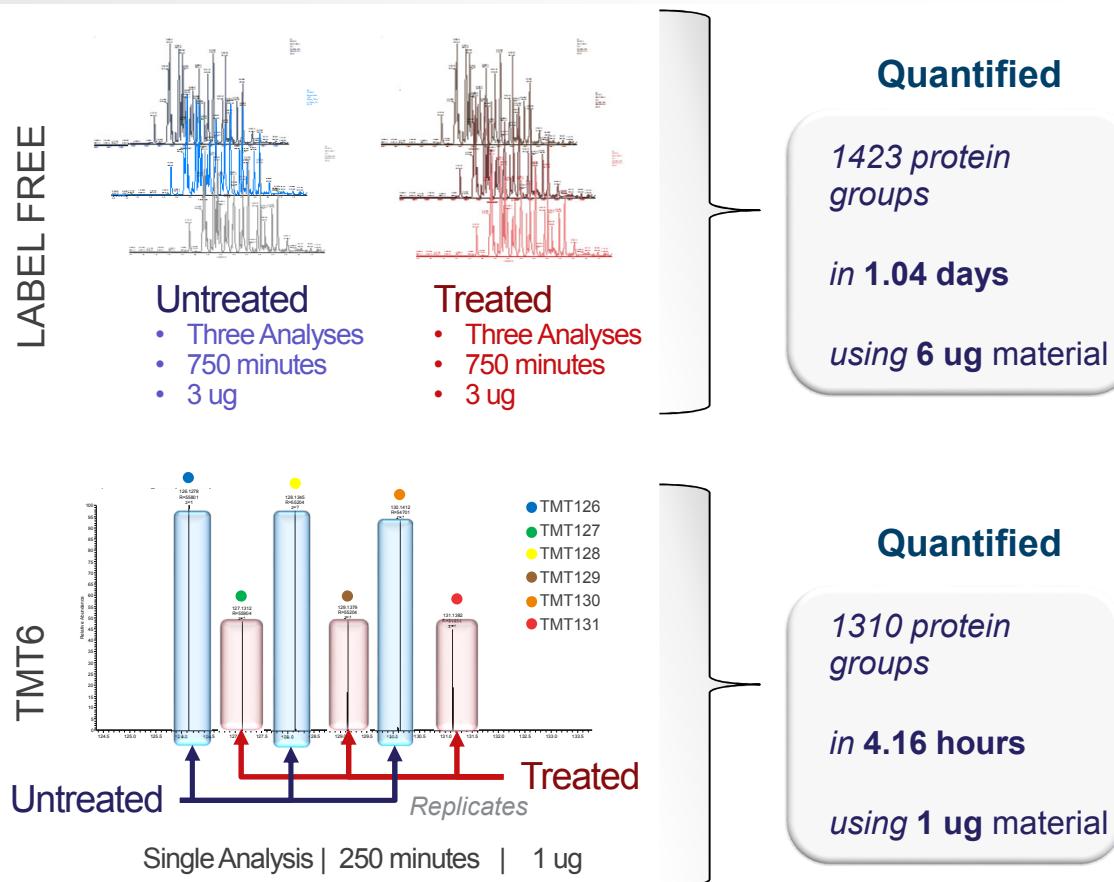
ThermoFisher
SCIENTIFIC

A Real Example

Sample: Mouse mitochondrial extract untreated or treated with phosphatase inhibitor

Orbitrap Elite

- 75 μm x 50 cm PepMap C18
- 210 min gradient: 250 min run
- 1 μg of sample on column



Thermo Poster Note : Liver Mitochondria Proteomics Employing High –Resolution MS Technology; J.Ho. et al

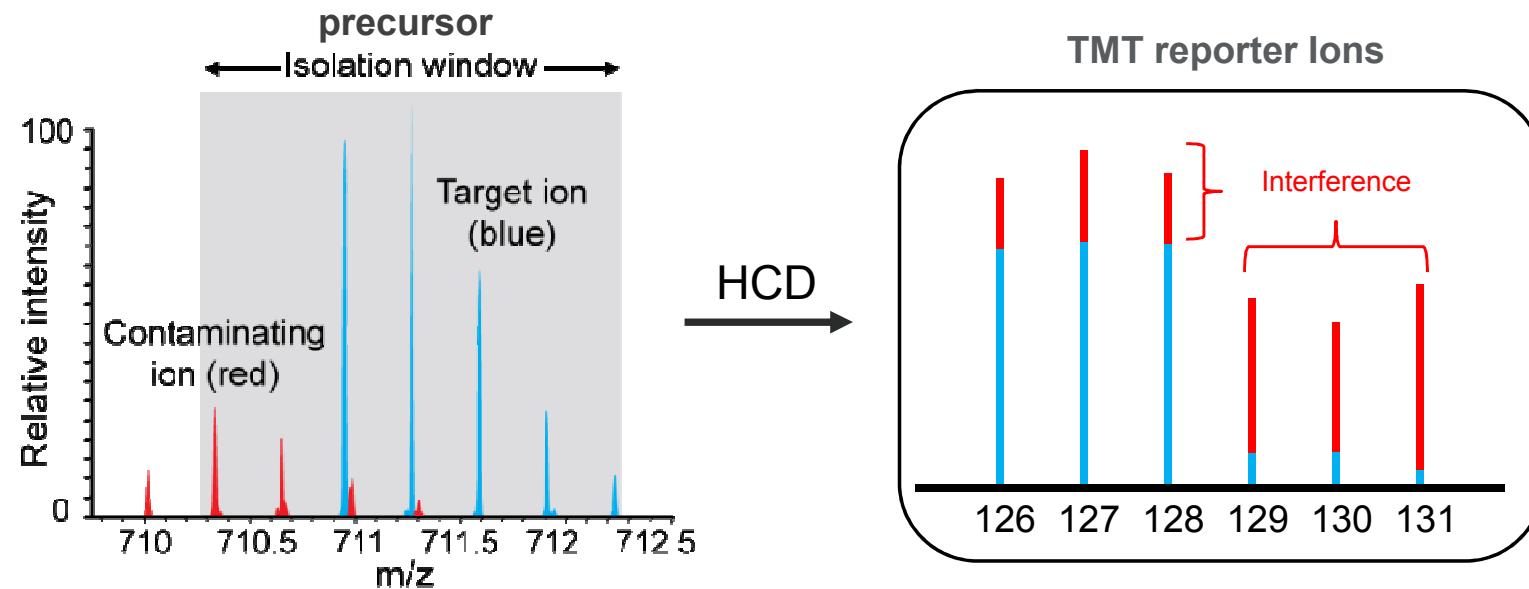
Ratio Distortion with Isobaric Multiplexing

Problem: Quantitation of low-abundance proteins in a complex background is distorted by co-isolated interfering precursor ions

Journal of
research articles **proteome**
research

iTRAQ Underestimation in Simple and Complex Mixtures:
“The Good, the Bad and the Ugly”

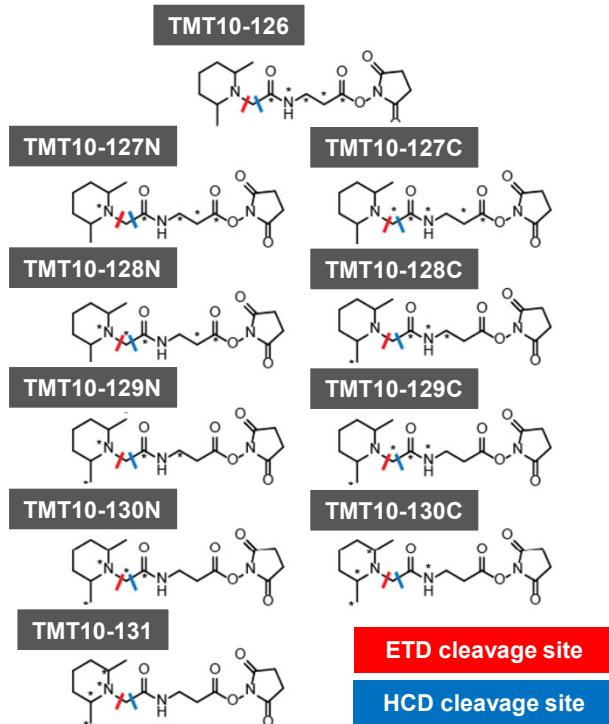
Saw Yen Ow,[†] Malinda Salim,[†] Josselin Noirel,[†] Caroline Evans,^{†,‡} Ishaq Rehman,[†] and Phillip C. Wright^{*,†}



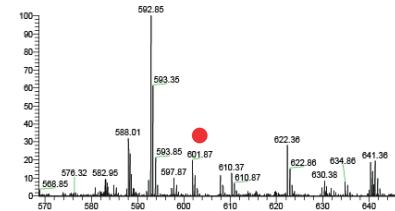
Ow, S.Y. et al. 2009. *JPR* 5347-5355

Ting, L. et al. 2011. *Nature Methods* 8: 937-940

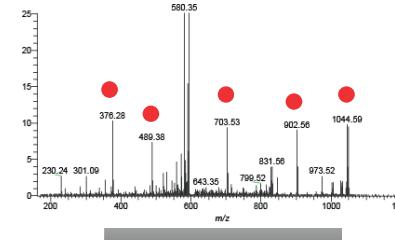
TMT10plex and SPS MS³ for Quantitative Proteomics



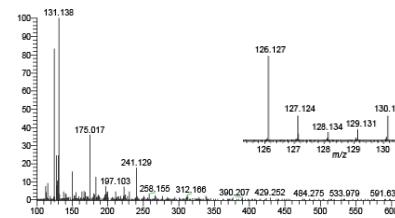
Precursor Ion



Synchronous Precursor Selection

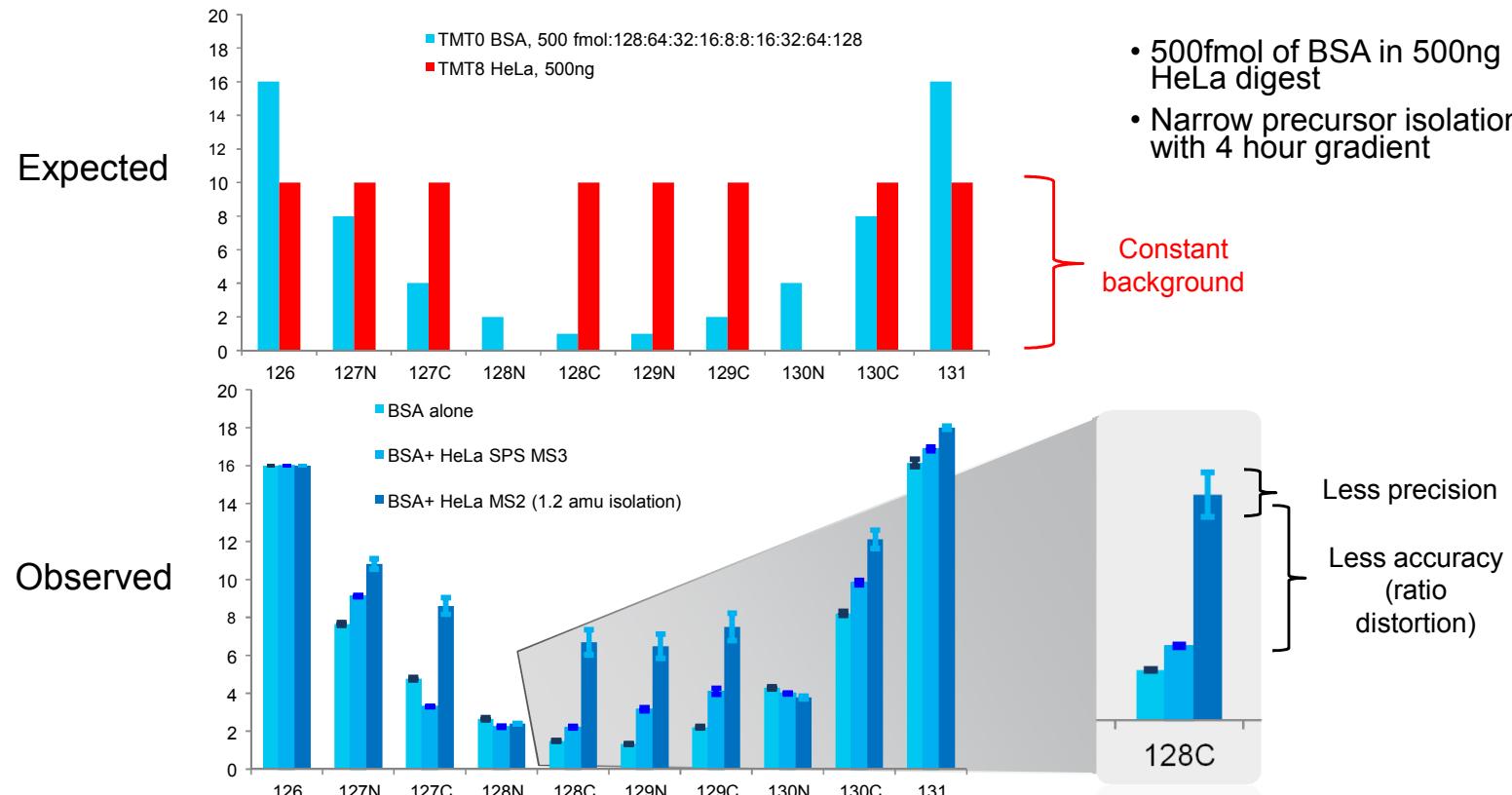


HCD MS³, OT



Achieving accurate and precise quantitation using SPS MS³

Co-isolation of Interfering Ions Affects Accuracy



Results: Best possible accuracy and precision by reducing co-isolated interfering ions.

Orbitrap Fusion Tribrid Mass Spectrometer



The image shows the Orbitrap Fusion Tribrid Mass Spectrometer. It consists of a large, black, rectangular main unit with a white front panel featuring a circular window and a blue vertical strip. A long, articulated robotic arm extends from the bottom left of the main unit, holding three cylindrical components labeled "Mass Analyzers". Below the main unit, there is descriptive text: "Tribrid (trī-brēd) n. three Mass Analyzers working together to produce unmatched analytical results".

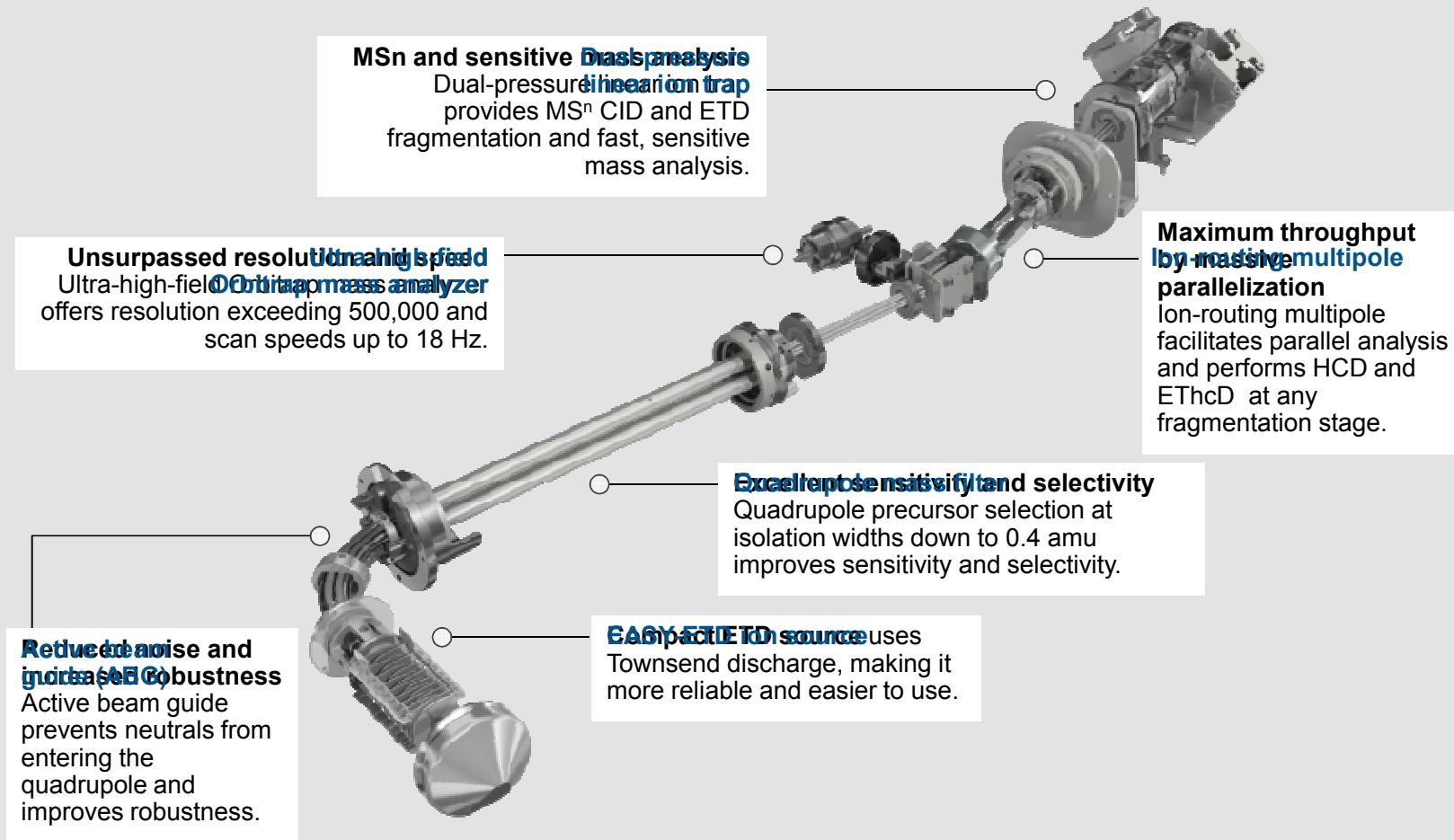
Unmatched Analytical Performance

Revolutionary Performance

Exceptional Versatility

Unprecedented Usability

Orbitrap Fusion Tribrid Mass Spectrometer



Orbitrap Fusion Tribrid Mass Spectrometer



Scan rate OTMS ²	18 Hz
Scan rate ITMS ²	20 Hz
Max resolution	500, 000 at m/z 195
Quad isolation	down to 0.4 amu
Ion trap isolation	down to 0.2 amu
Mass Accuracy	3 ppm ext, 1 ppm int
Dissociation	CID, HCD, ETD, EThcD
MS ⁿ	Up to MS ¹⁰ in ion trap or Orbitrap analyzer
Analyzers	Q, OTMS, ITMS
Detectors	Ion Trap, Orbitrap
Compact	1186 x 674 x 650 mm (w, d, h)

Unmatched Analytical Performance

500,000 Resolution to remove spectral interferences

CID/HCD/ETD/EThcD detected by the **Ion Trap or Orbitrap** analyzer at any level of MSⁿ for maximum experimental flexibility

Powered by the new **Dynamic Scan Management** architecture that ensures efficient operation of the mass spectrometer

Orbitrap Fusion Lumos Tribrid Mass Spectrometer

2015



Unmatched Analytical Performance

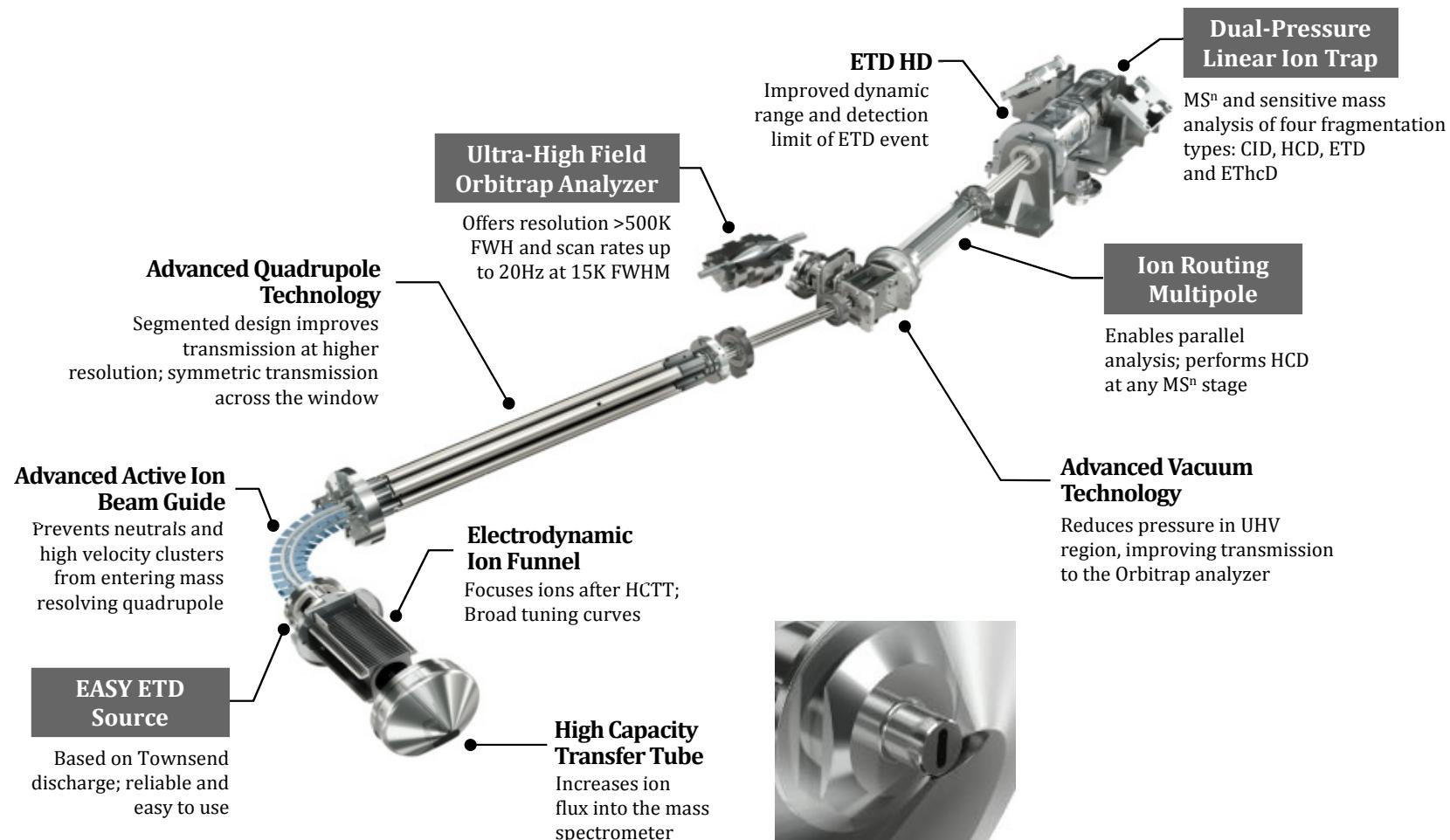
Revolutionary performance

Exceptional versatility

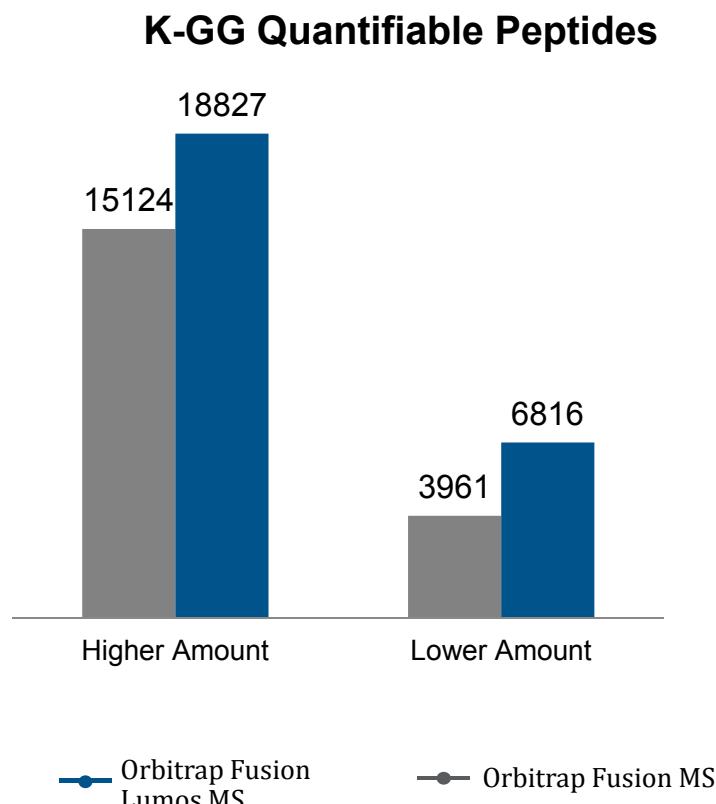
Unprecedented usability

Highest sensitivity

Orbitrap Fusion Lumos Tribrid Mass Spectrometer



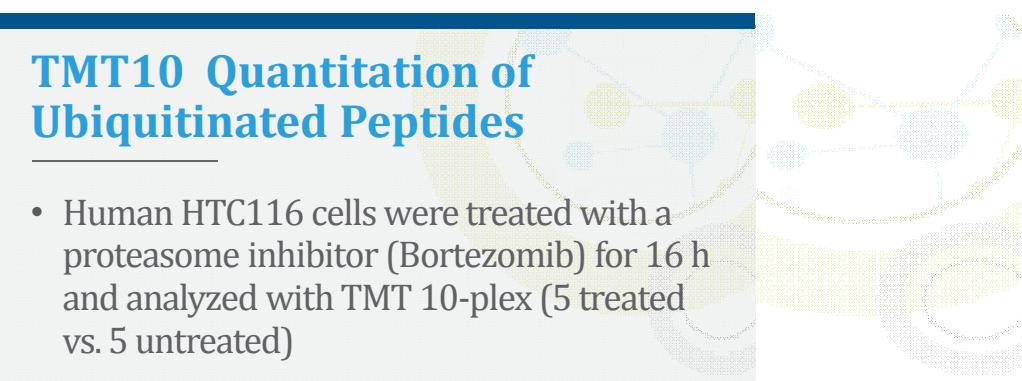
Improved Low Level Quan: Ubiquitinated Peptides



TMT10 Quantitation of Ubiquitinated Peptides

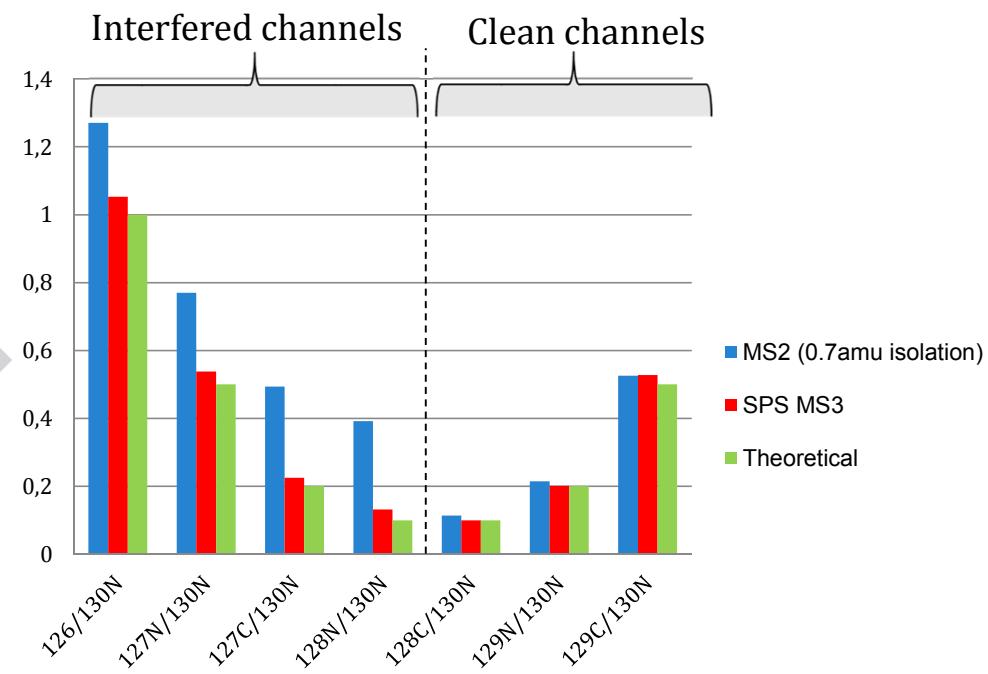
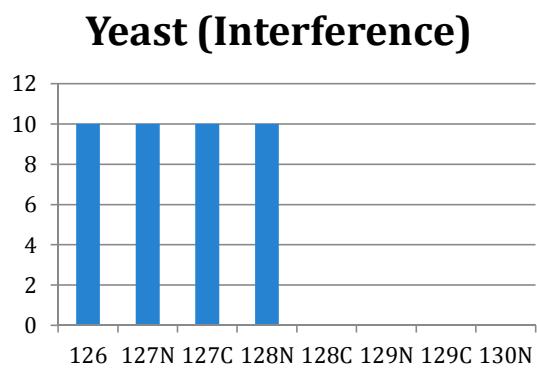
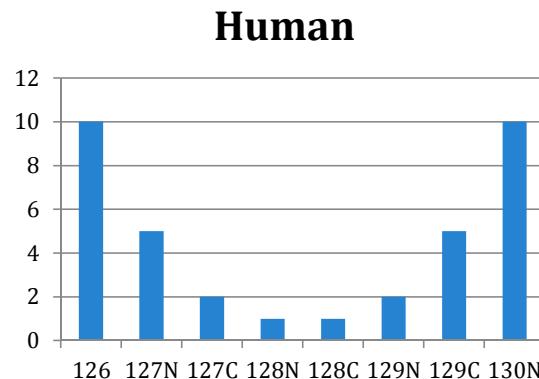
- Human HTC116 cells were treated with a proteasome inhibitor (Bortezomib) for 16 h and analyzed with TMT 10-plex (5 treated vs. 5 untreated)
- Two fractions were prepared
 - With higher amount
 - With lower amount
- 25-73% more quantifiable peptides

ASMS Lecture: Rose et al. Isobaric labeling enables 10-Plex quantitative analysis of ubiquitylated peptides: A diagnostic ion to improve identification and quantification



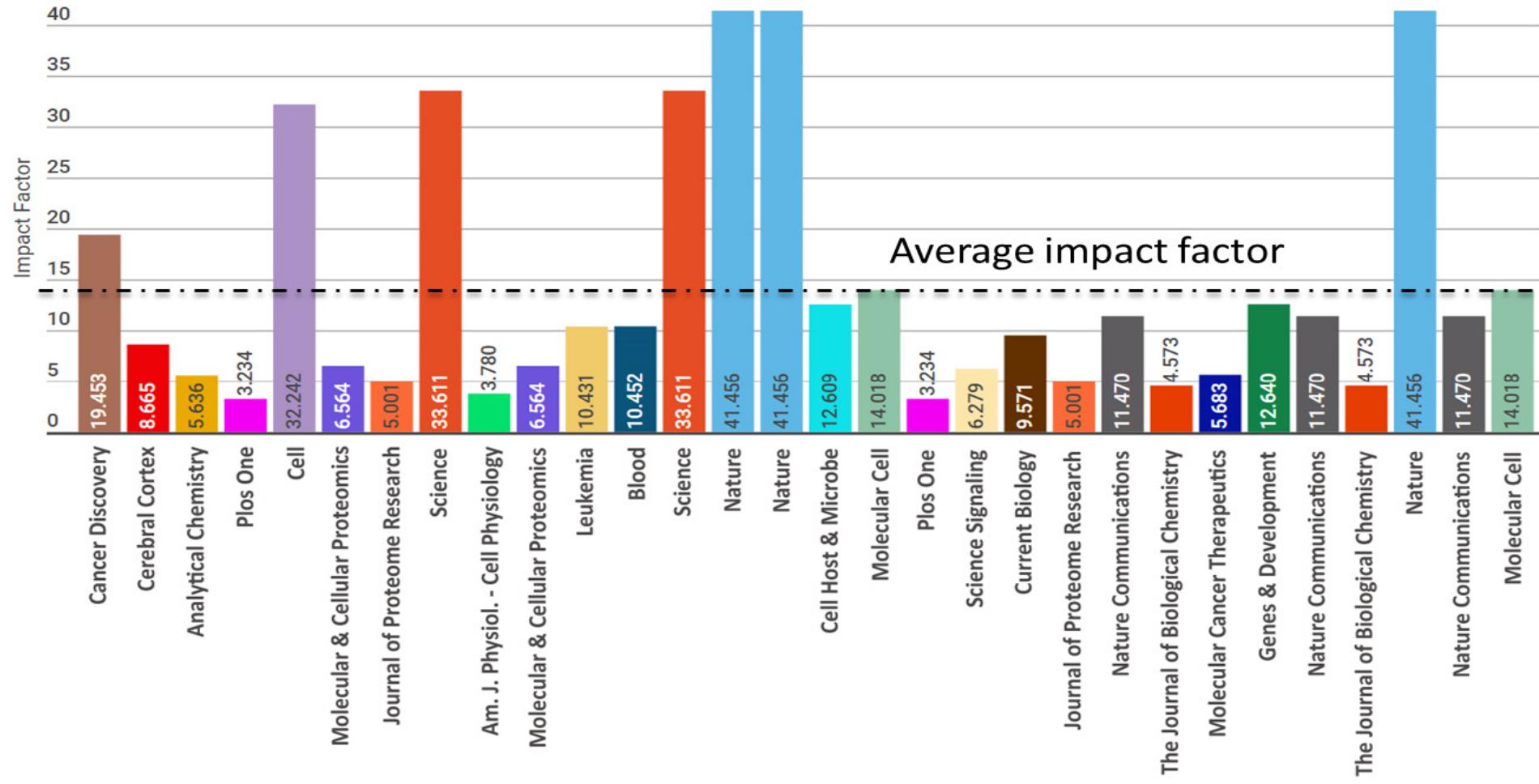
SPS MS³ Quantification on Orbitrap Fusion Lumos MS

Results: Best possible accuracy by reducing co-isolated interferences.

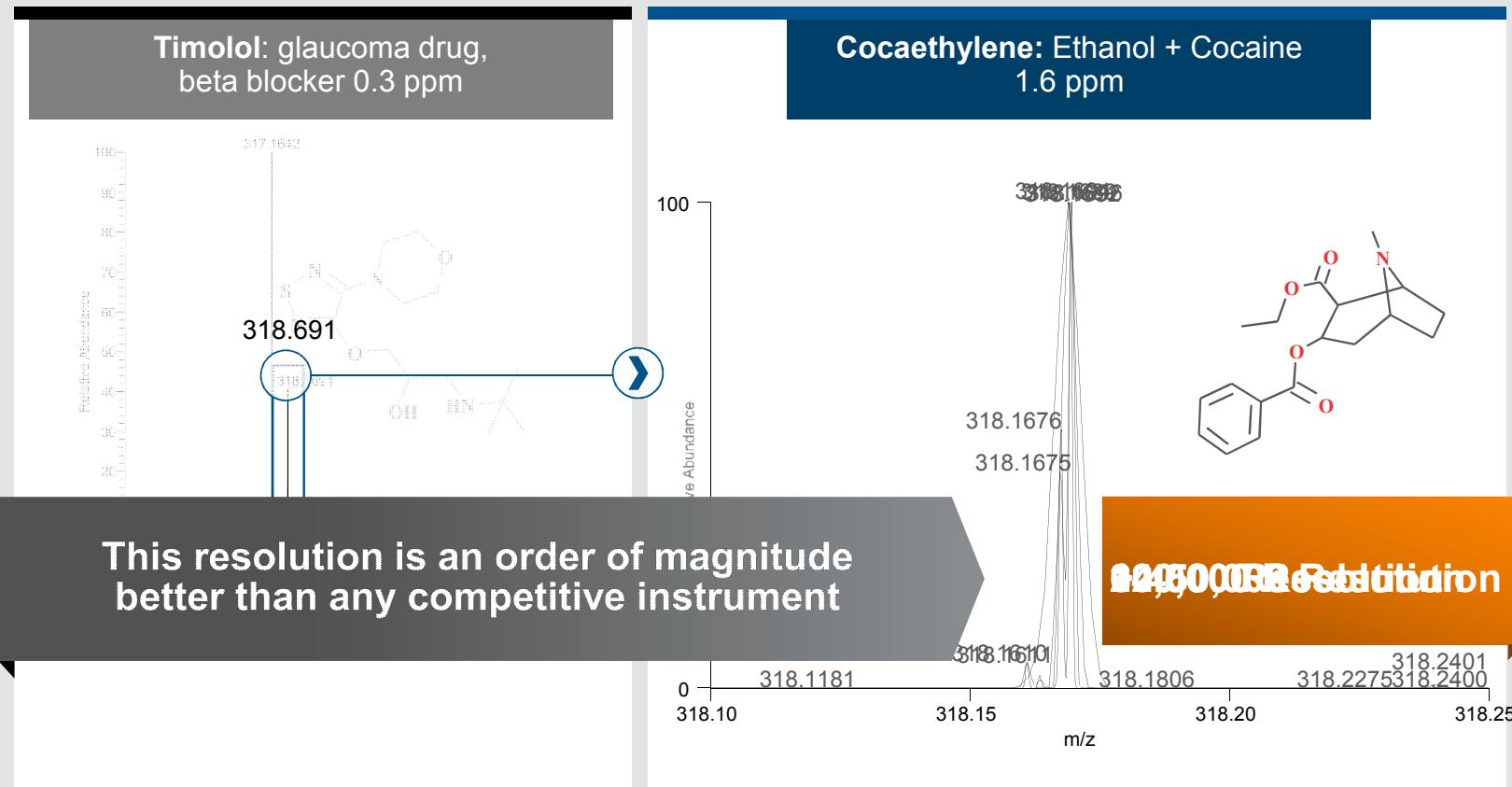


1ug mixture, 4 hr gradient, median ratios

TMT SPS MS³ Publications Have Very High Impact

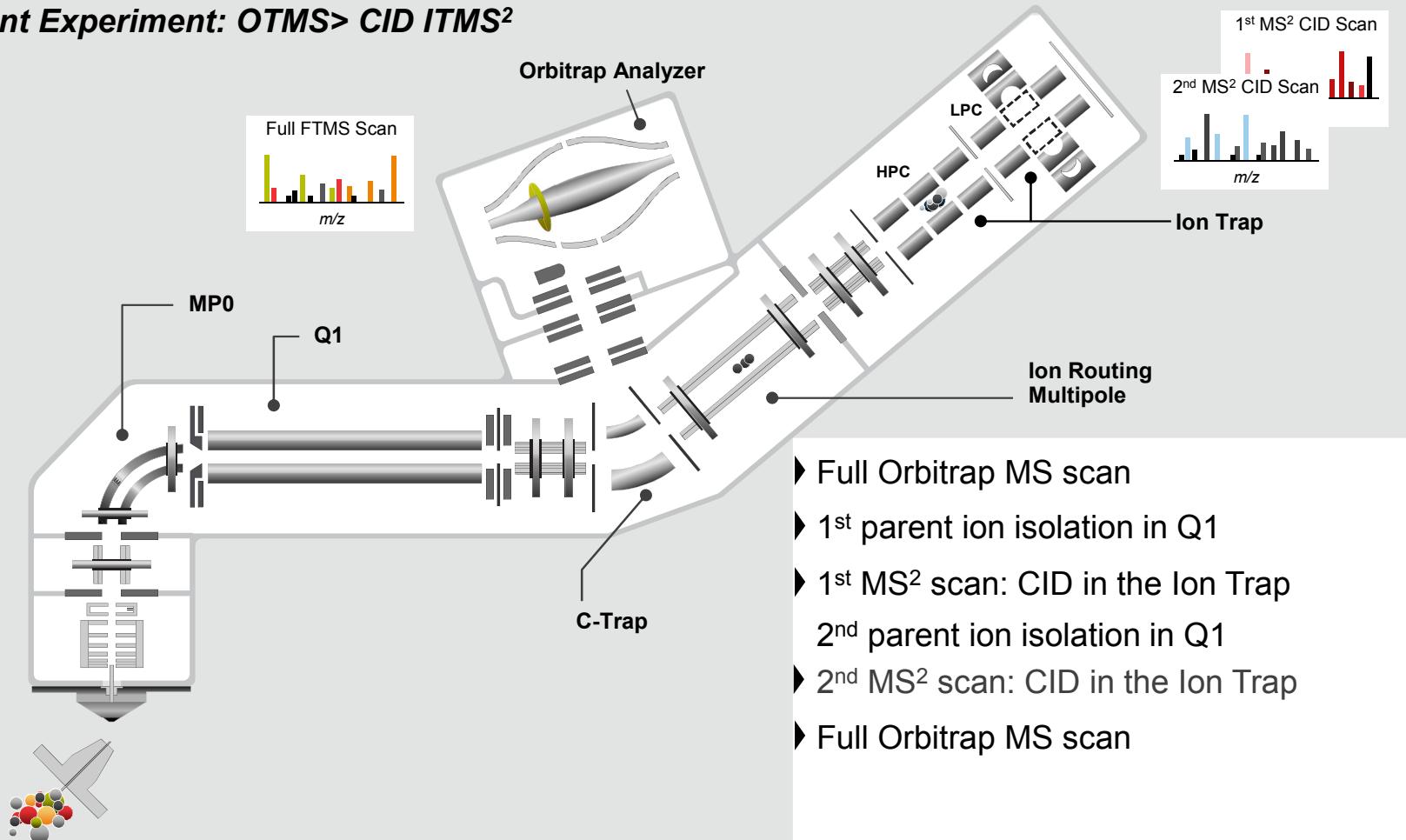


>500,000 Resolution on Orbitrap Fusion MS

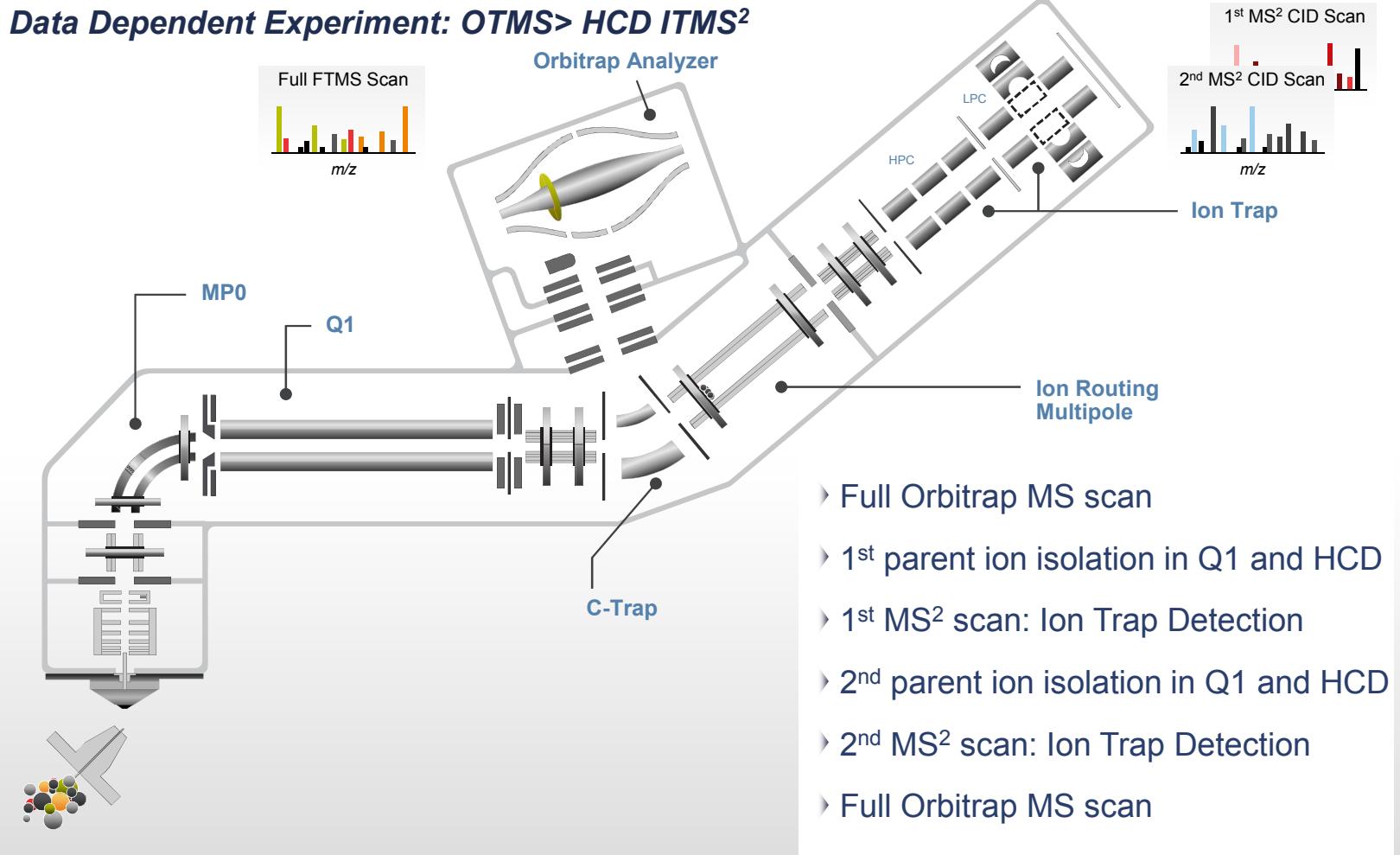


Dynamic Scan Management Ensures Efficiency

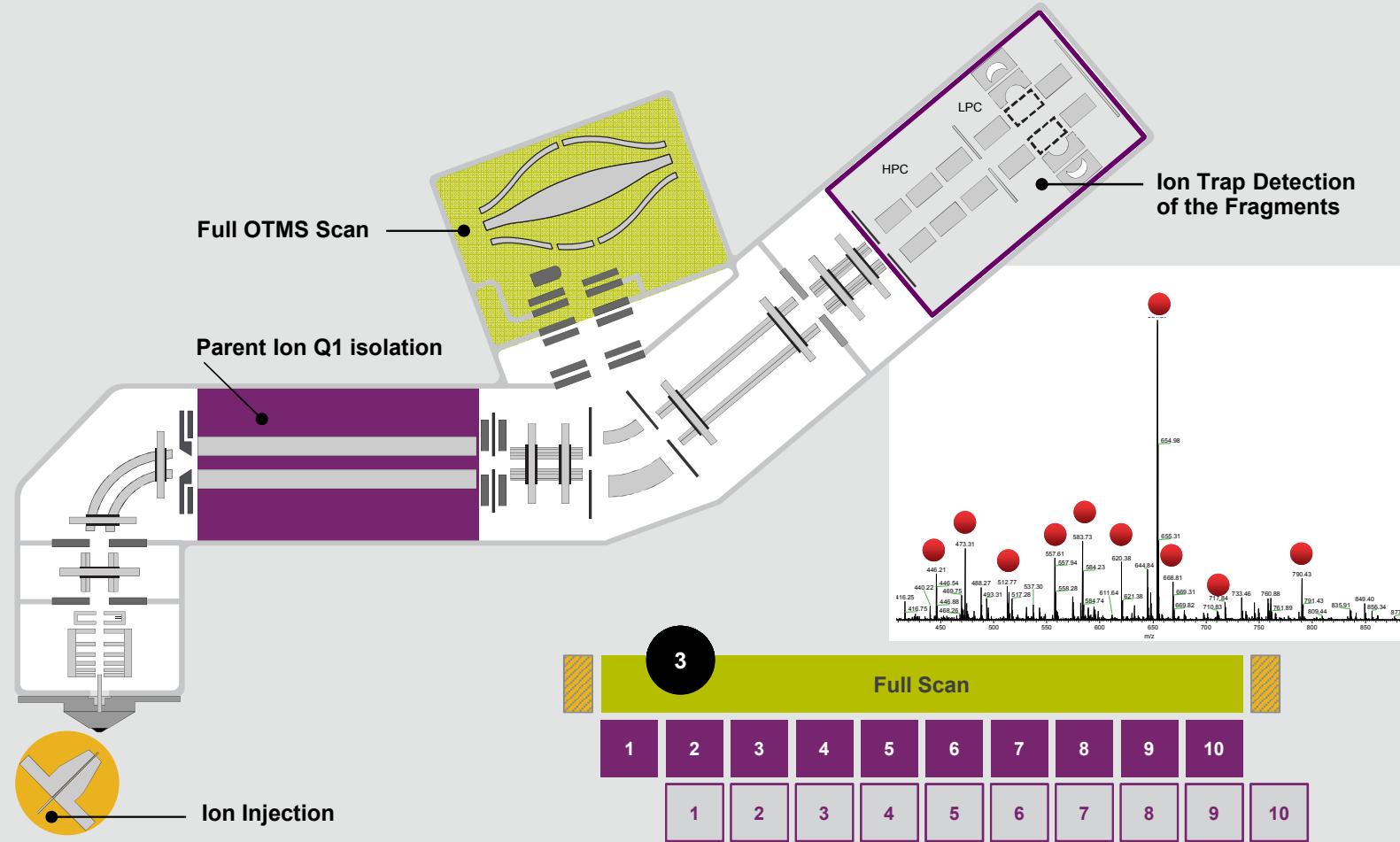
Data Dependent Experiment: OTMS> CID ITMS²



Dynamic Scan Management Ensures Efficiency

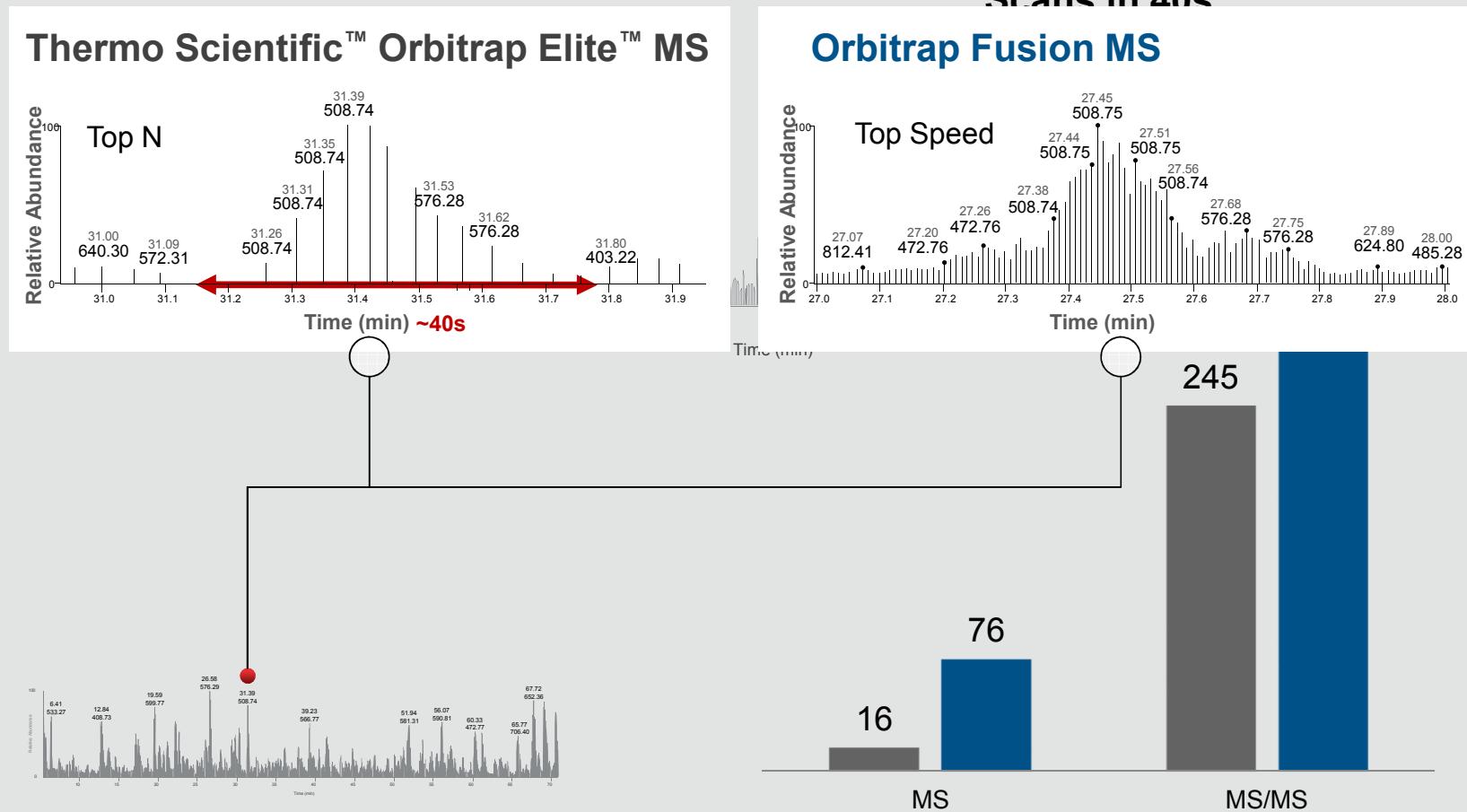


Ion Trafficking and Dynamic Scan Management



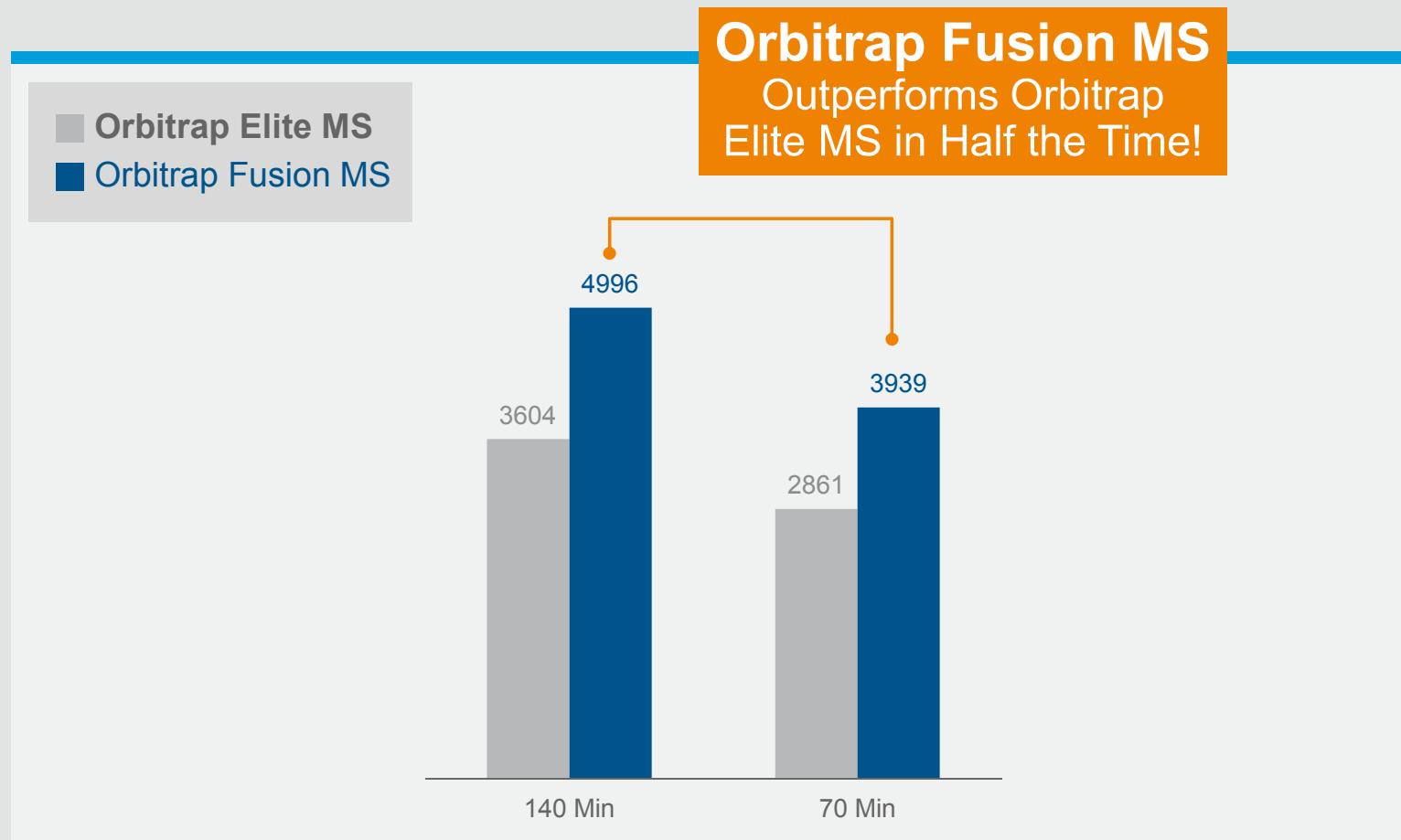
Speed = Many More Points Across LC Peak

1 ug HeLa, 140 min run



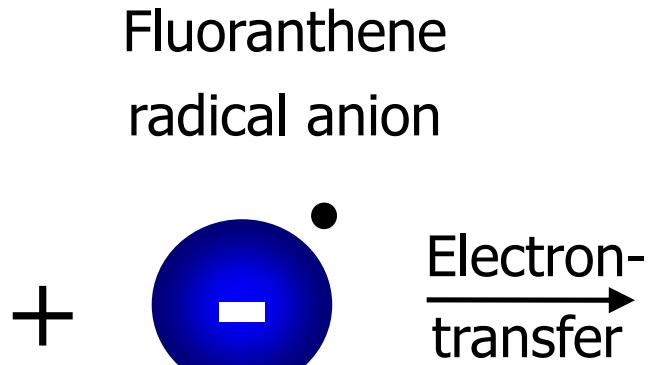
Protein Groups

1 ug HeLa

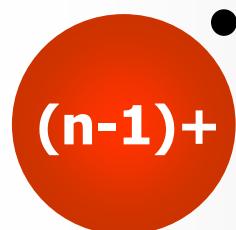


Principle of ETD

Multiply charged analyte ($n \geq 2$)



odd-electron protonated peptide



→ Cleavage of N-C α bond

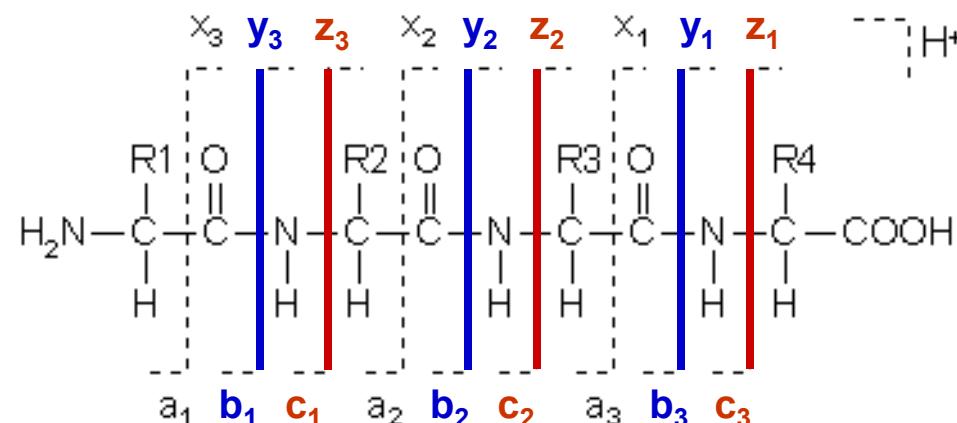
ETD versus CID

ETD

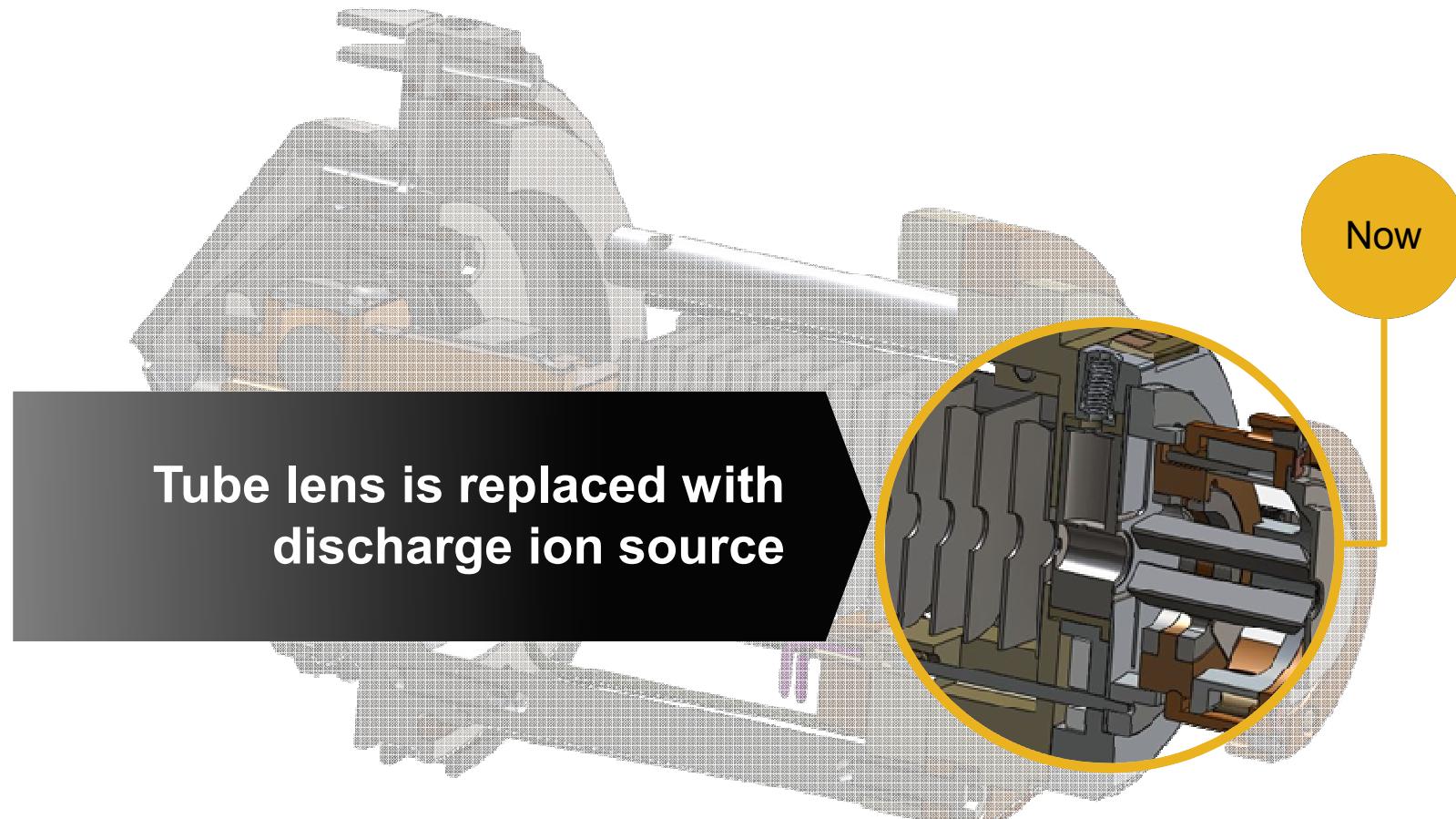
- electron transfer surpasses internal heating
- rapid bond cleavage (no energy dissipation)
- random fragmentation of peptide backbone
- leaves labile bonds like from PTMs intact
- N-C α bond cleavage yields c- and z-ion
- preferable charge state z > 2

Conventional (resonant) CID

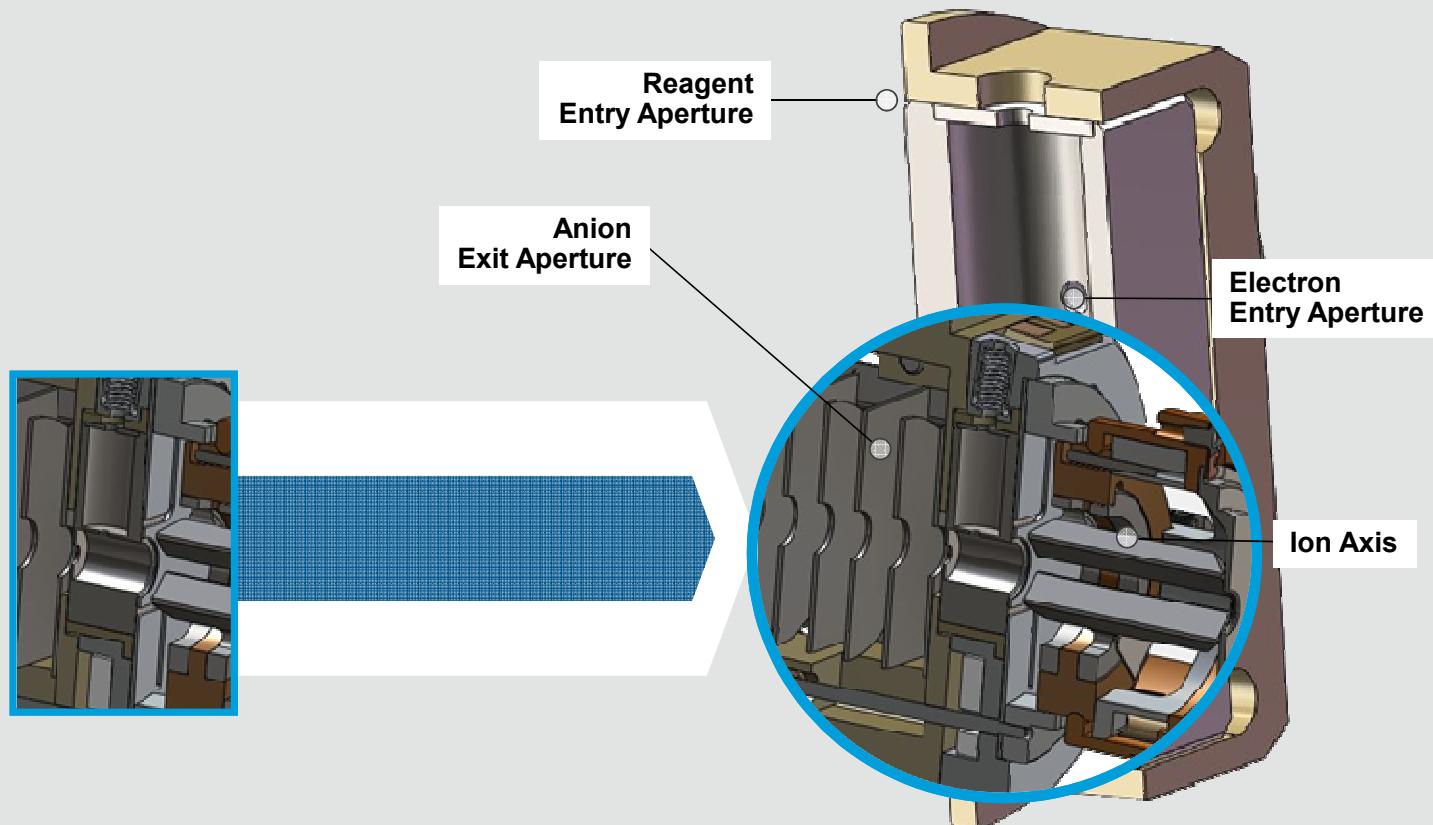
- via several collisions with Helium
- precursor ion is internally heated
- preferences for weak bond cleavages
- nearby selected amino acids (E, D, P) backbone cleavage is preferred
- b- and y-ions (and internal fragments)
- best fragment spectra from 2+ ions



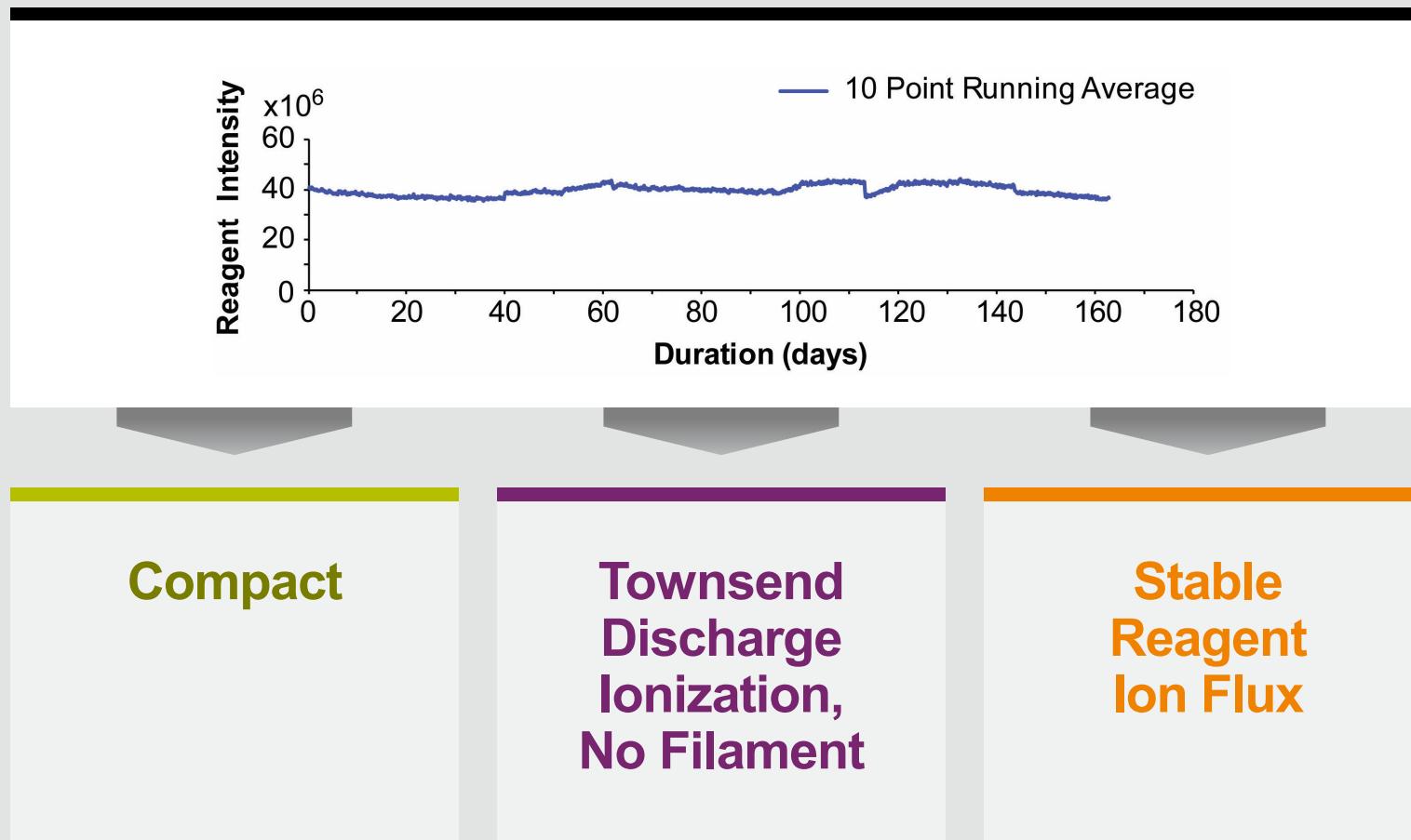
Reagent/Internal Calibrant Source



Discharge Ion Source Detail

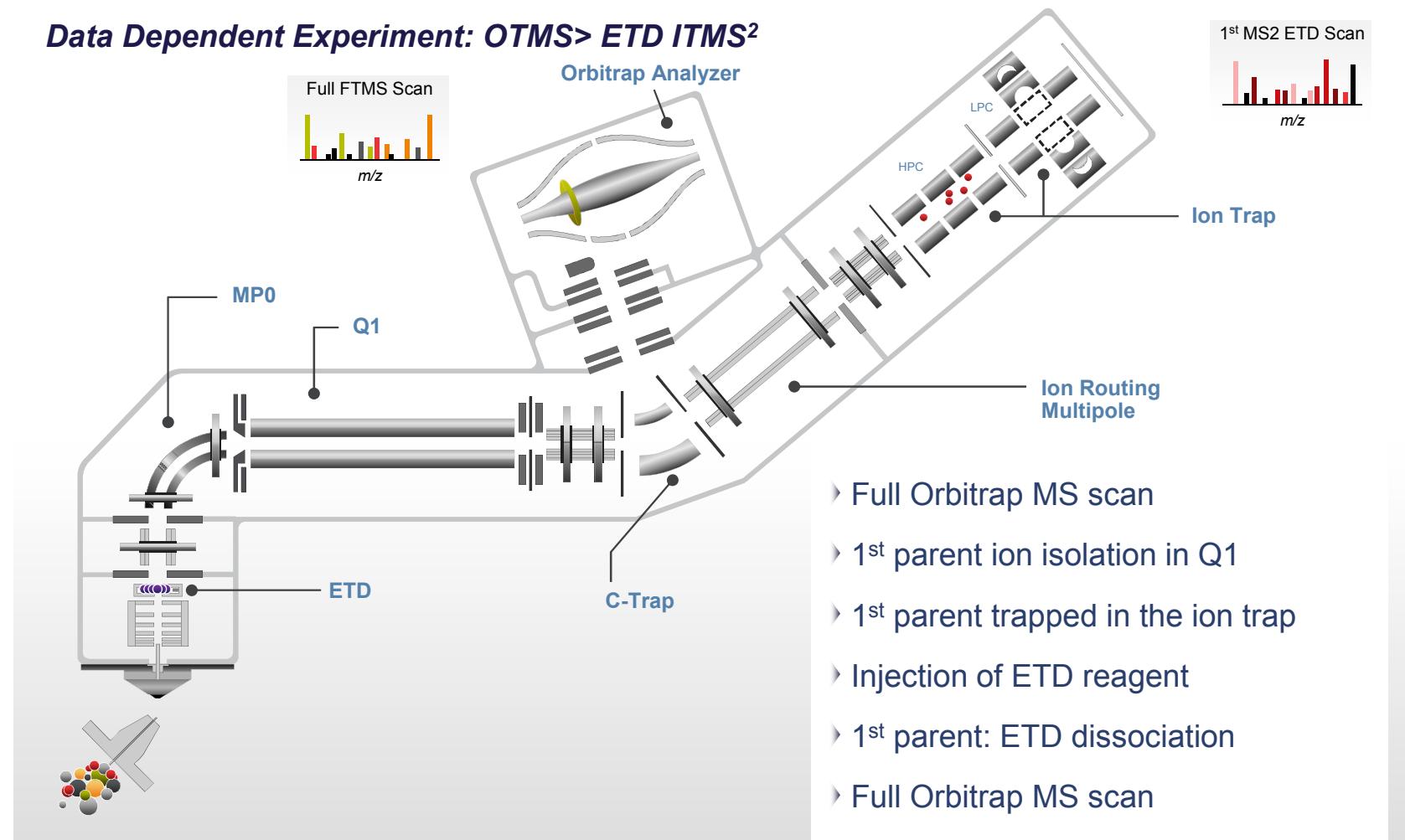


New Front Reagent Source: ETD and Internal Calibration

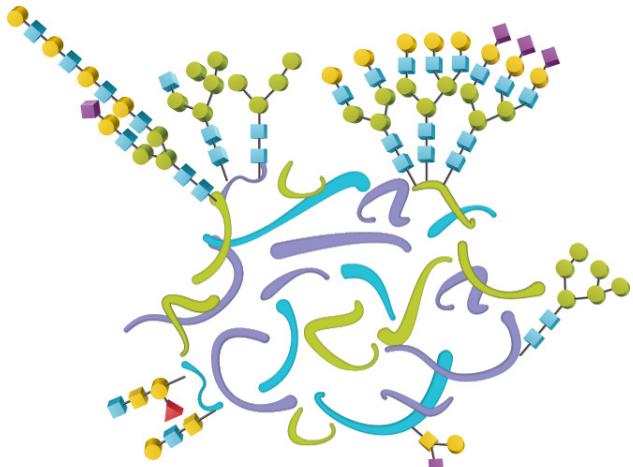


Electron Transfer Dissociation

Data Dependent Experiment: OTMS> ETD ITMS²



Challenges Associated with Glycopeptide Analysis



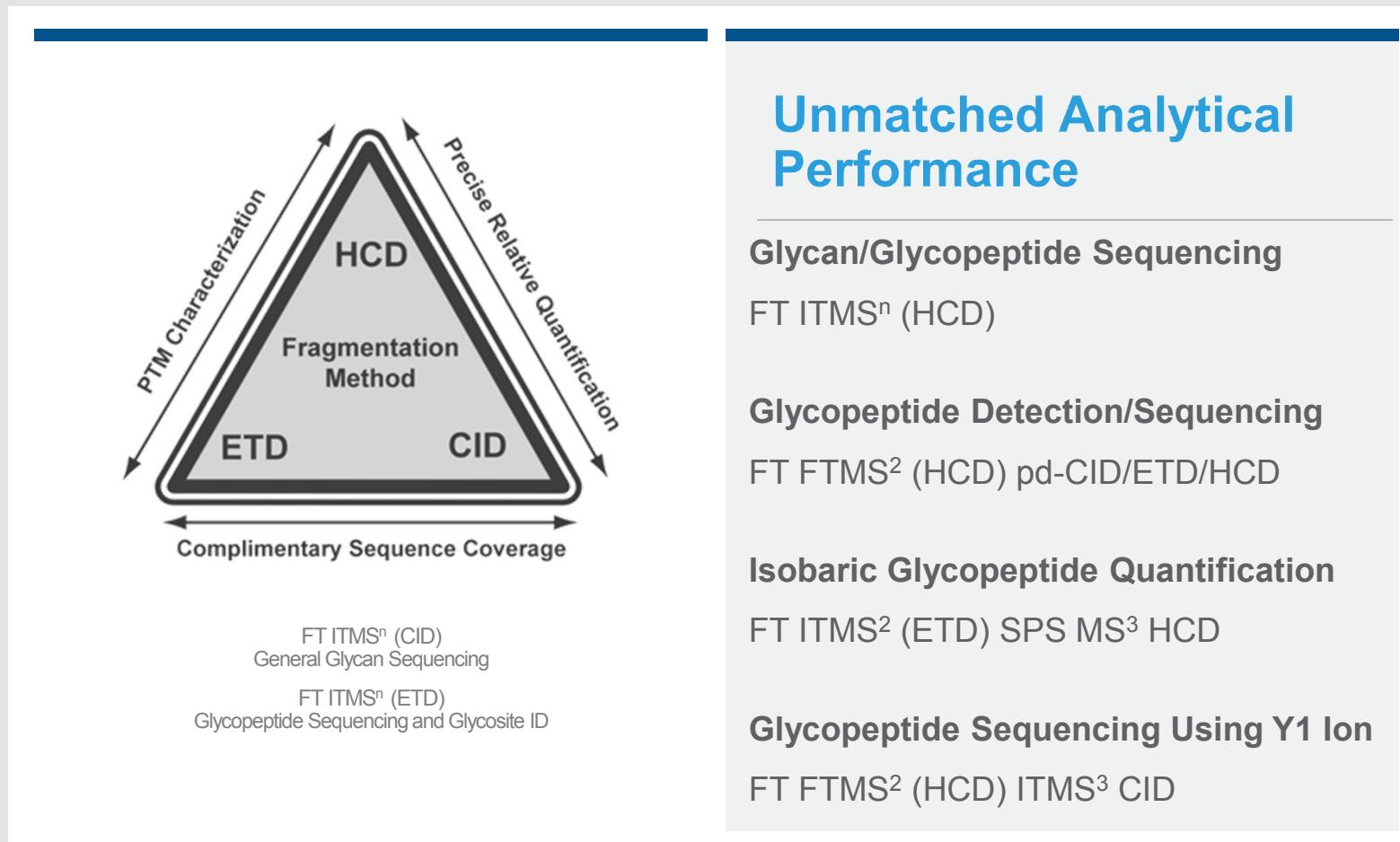
More than one glycan attached at a single site.
Can be up to 100 glycans.

Difficult to detect by MS in the presence of non-glycopeptides

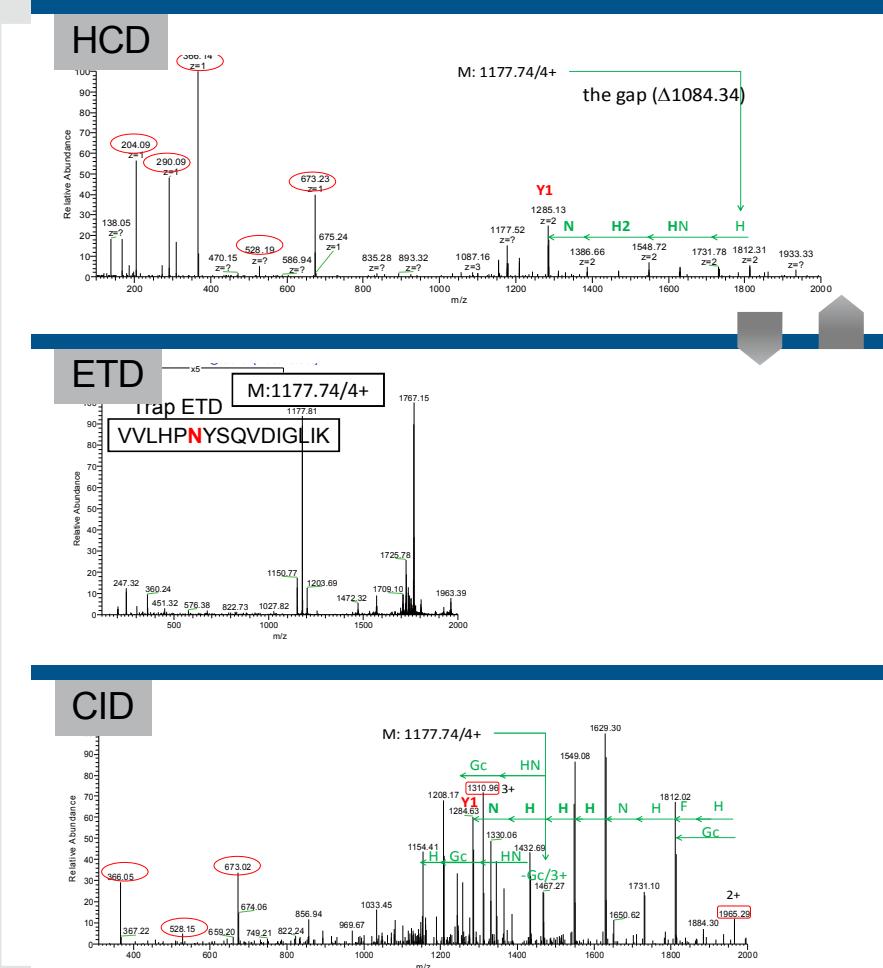
Huge glycopeptide impact:
Four publications, including PNAS,
JBC, and Anal. Chem.

Glycosylation profile and site occupancy cannot be predicted!

Modes of MS Operation for Glycoproteomics



Ultimate in Flexibility: HCDpd “Any MS2”



HCD-pd-(CID+ETD)

HCD for selective trigger
ETD for peptide sequencing
CID for glycan sequencing

Wu et al., *Anal. Chem.*,
Just Accepted

Unique to
Orbitrap Fusion MS

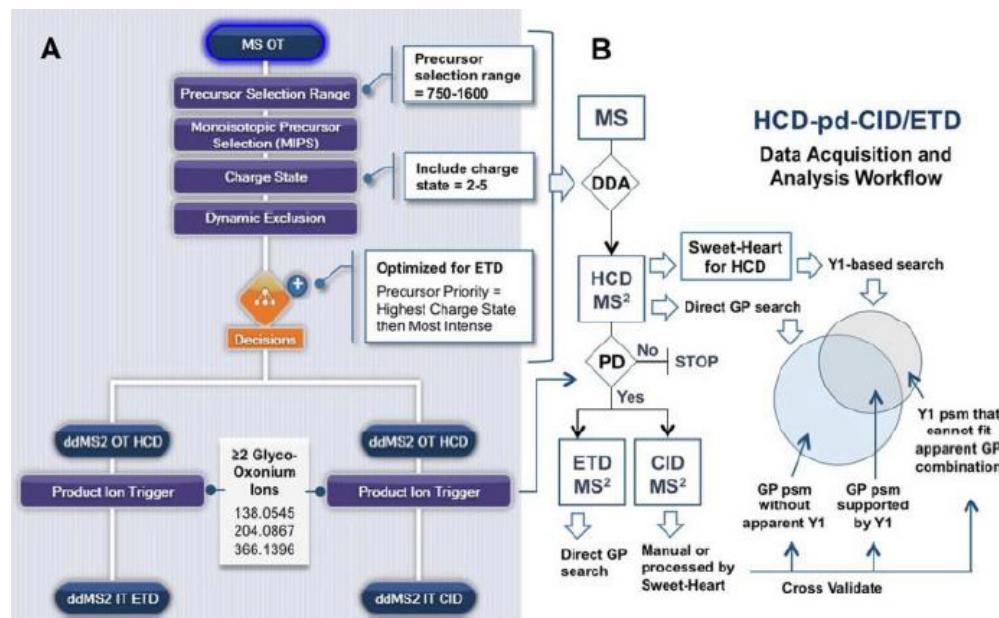


Article

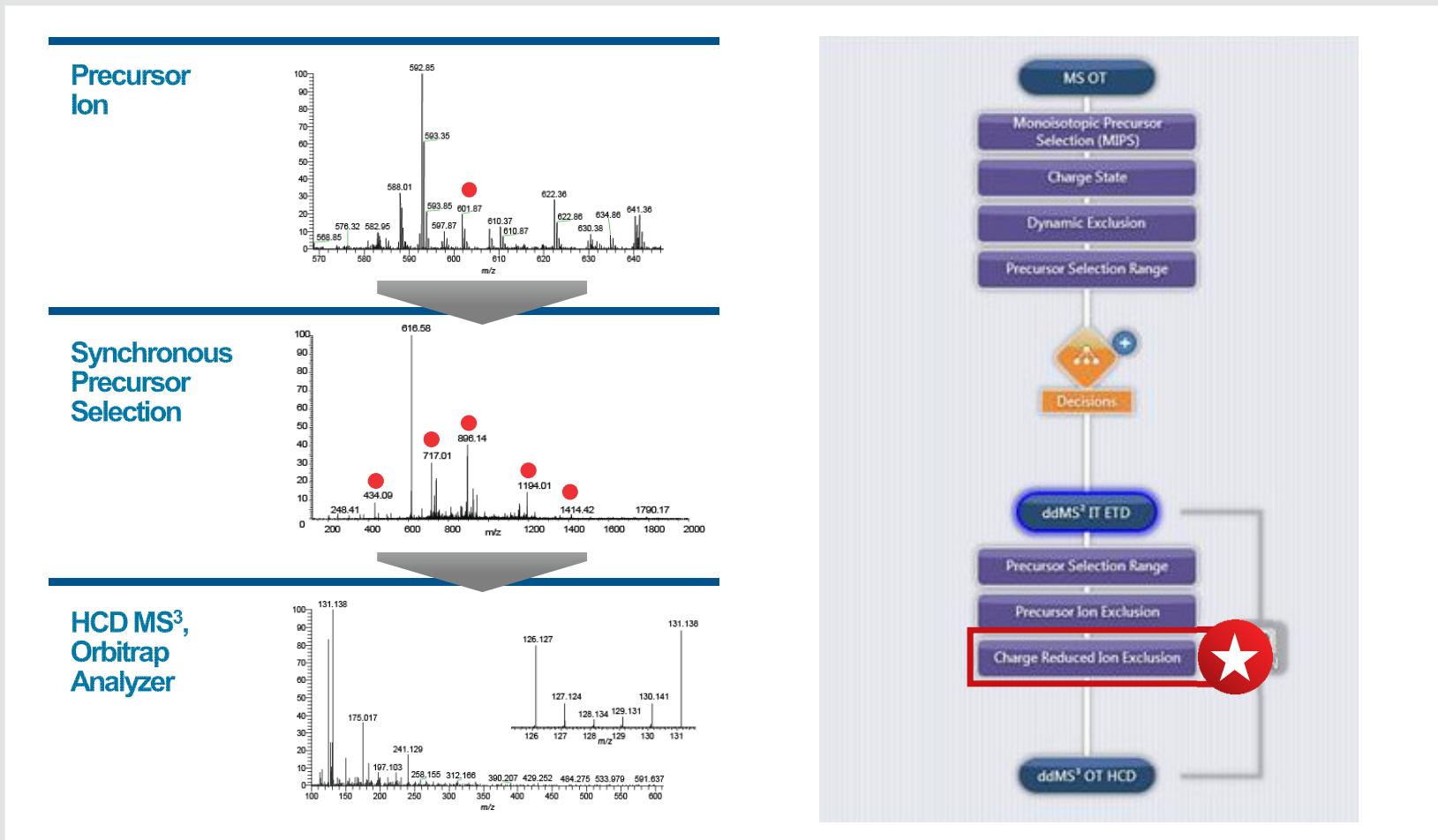
A novel LC-MS product dependent parallel data acquisition function and data analysis workflow for sequencing and identification of intact glycopeptides

Sz-Wei Wu, Tsung-Hsien Pu, Rosa Viner, and Kay-Hooi Khoo

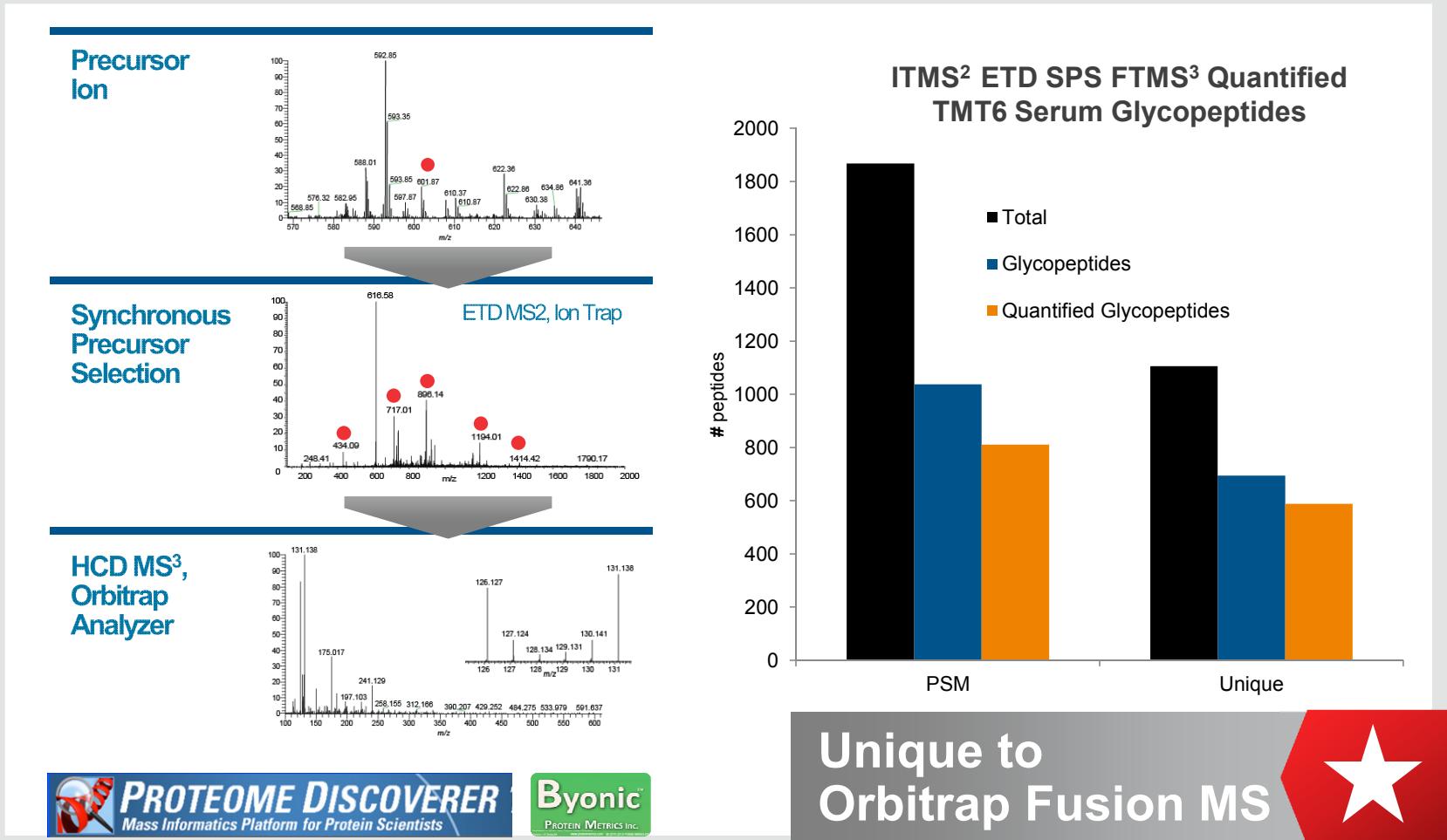
Anal. Chem., Just Accepted Manuscript • Publication Date (Web): 05 May 2014



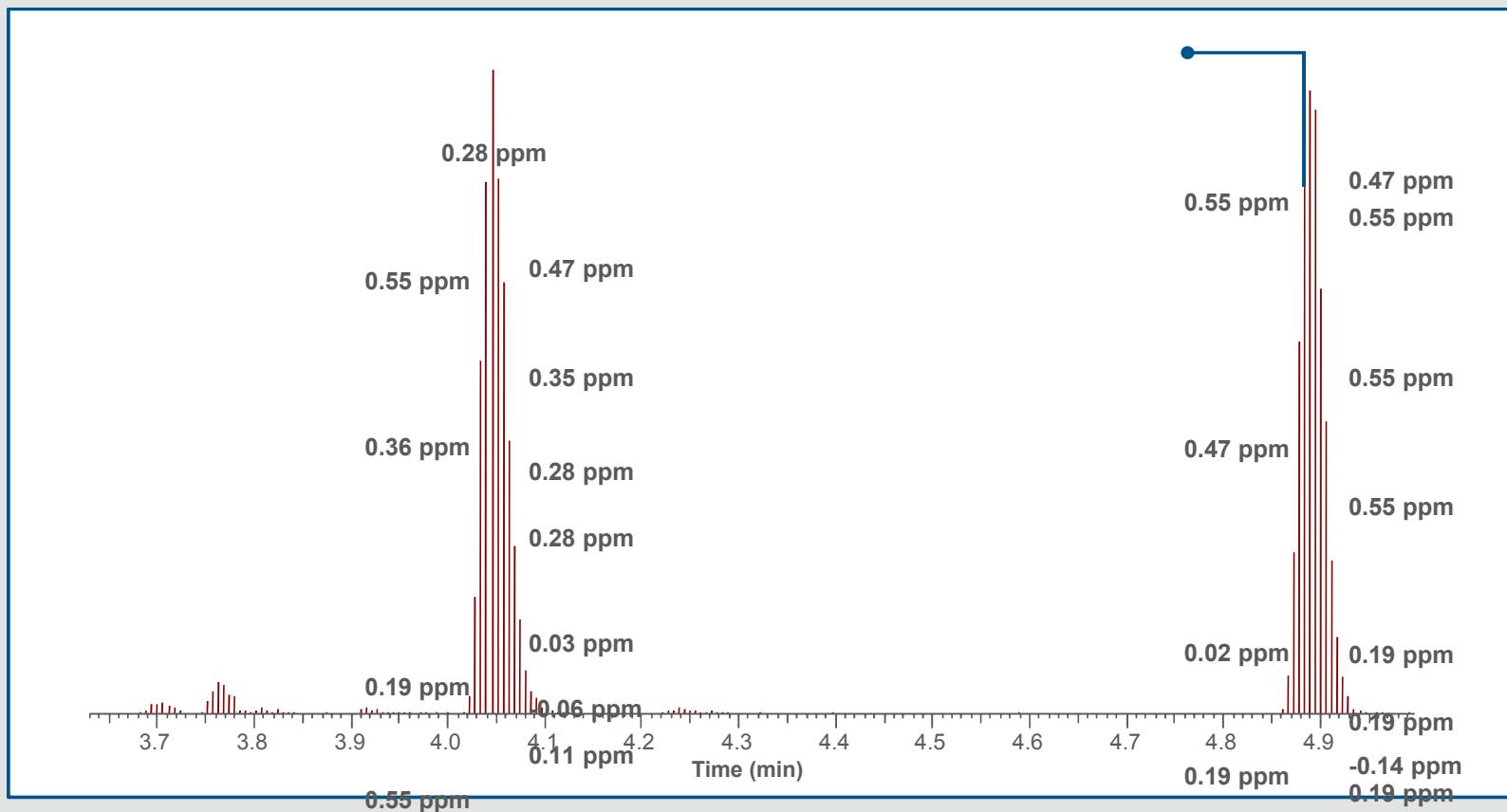
Improving ETD-SPS Quantification of Glycopeptides



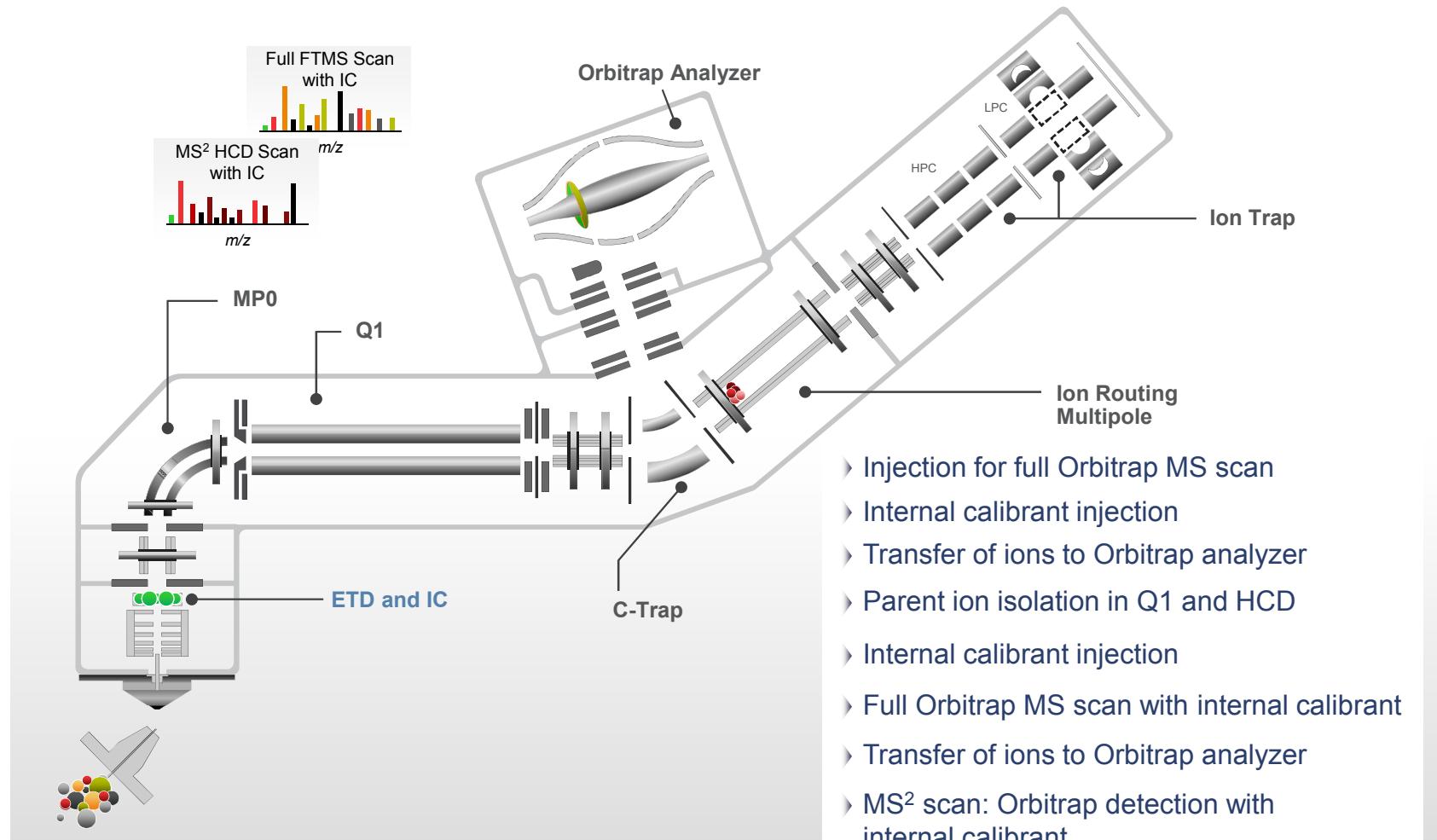
Synchronous Precursor Selection



Internal Calibration: LC/MS of Omeprazole Metabolites

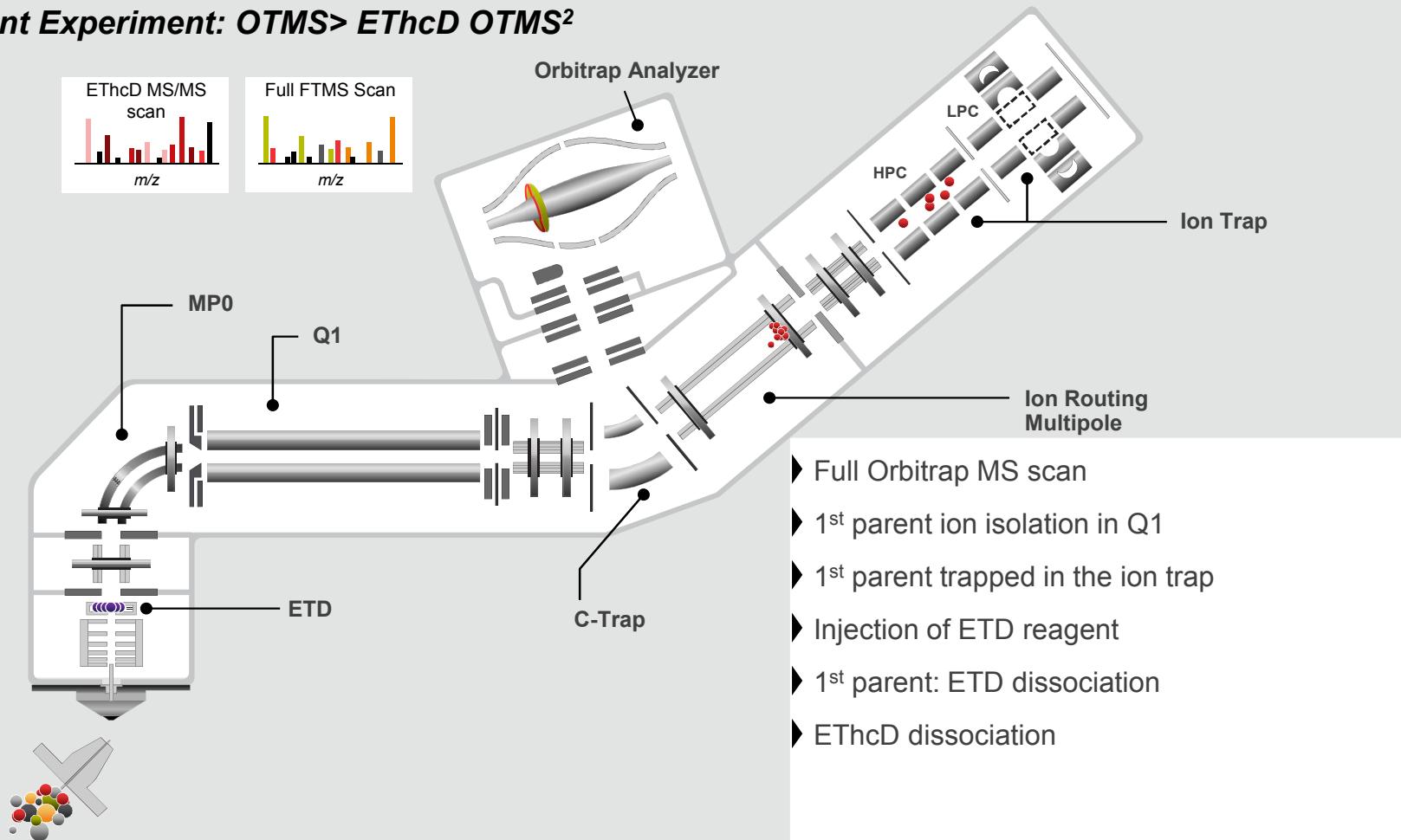


Internal Calibration of MS and MS² scan

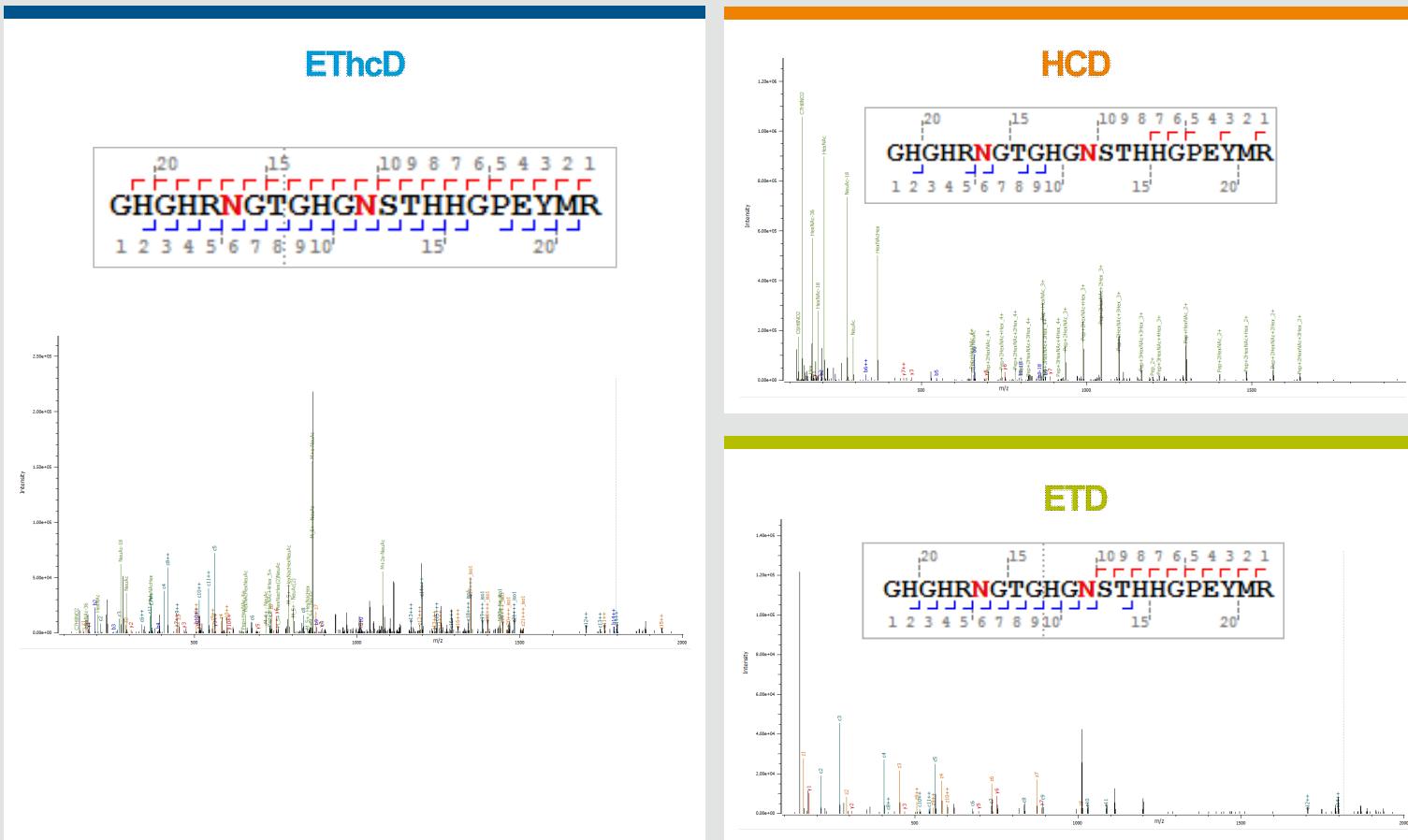


EThcD

Data Dependent Experiment: OTMS> EThcD OTMS²



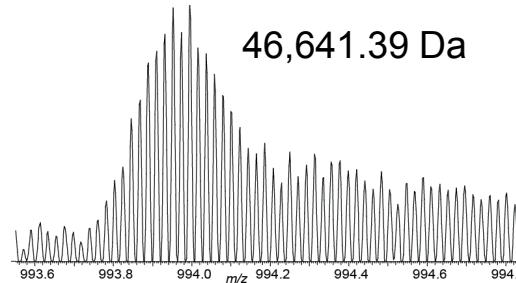
Glycopeptide Sequencing Using EThcD



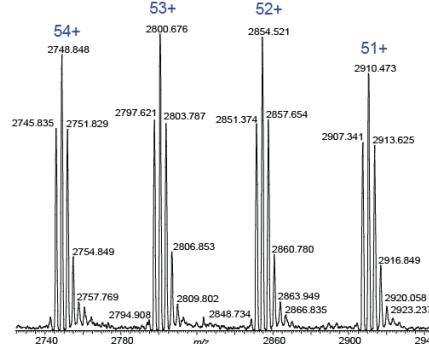
Intact Protein Mode Principles of Operation

- Reduced pressure in the IRM>CTRAP>Orbitrap region
- Calibration of ion transfer at reduced pressure
- Push-button operation once calibrated
- Can be used via Tune or in the Method (Global Parameter)
- Good for signal conservation with longer transients necessary to obtain isotopic resolution of large intact proteins 25-50kDa
- Unnecessary for Intact IgGs analyzed at low resolution

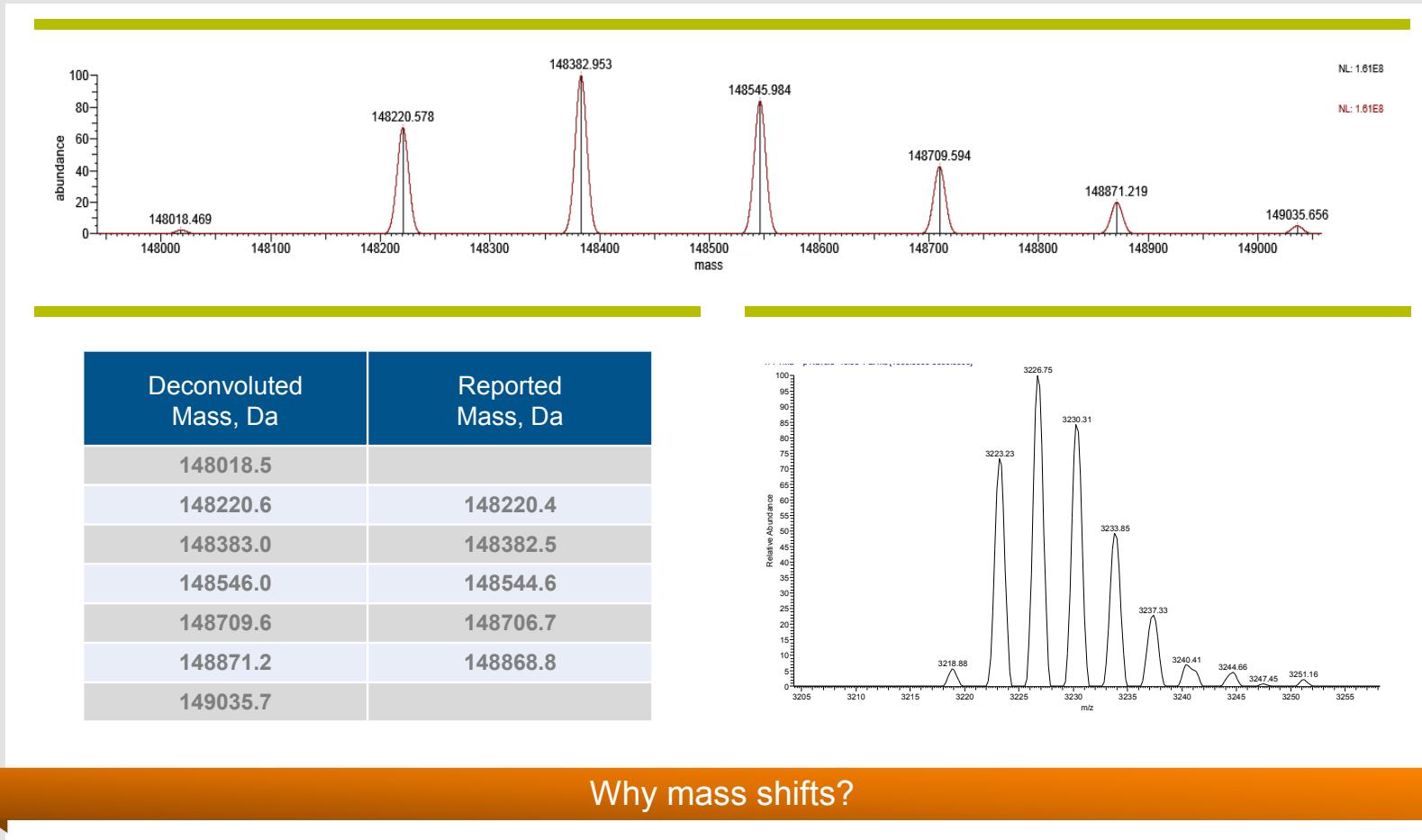
Intact Protein Mode Enolase, 47+



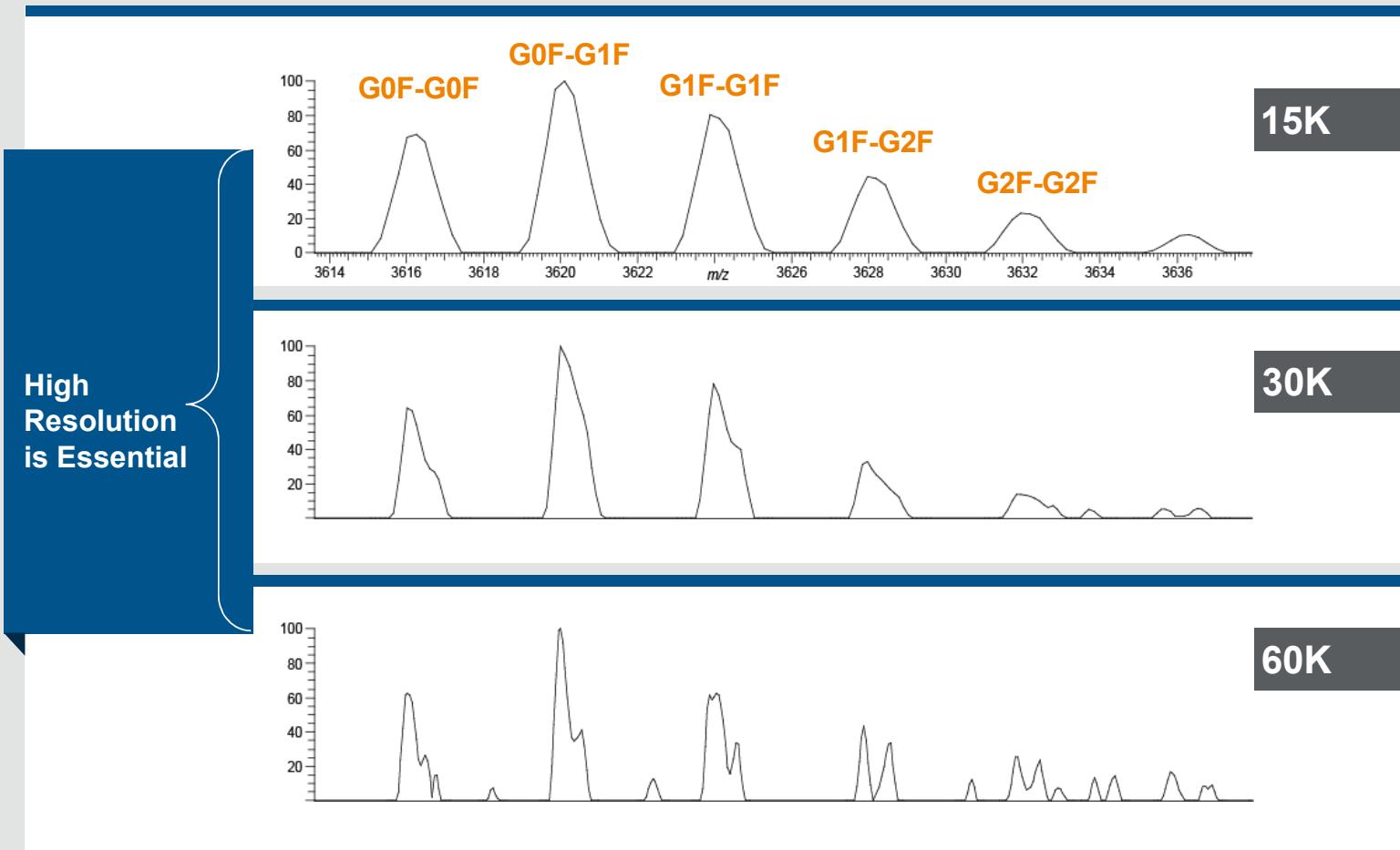
Standard Pressure Mode



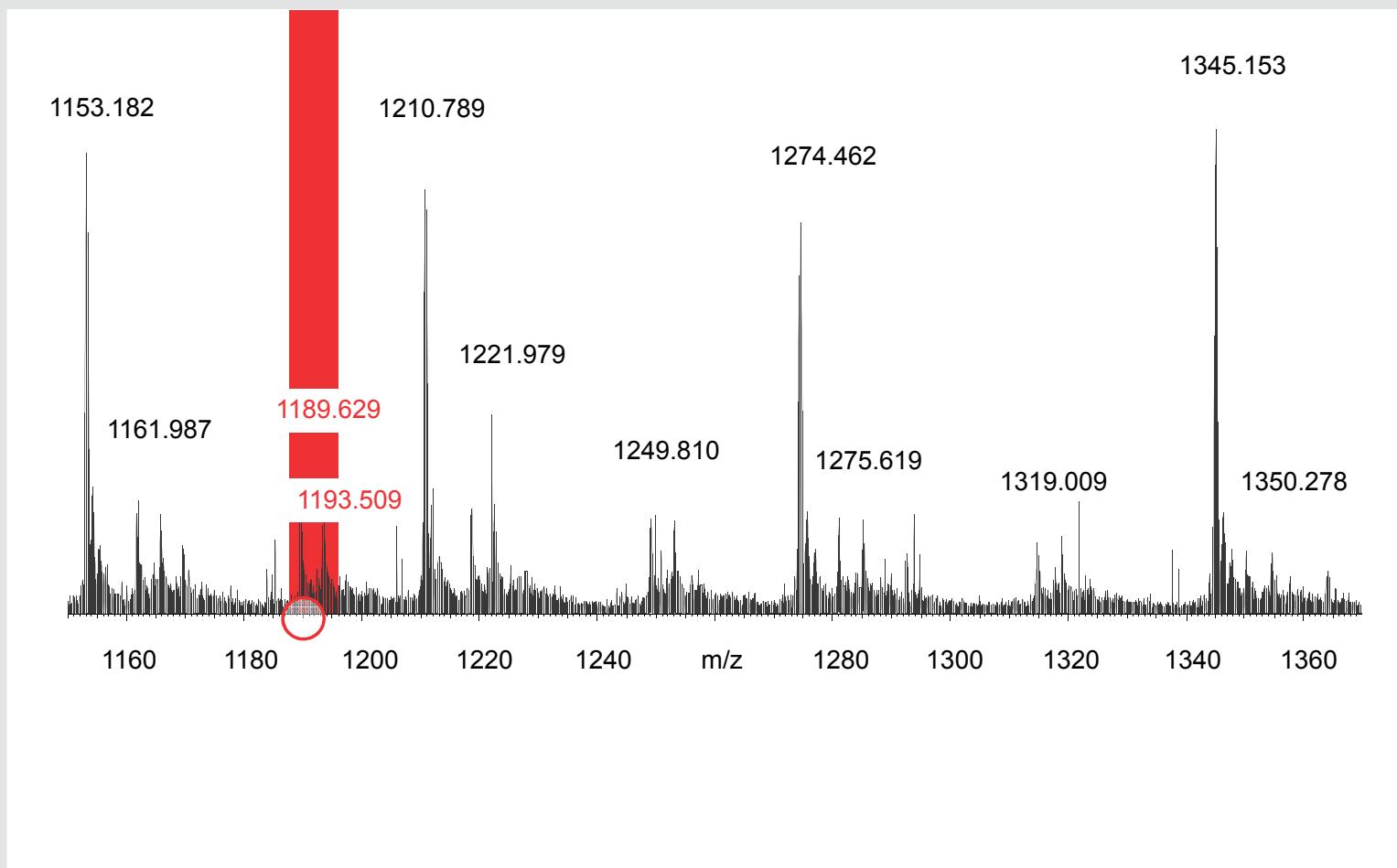
Intact IgG: Seven Major Glycosylated Forms



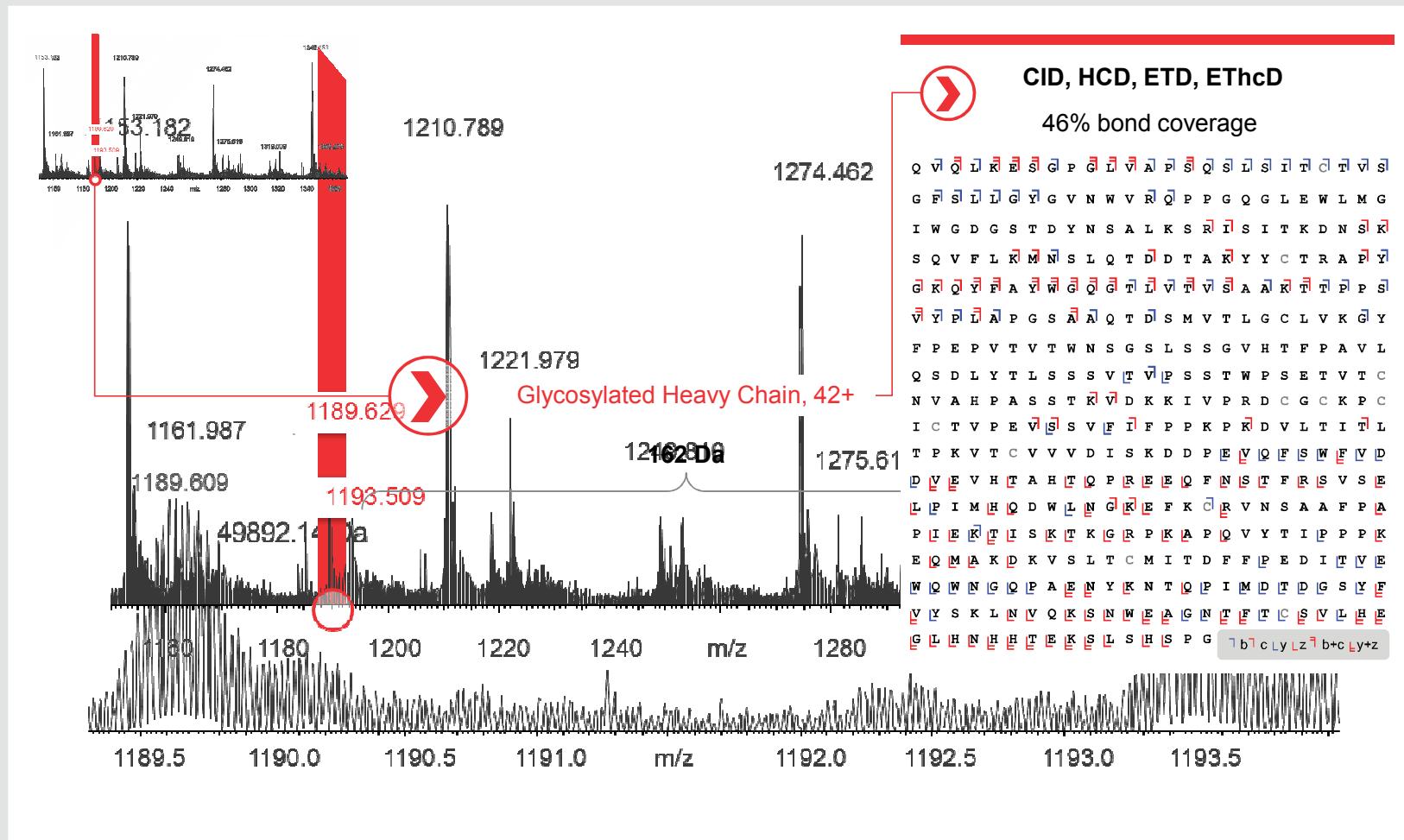
41+: Higher Resolution Reveals Multiple Isoforms



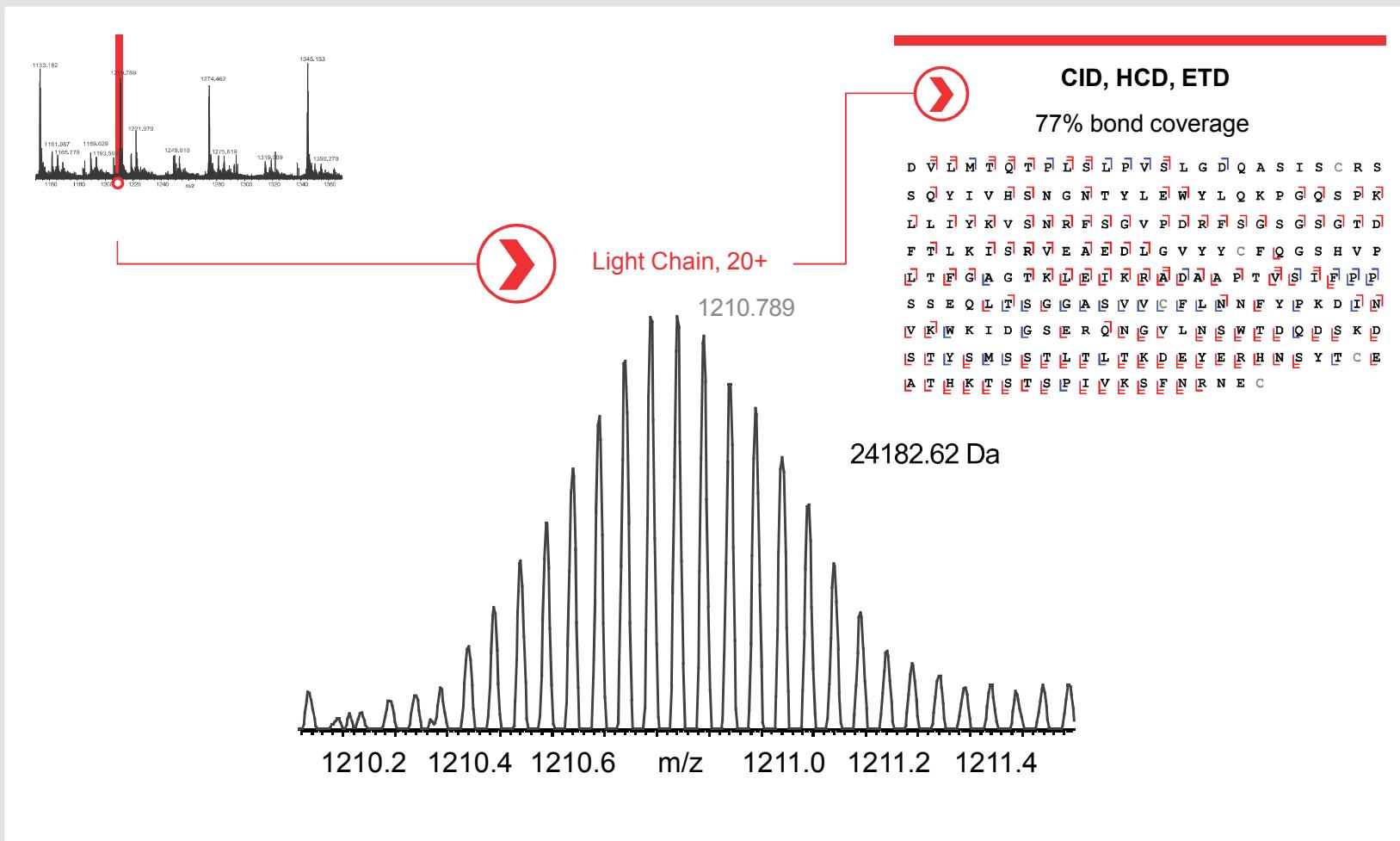
Top Down of IgG: ETD, EThcD, CID, HCD



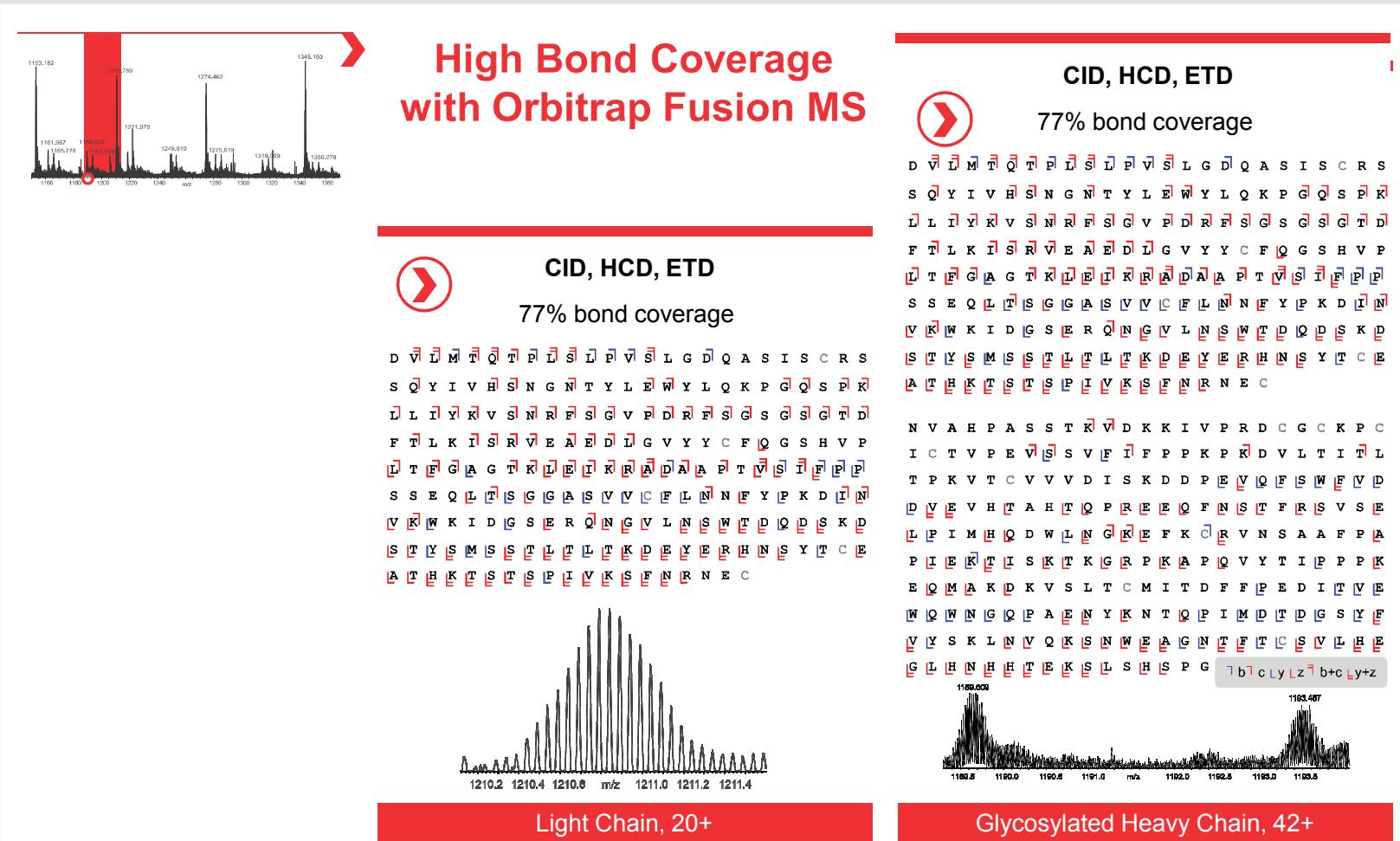
Top Down of IgG: ETD, EThcD, CID, HCD



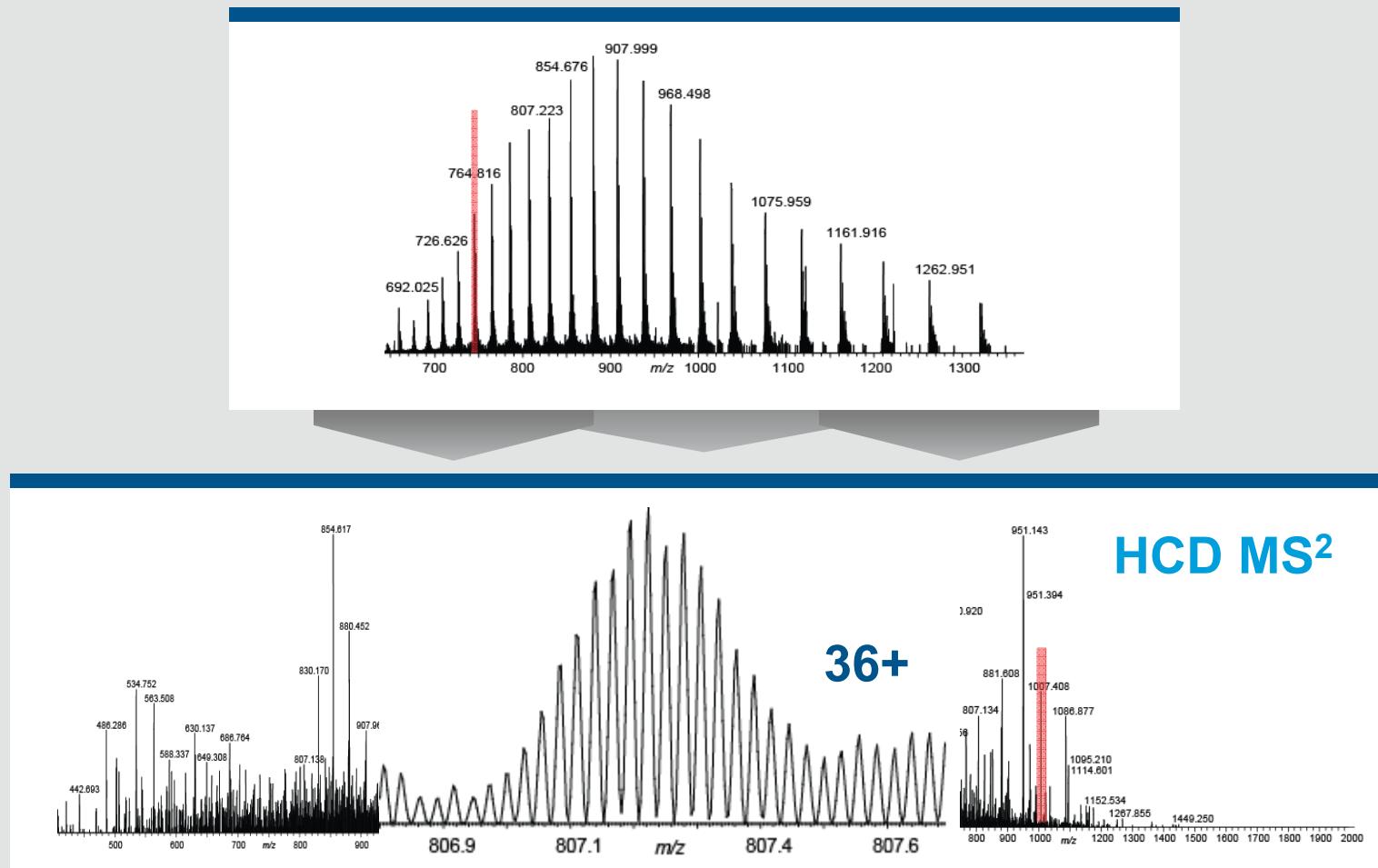
Top Down of IgG: ETD, EThcD, CID, HCD



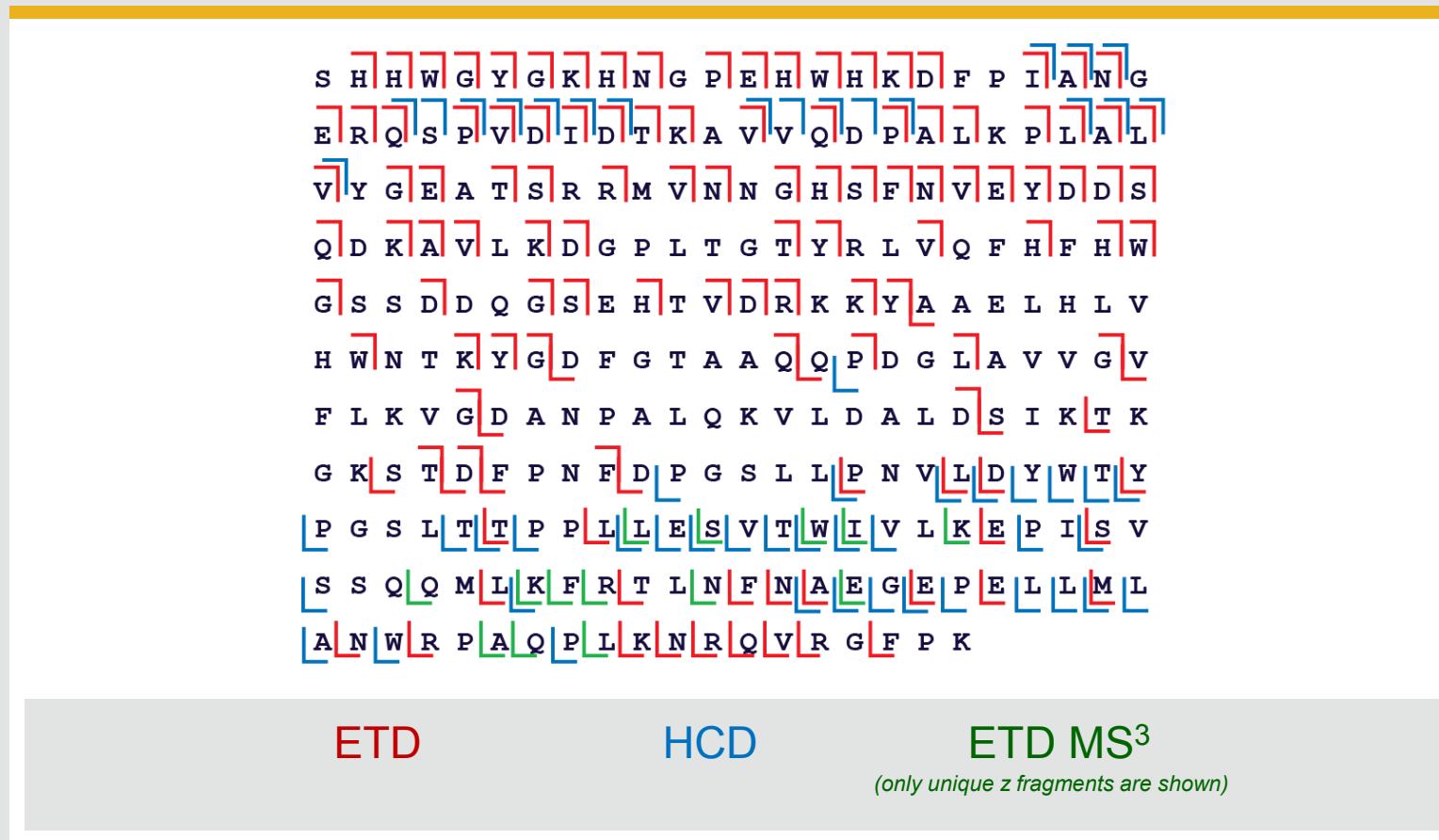
Top Down of IgG: ETD, EThcD, CID, HCD



Top Down MSⁿ of Carbonic Anhydrase



Combined Sequence Coverage



Innovation Applied

Pharma & Tox



Alla ricerca della Massa esatta

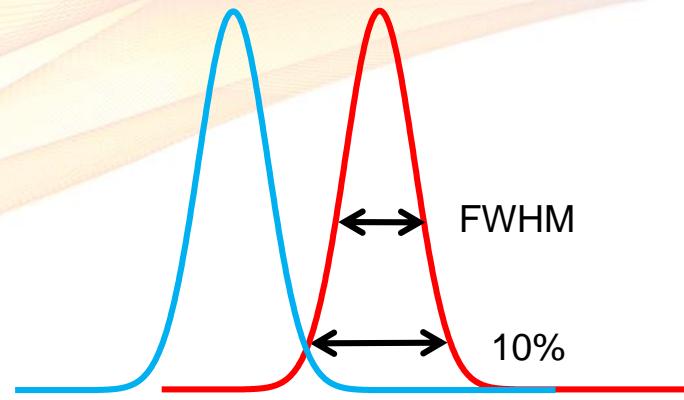


The world leader in serving science

Resolution and Mass Accuracy

- Risoluzione

$$R = \frac{m}{\Delta m}$$



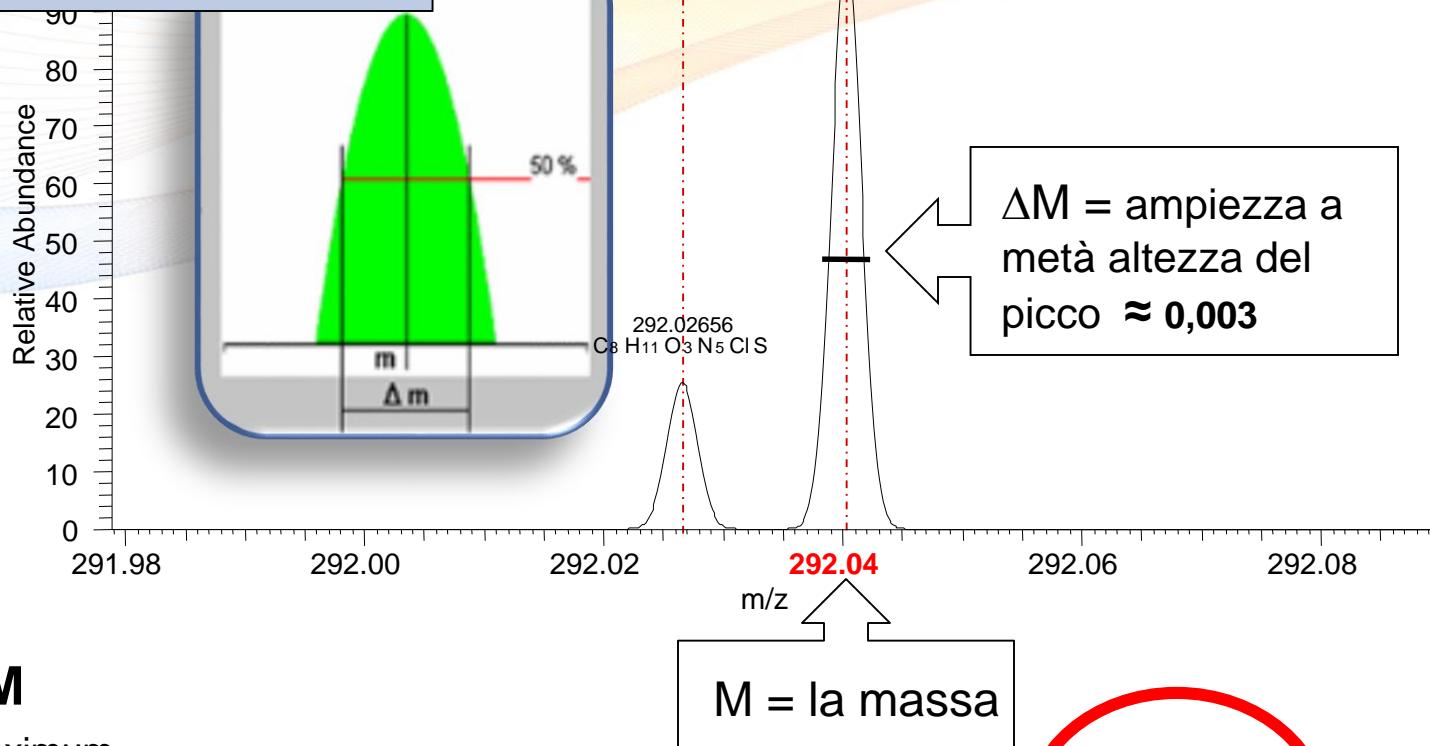
Definita come la capacità di riuscire a distinguere due ioni aventi rapporti m/z diversi.

All'aumentare della risoluzione aumenta la capacità di distinguere e misurare ioni con segnali m/z anche molto vicini

Per una miglior comprensione sarebbe utile riferire il valore di risoluzione ad una massa di riferimento

Max Resolving Power

140,000 @ m/z 200



$$R = M / \Delta M$$

Full Width Half Maximum

$$\text{FWHM} = 292,04 / 0,003 = 97.3460$$

Definita come la capacità di riuscire a distinguere due ioni aventi rapporti m/z diversi. All'aumentare della risoluzione diminuisce la differenza che deve esistere tra due ioni affinchè diano due segnali m/z distinti

Resolution and Mass Accuracy

- Massa accurata

$$(ppm) = \frac{m_{true} - m_{measured}}{m_{true}} \cdot 10^6$$

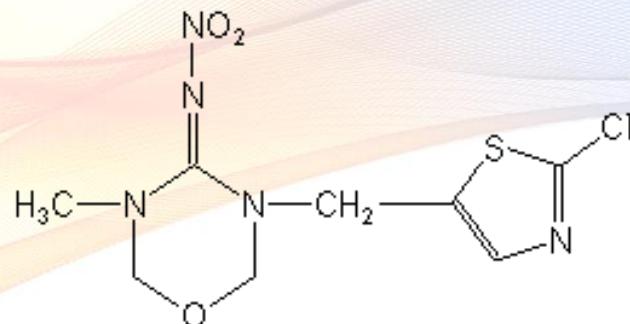
L'ACCURATEZZA

nella misura di massa, ovvero la differenza tra la massa ottenuta sperimentalmente e quella teorica

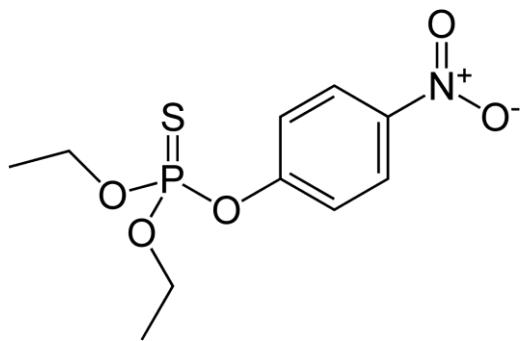
Esempio: Molecole Isobariche

Thiamethoxam

$[M+H]^+ = 292.02656$



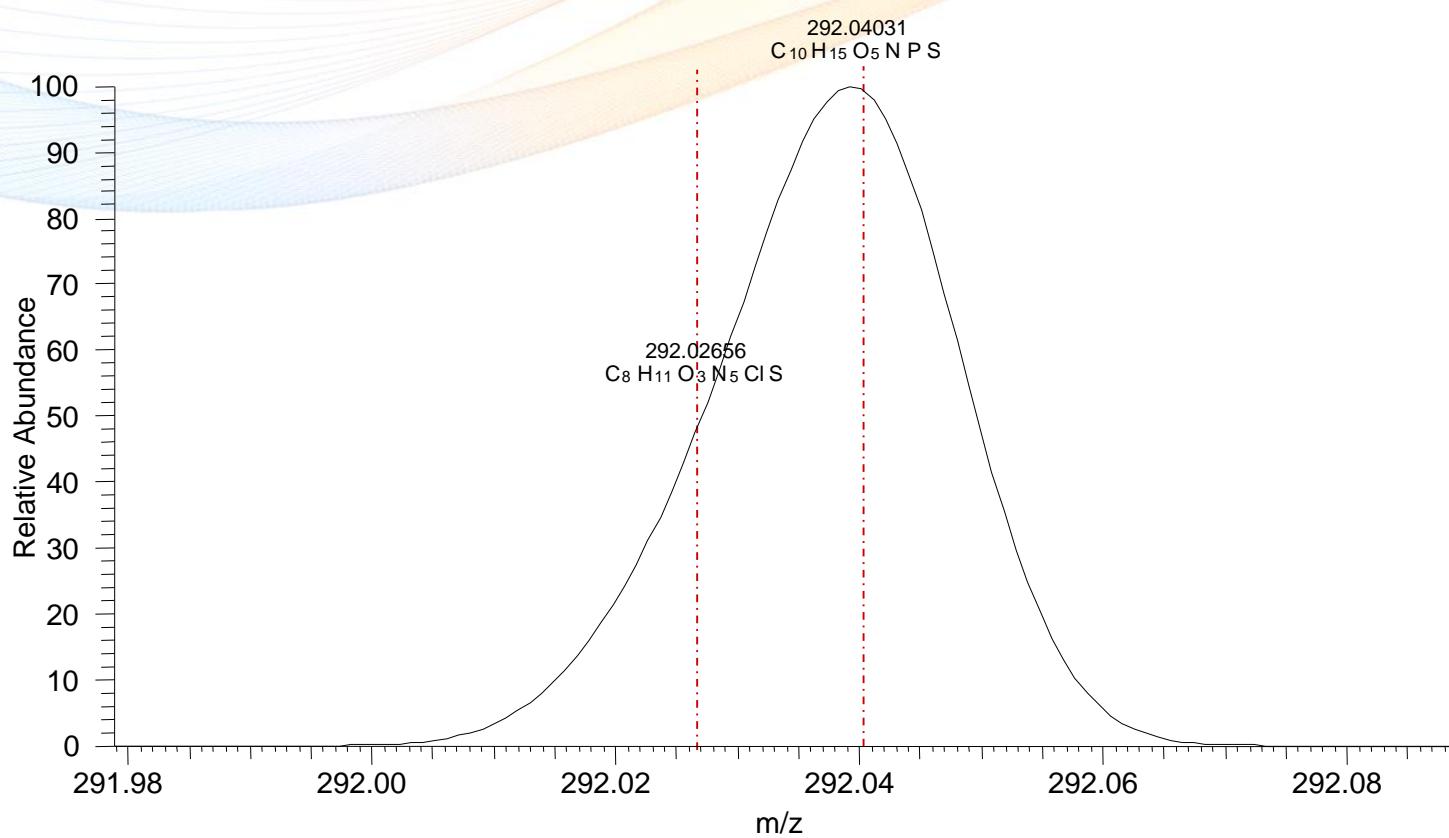
Δm
0.0138 Da



Parathion
 $[M+H]^+ = 292.04031$

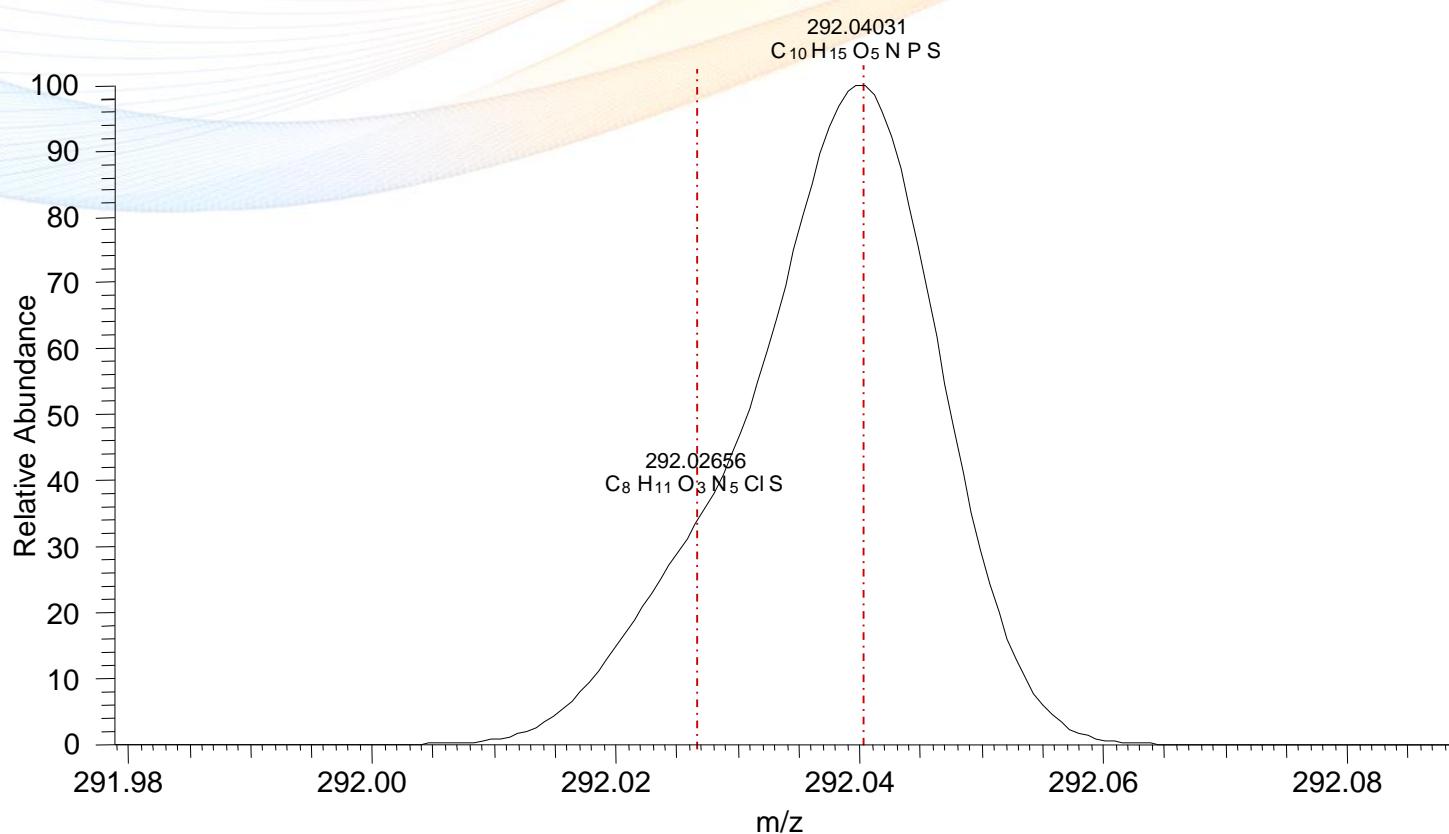
15,000 (Mix 1:3)

Resolution 15,000



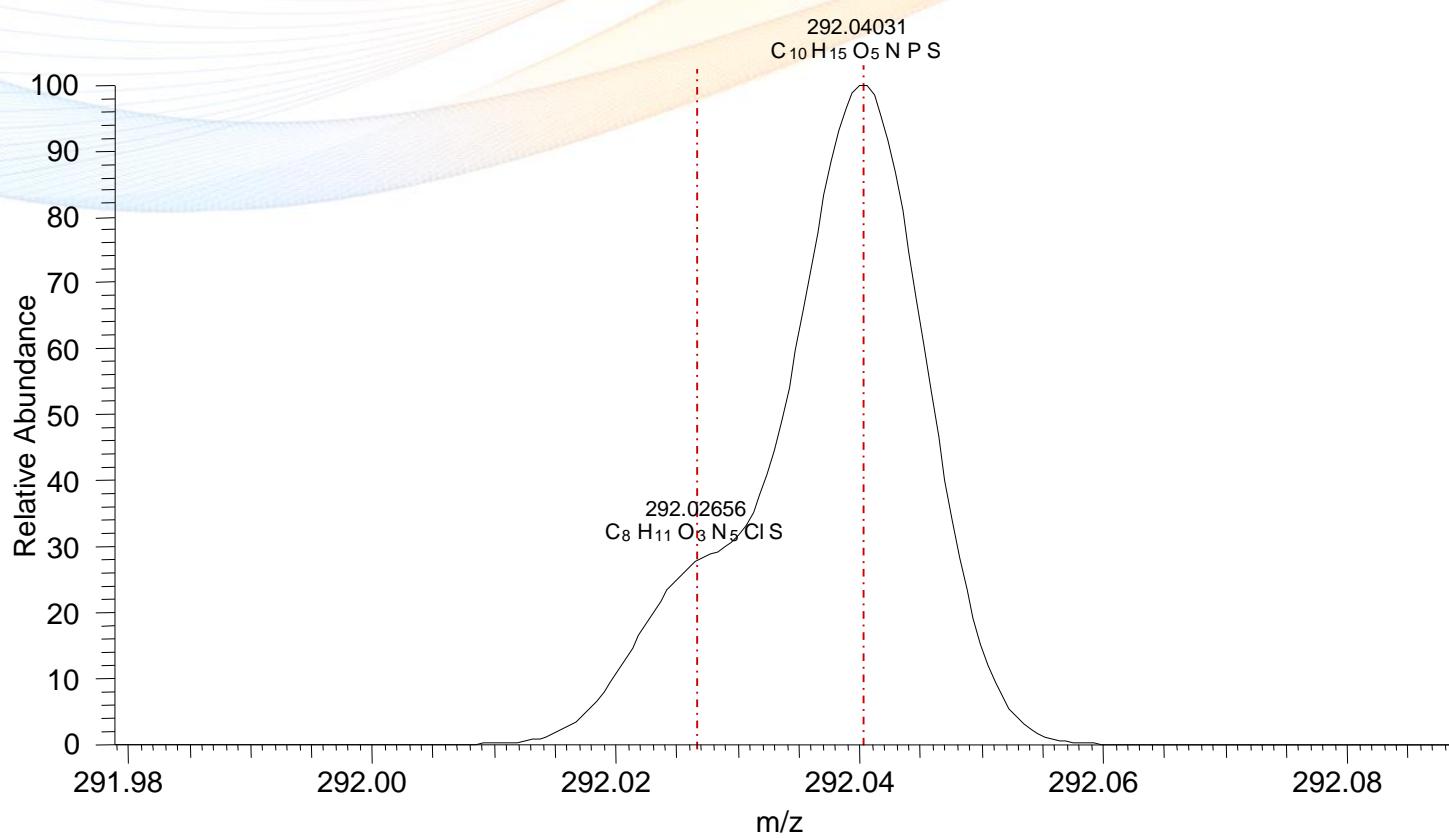
20,000 (Mix 1:3)

Resolution 20,000



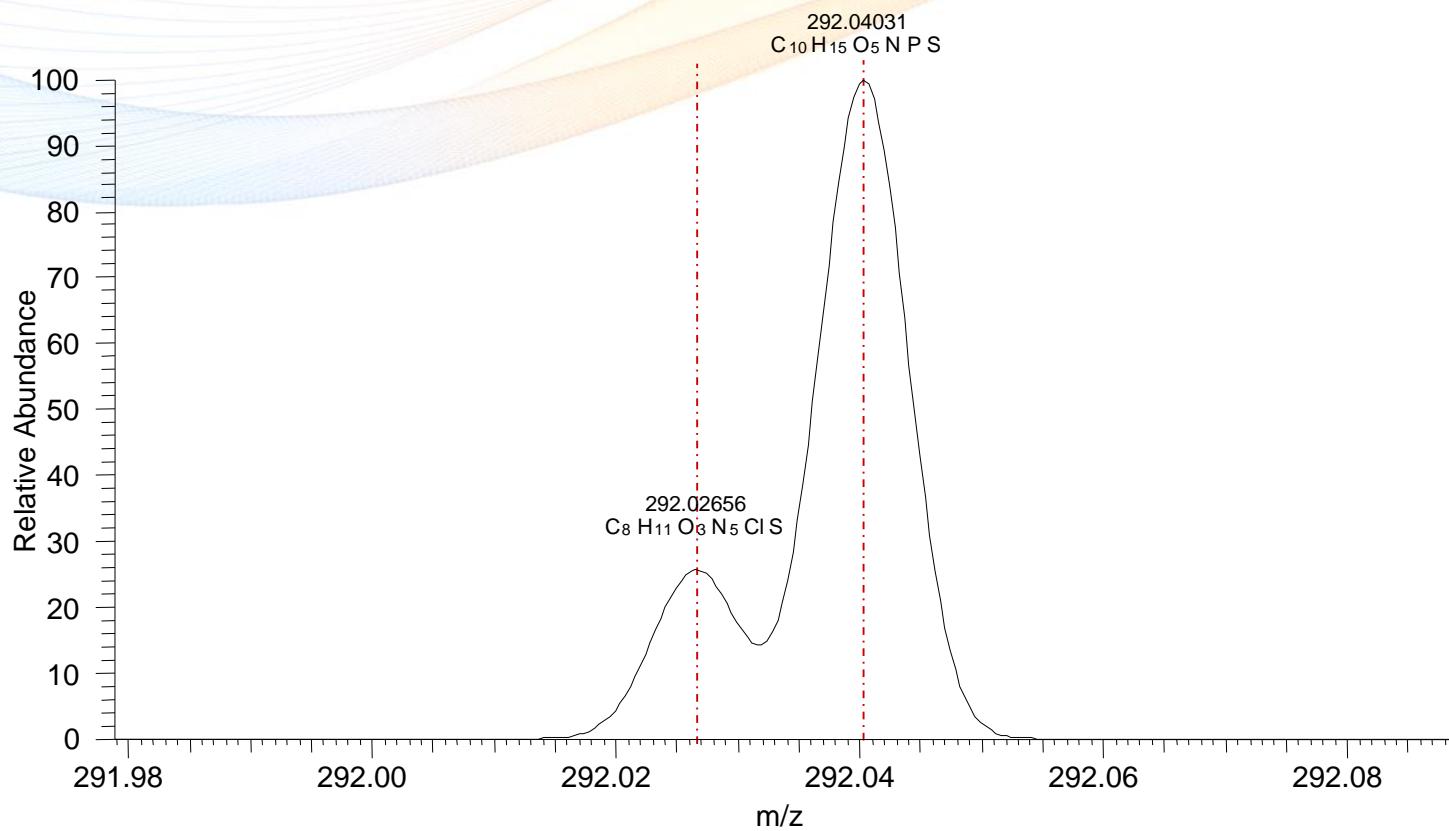
25,000 (Mix 1:3)

Resolution 25,000



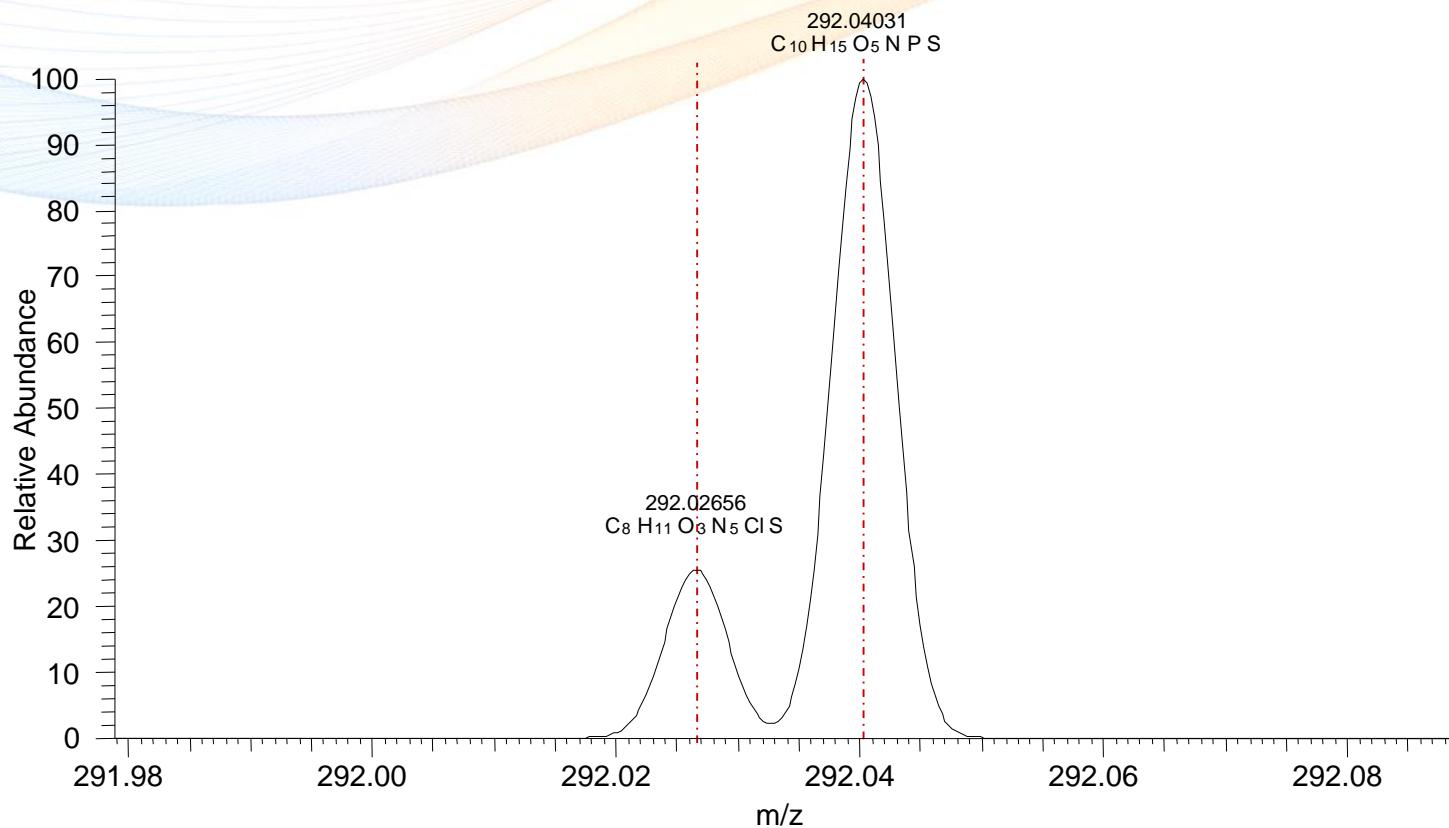
35,000 (Mix 1:3)

Resolution 35,000



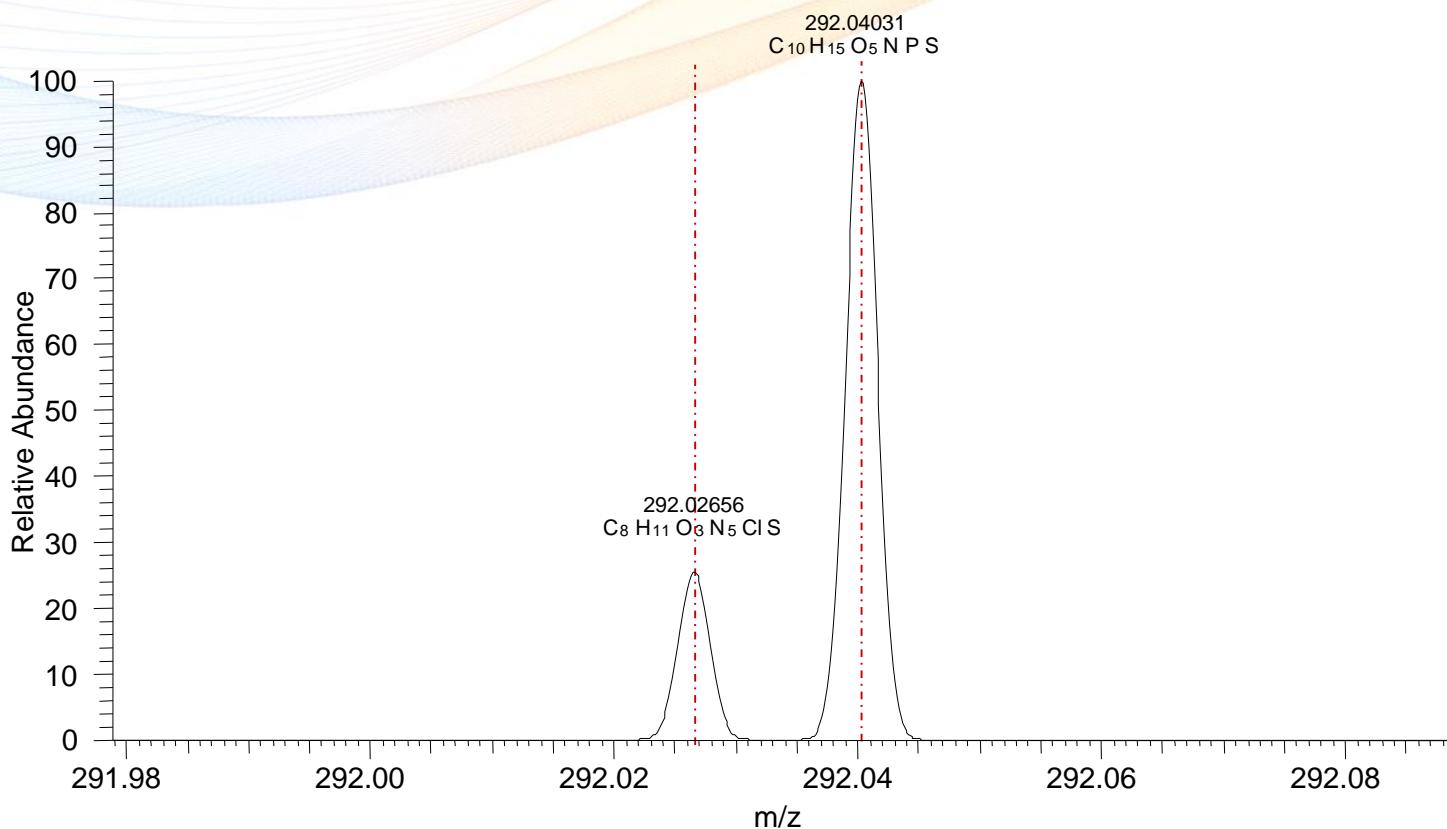
50,000 (Mix 1:3)

Resolution 50,000



100,000 (Mix 1:3)

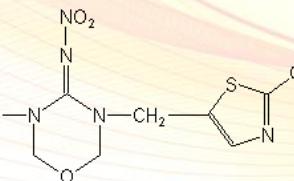
Resolution 100,000



Risoluzione e accuratezza

Thiamethoxam

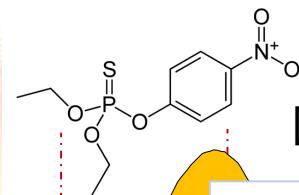
$[M+H]^+ = 292.02656$



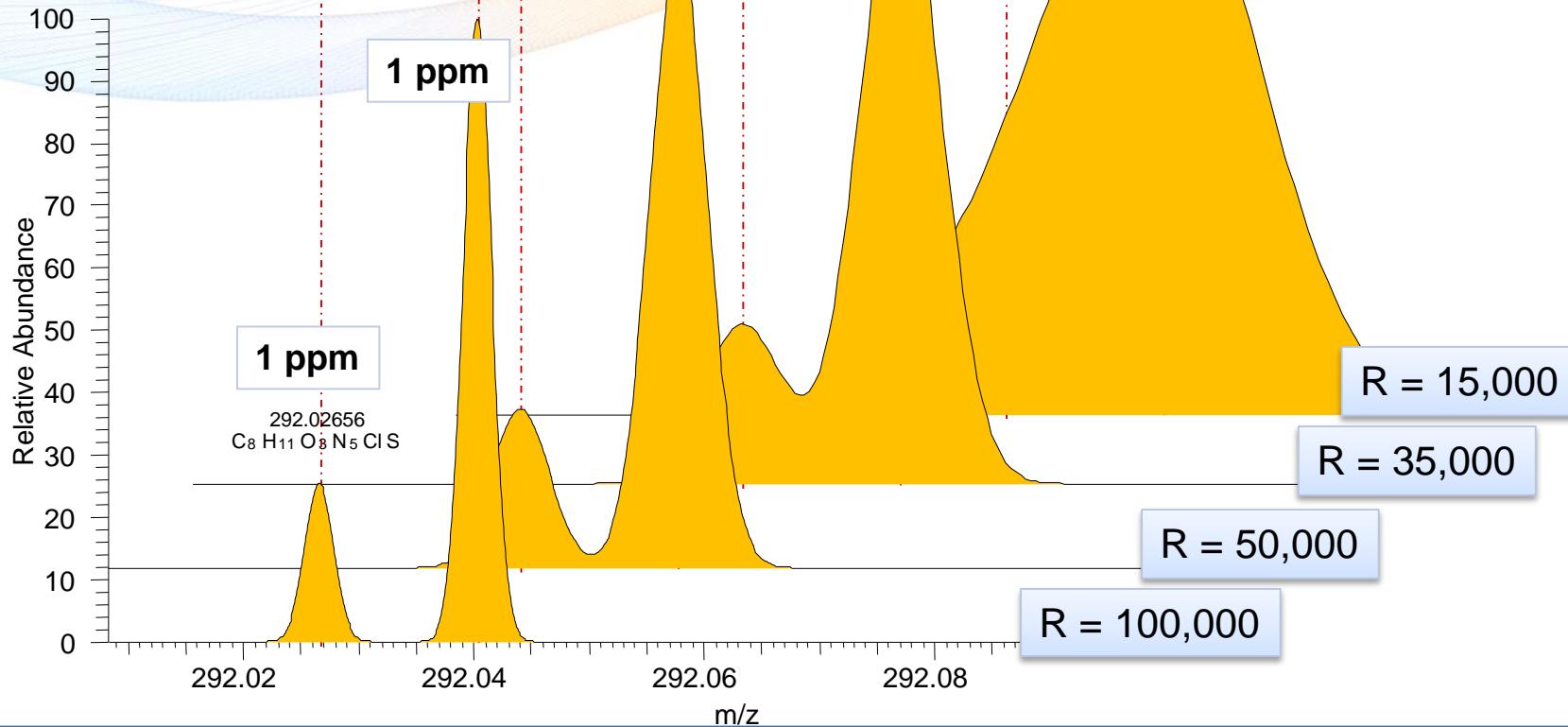
Δm
0.0138 Da

Parathion

$[M+H]^+ = 292.04031$



5 ppm



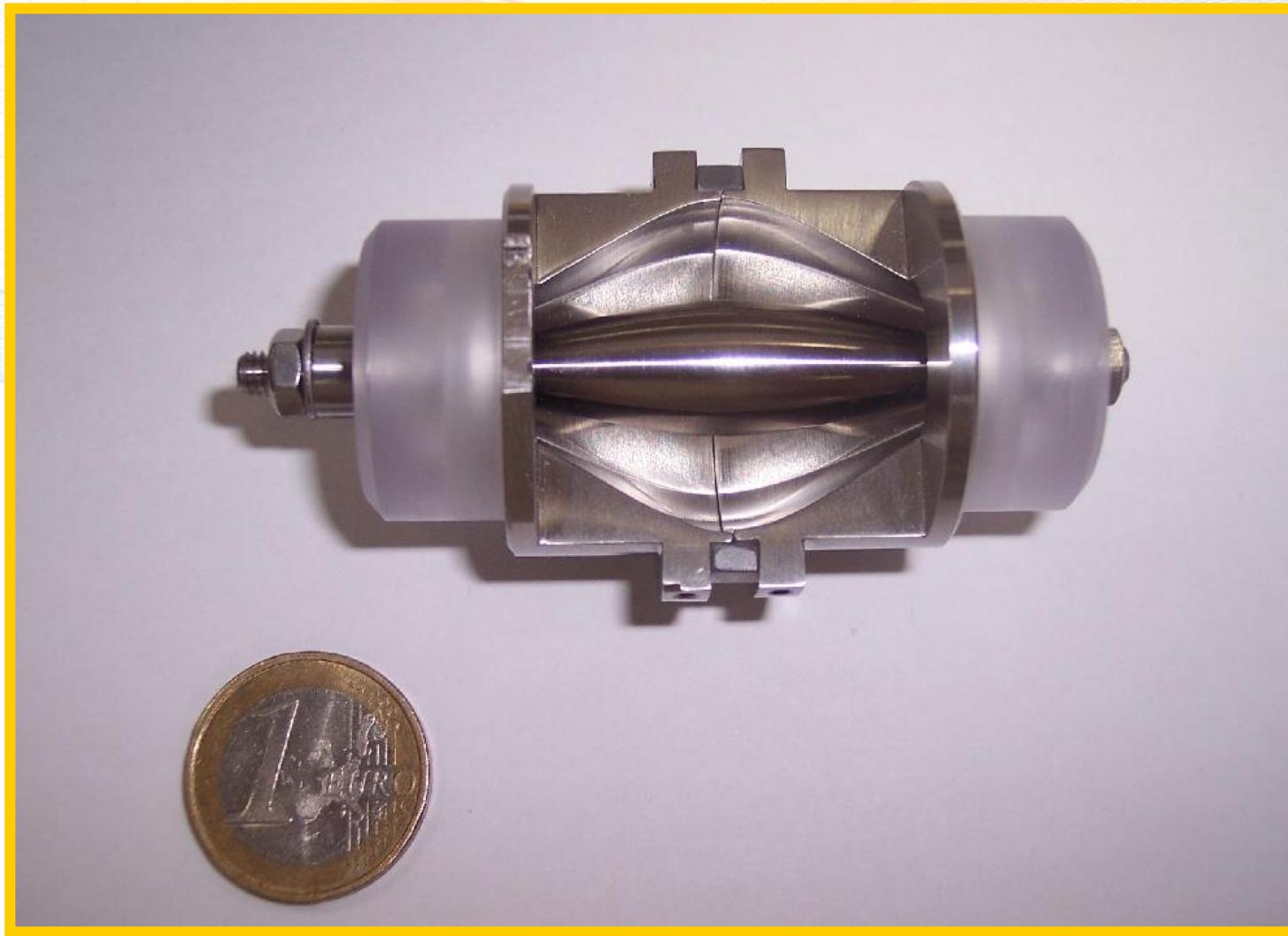
Innovation Applied

La tecnologia Orbitrap™ applicata alla LCMS

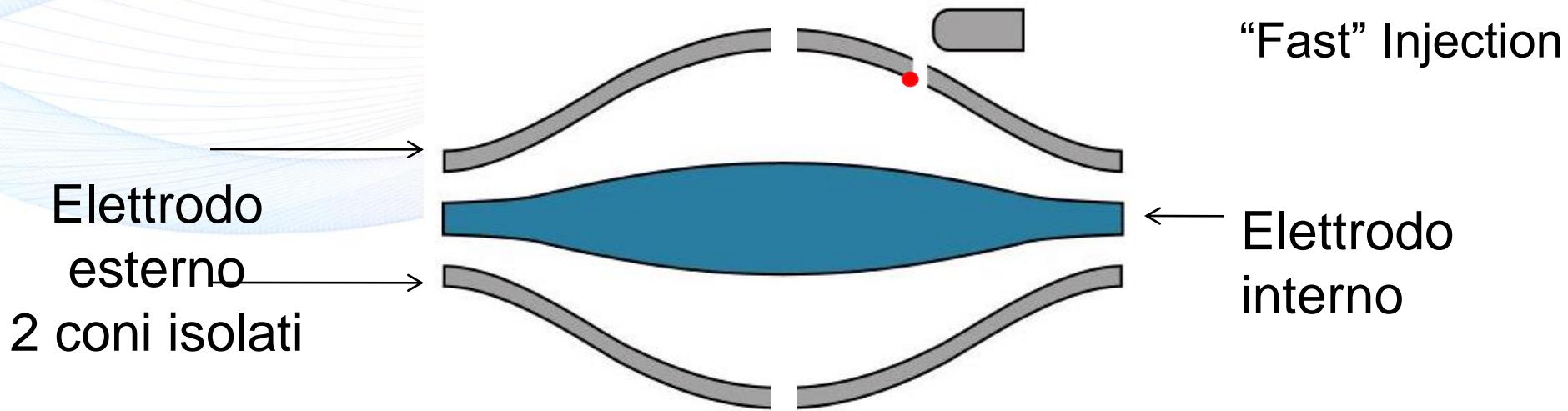


The world leader in serving science

nello sito produttivo di Brema venne quindi prodotto
l' Orbitrap



Dove gli ioni ruotano in un campo elettrico...



...ed il segnale è elaborato dalla Fourier-transform

In breve Orbitrap significa:

- Altissima Risoluzione
- Accuratezza di massa e sua stabilità
- Sensibilità
- Range dinamico
- Acquisizioni Full Scan
- Analisi retrospettiva